


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May 2022			
Course: Knowledge Engineering and Expert System Program: MCA Course Code: CSAI 7014		Semester: 2 Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: Attempt all the questions.			
SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Discuss how a production system is different from an expert system.	4	CO1
Q 2	Write a prolog program to determine the last and n th element of a list.	4	CO2
Q 3	Establish the validity of the following arguments: (i) $\{A \vee C, \sim B \vee \sim C\} \rightarrow (A \vee \sim B)$ (ii) $\{A \vee C, \sim C \rightarrow B, \sim B, A \rightarrow S, \sim U\} \rightarrow (\sim U \wedge S)$	4	CO2
Q 4	Differentiate between Non-monotonic and monotonic reasoning with suitable examples.	4	CO3
Q 5	List down the various errors which might contribute to uncertainty in the expert system.	4	CO4
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 1	Draw a semantic network representing the following knowledge: “Every living things need oxygen to live. Every human is a living thing. Ram is human. Answer the query Ram is living thing and Ram needs oxygen to live using inheritance.”	10	CO1

Q 2	Draw an AND-OR tree for arriving at UPES from your home. Explore all the possibilities for your journey to the university while considering all the necessary requirements.	10	CO1
Q 3	Discuss the characteristics of an inference engine? Describe backward and forward chaining mechanism used by an inference engine. OR Describe the following with appropriate examples: (a) Tree (b) Graph (c) Hasse Diagram (d) Lattice	10	CO2
Q 4	Consider the following set of statements: <i>(A) Either taxes are increased or if expenditures rise then the debt ceiling is raised.</i> <i>(B) If taxes are increased, then the cost of collecting taxes rises.</i> <i>(C) If a rise in expenditures implies that the government borrows more money, then if the debt ceiling is raised, then interest rates increase.</i> <i>(D) If taxes are not increased and the cost of collecting taxes does not increase then if the debt ceiling is raised, then the government borrows more money.</i> <i>(E) The cost of collecting taxes does not increase.</i> <i>(F) Either interest rates do not increase or the government does not borrow more money.</i> Apply the rules of inference/resolution-refutation method to prove either the debt ceiling isn't raised or expenditures don't rise.	10	CO3
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
Q 1	Consider the following axioms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Every investor bought [something that is] stocks or bonds. ● If the Reliance crashes, then all stocks that are not gold stocks fall. ● If the T-Bill interest rate rises, then all bonds fall. ● Every investor who bought something that falls is not happy. 	20	CO3

	<p>Prove that “If the Reliance crashes and the T-Bill interest rate rises, then any investor who is happy bought some gold stock” using resolution-refutation method.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>(A) Let $T(x, y)$ mean that student x likes cuisine y, where the domain for x consists of all students at your school and the domain for y consists of all cuisines. Express each of these statements by a simple English sentence. Assume \forall refers to the universal quantifier and \exists refers to the existential quantifier. (12 Marks)</p> <p>a) $\neg T(\text{Arpit}, \text{Japanese})$.</p> <p>b) $\exists x T(x, \text{Korean}) \quad \forall x T(x, \text{Mexican})$.</p> <p>c) $\exists y T(\text{Devanshi}, y) \quad T(\text{Isha}, y)$</p> <p>d) $\forall x \forall z \exists y ((x \neq z) \rightarrow \neg(T(x, y) \wedge T(z, y)))$</p> <p>e) $\exists x \exists z \forall y (T(x, y) \leftrightarrow T(z, y))$</p> <p>f) $\forall x \forall z \exists y (T(x, y) \leftrightarrow T(z, y))$</p> <p>(B) Explain Skolemization using a suitable example of your choice. (5 Marks)</p> <p>(C) Describe the terms- modus ponens, modus tollens, and universal instantiation. (3 Marks)</p>		
Q 2	<p>Write short notes on any four of the following:</p> <p>(A) Markov Chain Process</p> <p>(B) Temporal Reasoning</p> <p>(C) Inference Net</p> <p>(D) Bayes’ Theorem</p> <p>(E) Propagation of Probabilities</p>	20	CO4