


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, May 2024			
Course: Corporate Governance Program: BA/BBA/BCOM LLB Course Code: CLCP 3002		Semester: 6th Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: 1. Read all questions carefully before attempting. Answers are expected to be crisp and relevant to the point.			
SECTION A (5Qx2M=10Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	What are the legislations governing Corporate Governance in India?	2	CO1
Q 2	Write a short note on Stewardship Theory of Corporate Governance.	2	CO 1
Q 3	What do you understand by CSR?	2	CO 1
Q 4	Differentiate between Shareholder Activism and Shareholder Democracy.	2	CO 2
Q 5	Briefly discuss about corporate frauds.	2	CO 2
SECTION B (4Qx5M= 20 Marks)			
Q 1	Corporate governance practices in a company should ensure creation, management and sharing of wealth among different stakeholders of the company. Express your opinion.	5	CO2
Q 2	Minority Shareholders were often neglected prior to the enactment of Companies Act, 2013. Considering this statement, discuss three rights which have been recognized in respect of minority shareholders in India.	5	CO3
Q 3	How would you interpret the “shareholder vs. stakeholder” dichotomy in a corporate governance framework.	5	CO3
Q 4	Drawing inspiration from the OECD principles on corporate governance, discuss the best practices that can be applicable across jurisdictions.	5	CO4
SECTION-C (2Qx10M=20 Marks)			
Q 1	“A good corporate governance framework and sound corporate practices are key pre-requisites for companies and countries that wish to	10	CO4

	attract and retain the capital they need for investment and economic growth”. Elaborate upon this statement.		
Q 2	In achieving the goal of corporate transparency, elucidate the role of stakeholders and Board of Directors.	10	CO5
	SECTION -D (2Q x25M=50 Marks)		
Q12	Considering the evolving corporate landscape in India, do you think the enactment of comprehensive legislation on corporate governance is essential to ensure the integrity and sustainability of businesses operating within the country? What potential challenges and benefits do you foresee in implementing such legislation, and how might it impact the overall business environment and investor confidence in India?	25	CO5
Q13	Imagine you're advising a newly appointed CEO of a large Indian corporation. They're eager to implement measures to prevent corruption and insider trading within their board of directors. How would you outline the crucial role of corporate governance in addressing these issues? Discuss specific strategies such as establishing robust internal controls, conducting regular ethics training for board members, implementing strict disclosure policies, and fostering a culture of transparency and accountability. Additionally, emphasize the importance of aligning these efforts with existing regulatory frameworks to ensure compliance and mitigate risks effectively.	25	CO6