


Name:	 UPES <small>UNIVERSITY OF TOMORROW</small>
Enrolment No:	

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2023

Course: Project Management

Program: BBA (LM)

Course Code: LSCM 2018

Instructions: Usage of calculator allowed.

Semester: IV

Time: 03 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

SECTION A
10Qx2M=20Marks

S. No.		Mar ks	CO
Q 1	Define/explain the following terms in one or two lines.		
1.1	Greenfield Project	2	CO1
1.2	PMI	2	CO1
1.3	Project Manual	2	CO1
1.4	IRR	2	CO1
1.5	Authority	2	CO1
1.6	EIA	2	CO1
1.7	Network	2	CO1
1.8	CPM	2	CO1
1.9	Force Majeure	2	CO1
1.10	EPC project	2	CO1

SECTION B
4Qx5M= 20 Marks

2.1	Distinguish between product scope and project scope.	5	CO2
2.2	How financial institutions appraise projects?	5	CO2
2.3	Compare the merits & demerits of deputy an internal person or an external expert for managing projects.	5	CO2
2.4	Discuss the challenges in managing projects in digital era.	5	CO2

SECTION-C
3Qx10M=30 Marks

3.1	Discuss the key features of infrastructure projects. Also give an overview of typical organization for infrastructure project.	10	CO3
3.2	Critically examine the ill impacts of project cost over estimation & underestimation. Briefly explain the cost engineering approach for project cost estimation.	10	CO3
3.3	The initial investment in a project is Rs. 1 Crore and projected to generate cash flows of Rs. 10 Lakhs, Rs. 20 Lakhs, Rs. 30 Lakhs, Rs. 40 Lakhs & Rs. 50 Lakhs at the end of each year for next 5 years. If the cost of capital is 12%, should the project be accepted?	10	CO3

SECTION-D
2Qx15M= 30 Marks

4.1	Consider the data of a project shown in the following table.	15	CO4																																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Activity</th> <th>Immediate Predecessors</th> <th>Duration (Weeks)</th> <th>Activity Cost (Rs. Lakhs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>-</td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>-</td> <td>2</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>B</td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>C</td> <td>6</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E</td> <td>A</td> <td>4</td> <td>12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F</td> <td>D,E</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>D,E</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H</td> <td>F</td> <td>3</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Activity	Immediate Predecessors	Duration (Weeks)	Activity Cost (Rs. Lakhs)	A	-	8	8	B	-	2	8	C	B	5	10	D	C	6	9	E	A	4	12	F	D,E	4	6	G	D,E	1	1	H	F	3	6
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A	-			8	8																																		
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D	C			6	9																																		
E	A			4	12																																		
F	D,E			4	6																																		
G	D,E	1	1																																				
H	F	3	6																																				
If the indirect cost per week is Rs. 1 Lakh, find the total project cost.																																							
4.2	Critically examine the contribution of Infrastructure, Energy & Transportation projects in the economic growth & development of a country.	15	CO4																																				