Name: Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination (Online) – January, 2021

Program: BBA (FT) Semester:I

Subject/Course: Business Accounting
Course Code: FINC 1001

Max. Marks: 100
Duration: 3 Hours

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

The Question Paper shall have three sections (A, B, C)

Q.No	Section A (MCQ) 6 Question of 5 Marks each	Marks
Q.1	Following is not one of the main rules of accounting? a) Debit the receiver credit the giver b) Debit what comes in credit what goes out c) Debit all expenses and losses and credit all gain and incomes d) Debit all Profit and loss and credit all income and expenditures.	5
Q.2	Which of the Following statement is not True? a) All expenses & losses are debited to P/L a/c b) All gains and incomes are credited to P/L a/c c) All items appearing in the Trial Balance are shown in the Balance Sheet d) Ledger accounts are prepared after preparing Journal books.	5
Q.3	Depletion method is suitable for charging depreciation in case of: a) Live stock b) Plant & Machinery c) Coal Mines d) Land & Building	5
Q.4	If the profit is 25% of the cost price then it is: a. 20% of the selling price b. 25% of the selling price c. 33% of the selling price d. 30% of the selling price	5
Q.5	To test the liquidity of a concern which of the following ratio is useful? a. Acid test ratio b. Debt equity ratio c. current ratio d. Debtors turnover ratio	5

Q.6	Following is the procedure for preparing the Financial Statement of the company? a. Ledger – trial balance – journal balance sheet b. Journal – balance sheet – ledger – trial balance c. balance sheet – trial balance – ledger – journal d. journal – ledger – trial balance – balance sheet				5
	Section B (sca	an & upload)	5 Question of 10 Marks	each	
	From the following balance sheet of a company, calculate 1 debt equity ratio, 2 total assets to debt ratio 3. Proprietary ratio 4. Acid Test Ratio 5. Current Ratio Balance Sheet of X ltd as on 31.3.2019				
	Preference Share Capital	7,00,000	Plant and Machinery	9,00,000	
	Equity Share Capital	8,00,000	Land and Building	4,20,000	
0.7	Reserves	1,50,000	Motor Car	4,00,000	10
Q.7	Debentures	3,50,000	Furniture	2,00,000	10
	Current Liability	2,00,000	Stock	90,000	
			Debtors	80,000	
			Cash and Bank	1,00,000	
			Discount on Issue of Shares	10,000	
		22,00,000		22,00,000	
Q.8	From the following particulars, j				
	 Current ratio 2 working capital Rs.4000 				
	working capital Rs.4000capital block to current a				
	4. fixed assets to turnover	10			
	5. sales cash/ credit 1:2				
	6. debenture/ share capital				
	7. stock velocity 2 months				

	8. creditors velocity 2 mor	nths			
	9. debtors velocity 2 months				
	10. gross profit ratio 25% on sales				
	11. CAPITAL BLOCK:				
	Net profit 10% of turno	ver			
	Reserves 2.5% of turno	ver			
	Note:-Working notes should for	m part of your Answ	er		
Q.9	Discuss the importance of Break-even Analysis for company, what all important things can be				10
Q.10	computed. Explain with taking hypothetical figures. Prepare a format of cash flow statement as per indirect method.				10
Q.11	State the reason why Analysis of financial statements is important? Normaly what does annual				10
	Section C (scan & upload)1 Question of 20 Marks each (Attempt any one)				
	From the Trial balance given below Prepare trading and profit / loss account and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st March 2019. Dr. Cr.				
	Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	
	Purchases	2,00,000	Sales	3,00,000	
	Sales Return	35000	Purchase return	25,000	
	Office expenses	25000	Discount received	90,000	
	Debtors	15000	Creditors	55,000	
	Land & Building	1,00,000	Capital	4,50,000	
Q.12	Furniture & Fittings	4,15,500	Interest received	15,000	20
	Fuel & Power	9,500			
	Cash in hand	12,500,			
	Cash at bank	12,500			
	Drawings	50,000			
	Salary & Wages	15,000			
	Opening stock	45,000			
	1	9,35,000	Total	9,35,000	

	Following are adjustment:				
	1. Closing stock is valued at 65000 which has its market value of Rs.75000				
	2. Furniture & Fittings is to be depreciated @20% P.A.				
	3. Write off Rs. 1500 as Bad debts .	_			
	4. Outstanding office expenses for the year amounted to Rs.2500				
	5. Interest received in advance amounted to Rs.5000				
	OR				
	A company having a net working capital of Rs.				
	following financial ratio's and performance				
	Current Ratio	2.4:1			
	Liquidy Ratio	1.6:1			
	Inventory turnover (on cost of sales)	8			
0.10	Gross profit on sales	20%	20		
Q.12	Credit allowed (months)	1.5	20		
	The company's fixed assets are equiva amounted to 40% of share capital.				
	Prepare the Balance Sheet of the company as				