

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES  
End Semester Examination, December 2021

Course: Family Law I

Program: BA LL.B (Hons.) (EL/CL/Cr.L); BBA LL.B (Hons.) (CL/BFIT/ITIL); B. Com. LL.B (Hons.) (TL/M&EL/ LC&SP); B. Sc. LL.B. (Hons.) (Intellectual Property Rights/Food, Health and Environment Law/ Medical and Forensic Law)

Semester: V

Duration: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Course Code: CLCC 3002

Instructions: Attempt all questions. Read questions properly.

**SECTION A**

(Type the answers in test box)

Objective Type Questions/Definitions/fill in the blanks

5(x2M=10 Marks

| Q. No. |   | Marks | CO  |
|--------|---|-------|-----|
| 1      | Explain Mutual Consent theory of Divorce with provisions under Hindu Law.   | 2     | CO1 |
| 2      | Discuss objective and duration of <i>Iddat</i> period.  | 2     | CO2 |
| 3      | Mother becomes a natural guardian of her child under Hindu personal Law only after the death of her husband. Is this statement correct? Explain | 2     | CO1 |
| 4      | Illegitimate child can be legitimized by putative father through acknowledgment of Paternity. Is this statement correct? Explain.               | 2     | CO1 |
| 5      | Explain any two difference between <i>Khula</i> and <i>Mubarat</i> .  | 2     | CO2 |

**SECTION B**

(Scan and upload)

(Conceptual based question)

4Q x5M=20 Marks

| Q. No. |  | Marks |     |
|--------|--|-------|-----|
| 1      | Does India need a Uniform Civil Code?  | 5     | CO2 |
| 2.     | Registration of a Hindu marriage is a mandate as per the provisions of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. | 5     | CO2 |
| 3      | Explain the significance of <i>Daniel Latifi v. UOI</i> in protecting the right of Muslim Women. | 5     | CO3 |
| 4      | What is the status of Live in Relationship in India? Explain with relevant case laws.            | 5     | CO2 |

**SECTION-C**

(Scan and upload)

(Descriptive/Analytical Questions)

2Qx10M=20 Mark

| Q.No. |  | Marks | CO |
|-------|--|-------|----|
|       |  |       |    |

|   |  |    |     |
|---|--|----|-----|
| 1 | Shanker aged 20 years found a newborn female child in a park. He brought up that child and when the child was 5 years of age, decided to adopt it. Can he do so? Explain with relevant case laws and provisions. | 10 | CO3 |
| 2 | Critically examine difference between Restitution of Conjugal right and Judicial Separation.   | 10 | CO3 |

**SECTION-D**

*(Scan and upload)*

(Case Studies/ Application Based Questions)

2Qx25M =50 Marks

| Q.No. |  | Marks | CO  |
|-------|--|-------|-----|
| 1     | <p>Rohit marries Saakshi who is his second cousin from paternal lineage. As they were related to each other so they were not accepted in family. After one years of marriage, Rohit dies in a road accident leaving behind his Mother Shushiladevi, father Roshanlal and his widow Saakshi and their child Ronit. Substantiate with relevant provisions and cases</p> <p>a. Whether marriage of Rohit and Saakshi valid under the provisions of HMA? (15 Marks).</p> <p>b. Justify the status of child born in such a marriage. Discuss the rights of the child under Hindu Personal Law. (10 Marks)</p> | 25    | CO4 |
| 2     | <p>Discuss the validity of the following situations with relevant explanation and case laws:</p> <p>1) Zakir, Sunni Muslim divorced his wife irrevocably and then remarried her after a Month. Would be answer be any different if he were a Shia? (15 Marks)</p> <p>2) Anisa is a single Muslim Woman and wants to adopt a girl child. (10 Marks)</p>   | 25    | CO4 |