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## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2018

**Program: BBA General**

**Subject (Course): Security Analysis and Investment Management**

**Course Code : BBCF-143**

**No. of page/s: 5**

**Semester – IV**

**Max. Marks : 100**

**Duration : 3 Hrs**

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Note: 1) Mention Roll No at the appropriate place in the question paper.

### **Section –A (Objective Type)**

**(10\*2)**

Q 1 Dow theory was developed to explain the

- a) New York Stock Market Movements
- b) Dow Jones Industrial Average
- c) Security Market price movements
- d) Buys and sell strategy

Q 2 According to stock market psychology

- a) Investors forget the past
- b) History repeats itself
- c) More faith is placed in prediction of the future
- d) a and b

Q 3 Diversification reduces

- a) interest rate risk
- b) market rate risk
- c) unique risk
- d) inflation risk

Q 4 Risk lover's utility curve have

- a) positive slope
- b) negative slope
- c) convex to the origin
- d) negative slope and convex to origin

Q 5 Speculator is a person

- a) Who evaluates the performance of the company
- b) Who uses his own fund only
- c) Who is willing to take high risk for high gain
- d) Who considers hearsays and market risk

Q 6 The unsystematic risk is explained by

- a) Variance of the risk
- b) Unexplained variance of the index
- c) Explained variance of the index
- d) None of the above

Q 7 Company X has a beta of 1.5. The expected return is 15% and the risk free rate of interest is 5%. What is the market return?

- a) 6.67
- b) 15.66
- c) 10.33
- d) 12.33

Q 8 In the case of optimum portfolio, the cut-off point is

- a) The middle most value of  $C_i$
- b) The half of the cumulative value of  $C_i$
- c) The declining point of the cumulative value of  $C_i$
- d) The average of  $C_i$

Q 9 The aggressive investors buy more of

- a) Money market instrument
- b) Gold
- c) Equity shares
- d) Options & Futures

Q10 The problem with Markowitz model is that a number of covariances have to be estimated. For example, for a portfolio of 30 stocks, the co-variances that have to be estimated are

- a) 300
- b) 350
- c) 435
- d) 450

**Section B**

**Short Answer Questions**

(4\*5)

Q2: Distinguish between the security market line and capital market line.

Q3: Do stock prices have a support and resistance level? Explain it.

Q4: Assume that the risk free rate of return is 7 percent. The market portfolio has an expected return of 14 % and a standard deviation of return of 25 %. Under the equilibrium conditions as described by CAPM, what would be the expected return for a portfolio having no unsystematic risk and 20 % standard deviation of return?

Q 5: Discuss the different trends given in Dow theory.

**Section C**

**Analytical Questions**

(2\*15)

Q 6 An investor wants to build a portfolio with the following four stocks. With the given details, find out his portfolio return and portfolio variances. The investment is spread equally over the stock.

Company	$\alpha$	$\beta$	Residual variance
Infosys	0.17	0.93	45.15
Satyam	2.48	1.37	132.25
Oracle	1.47	1.73	196.28
IBM	2.52	1.17	51.98

Market Return ( $R_m$ ) = 11

Market Return Variance = 26

Q 7 Assume you are a portfolio manager. Based on the following details, determine the securities that are overpriced and those that are underpriced in terms of the SML.

Security	Actual Returns	$\beta$	$\Sigma$
A	0.33	1.7	0.50
B	0.13	1.4	0.35
C	0.26	1.1	0.40
D	0.12	0.95	0.24
E	0.21	1.05	0.28
F	0.14	0.70	0.18
Nifty index	0.13	1.00	0.20
T-bills	0.09	0	0.0

**Section D**

**(30Marks)**

**Case Analysis**

**Case Analysis**

**Q8** A portfolio manager has got the following information about several stocks. He has to build a optimum portfolio for his client.

Company	Expected Return	$\beta$	$\sigma_{ei}^2$
A	22	1.0	35
B	20	2.5	30
C	14	1.5	25
D	18	1.0	80
E	16	0.8	20
F	12	1.2	10
G	19	1.6	25
H	17	2.0	30

The market index variance is 12 per cent and the risk free rate of return is 7 per cent.