

Name:

Enrolment No:



**UPES**

**End Semester Examination, December 2023**

**Course:** Production Engineering I

**Semester** : V

**Program:** B.Tech. (APEG)

**Time** : 3 Hrs.

**Course Code:** PEAU3001

**Max. Marks** : 100

**Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Assume any missing data, if any

<b>SECTION - A</b> <b>(5Qx4M= 20 Marks)</b>																															
<b>S. No.</b>		<b>Marks</b>	<b>CO</b>																												
<b>Q1</b>	List the different functions of a tubing head	<b>4</b>	<b>CO1</b>																												
<b>Q2</b>	Mention the significance of production manifold	<b>4</b>	<b>CO1</b>																												
<b>Q3</b>	Enumerate the significance of a casing spool in a well head assembly.	<b>4</b>	<b>CO1</b>																												
<b>Q4</b>	Differentiate between overbalanced and underbalanced perforation	<b>4</b>	<b>CO2</b>																												
<b>Q5</b>	List the common problems encountered during production of hydrocarbon fluid.	<b>4</b>	<b>CO4</b>																												
<b>SECTION - B</b> <b>(4Qx10M= 40 Marks)</b>																															
<b>Q6</b>	Explain in detail the matrix acidizing job design for a sandstone reservoir.	<b>10</b>	<b>CO2</b>																												
<b>Q7</b>	<p>For the sieve analysis data given below, estimate the following design parameters using Schwartz method:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Is the sand uniform?</li><li>b) Design point</li><li>c) Formation critical grain size</li><li>d) Gravel critical grain size</li></ol>	<b>10</b>	<b>CO3</b>																												
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Depth, Feet</th><th>D<sub>10</sub>, Inches</th><th>D<sub>40</sub>, Inches</th><th>D<sub>90</sub>, Inches</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>2786</td><td>0.040</td><td>0.018</td><td>0.0027</td></tr><tr><td>2795</td><td>0.090</td><td>0.060</td><td>0.0130</td></tr><tr><td>2799</td><td>0.037</td><td>0.016</td><td>0.0022</td></tr><tr><td>3160</td><td>0.050</td><td>0.023</td><td>0.0029</td></tr><tr><td>3169</td><td>0.033</td><td>0.017</td><td>0.0033</td></tr><tr><td>3175</td><td>0.045</td><td>0.033</td><td>0.0053</td></tr></tbody></table>		Depth, Feet	D <sub>10</sub> , Inches	D <sub>40</sub> , Inches	D <sub>90</sub> , Inches	2786	0.040	0.018	0.0027	2795	0.090	0.060	0.0130	2799	0.037	0.016	0.0022	3160	0.050	0.023	0.0029	3169	0.033	0.017	0.0033	3175	0.045	0.033	0.0053		
Depth, Feet	D <sub>10</sub> , Inches	D <sub>40</sub> , Inches	D <sub>90</sub> , Inches																												
2786	0.040	0.018	0.0027																												
2795	0.090	0.060	0.0130																												
2799	0.037	0.016	0.0022																												
3160	0.050	0.023	0.0029																												
3169	0.033	0.017	0.0033																												
3175	0.045	0.033	0.0053																												

<b>Q8</b>	Describe the factors that are taken into consideration during the selection process of completion fluid.	<b>10</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>Q9</b>	Discuss how the skin factor and flow efficiency contribute to a better understanding of formation damage.	<b>10</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>SECTION - C</b> <b>(2Qx20M= 40 Marks)</b>			
<b>Q10</b>	<p>The following data are given for a hydraulic fracturing treatment design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pay zone thickness: 50 feet</li> <li>• Young's modulus of rock: <math>4 \times 10^6</math> psi</li> <li>• Poisson's ratio: 0.25</li> <li>• Fluid viscosity: 1.25 cP.</li> <li>• Leak off coefficient: <math>0.003\text{ft}/\text{min}^{1/2}</math></li> <li>• Proppant density: <math>185 \text{lb}/\text{ft}^3</math></li> <li>• Proppant porosity: 0.4</li> <li>• Fracture half length: 1,200 feet</li> <li>• Fracture height: 70 feet</li> <li>• Fluid injection rate: 35 bpm</li> <li>• Final proppant concentration: 5 ppg.</li> </ul> <p>Calculate the following:</p> <p>a) Fracture width using KGD model (Marks - 2)</p> <p>b) Time of injection of fracturing fluid assuming <math>K_L = 1.5</math> (Marks - 5)</p> <p>c) Fracture, Injection, leak off and pad volumes (Marks - 8)</p> <p>d) Time of pad volume (Marks - 2)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Proppant concentration after 35 minutes of injection of fracturing fluid (Marks - 3)</p>	<b>20</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Q11</b>	<p>a) Explain gravel packing method for sand control in oil reservoirs with the help of illustrative diagram.</p> <p>b) Explain the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Load-bearing sands</li> <li>ii. Uniformity coefficient</li> </ol>	<b>10</b> <b>+</b> <b>10</b>	<b>CO3</b>

\*\*\*\*\*