


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May 2022			
Course: International Economic Law Semester: II Program: LLM Course Code: CLIB 7001P		Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: Answer all the questions			
SECTION A (5Qx2M=10Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	What was the need for an Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT. 1994?	2	CO1
2	Mention the stages for settlement of disputes among the members of WTO arranged by DSB.	2	CO1
3	Mention the main reasons for the success of Doha Ministerial Conference (2001) from Indian standpoint.	2	CO1
4	How quantitative restriction is considered as State Protectionism?	2	CO1
5	Why south-Asian counties arranged an Agreement on SAPTA during 1993 ?	2	CO1
SECTION B (4Qx5M= 20 Marks)			
Q 6	Discuss about the role of WTO especially in protection of intellectual property rights for the its member countries.	5	CO2
7	Is there any service related trade measures for the protection of members under the auspices of WTO?	5	CO2
8	Do you think that the Agreement on TRIMS is useful for international investment law?	5	CO2
9	Point out the main issues for negotiation at Uruguay Round started during 1986.	5	CO2
SECTION-C (2Qx10M=20 Marks)			
Q 10	Explain the role of International Bank for Reconstruction & Development for promoting international investment and providing financing support since 1947.	10	CO3
11	Discuss financial support procedures of the International Monetary Fund including the Special Drawing Rights of the member countries.	10	CO3

SECTION-D
(2Qx25M=50 Marks)

12	Analyze the politico-economic historical background for development of GATT during 1947 as a worldwide market regulator and its subsequent failure to fulfil the object.	25	CO4						
Q 13	<p>On 8 July 2009, the Republic of Narnia authorities enacted the Royal Decree No. 420/69 (by which the tariff treatment and the sub-tariff classification applied to imports of Soft Drinks were modified and amended, effective by 1 March 2010. Imports of soft drinks, which prior to this last date entered Narnia’s customs territory under one and the same designation, was sub-divided into two tariff lines to which duty rates applied as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="245 667 967 800"> <thead> <tr> <th>Product Description</th> <th>Duty Rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Non Diet Soft Drinks</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diet Soft Drink</td> <td>10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This measure of Narnia was challenged by the Republic of Hogwards, who is one of the biggest exporter of Diet Soft Drink, on the ground that it violative of principle of Most Favoured Nation (Article I) of the GATT. Decide the dispute while assuming that the market competition and consumer preferences of Republic of Narnia is similar to India. Will your answer change if market competition and customer preferences of Republic of Narnia is like that of the USA?</p>	Product Description	Duty Rate	Non Diet Soft Drinks	0	Diet Soft Drink	10	25	CO4
Product Description	Duty Rate								
Non Diet Soft Drinks	0								
Diet Soft Drink	10								