

Name:	
Enrolment No:	

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES
End Semester Examination, December 2018

Course: Energy Law & Policy I	Semester: III
Programme: MBA (Energy Trading)	Course Code :OGET8001
Time: 03 hrs.	Max. Marks: 100
Instructions:	

SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	<p>Furnish the requisite information / fill up the blanks/say “Yes/No” (attempt any 10)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Under which entry of schedule vii (Article 246 of constitution of India), electricity laws are promulgated. ii. What is “Captive Generating Plant” as per electricity Act, 2003. iii. What is “Grid” as per section 2(32) of electricity Act, 2003. iv. Define ‘contract’ as per Indian contract Act, 1872. v. What is “Fraud” as per section 17 of contract Act, 1872. vi. What is ‘designated Agency’ as per energy conservation Act, 2001. vii. Regional Power committee is constituted under section of Act viii. Who is Energy Manager? ix. What does trading of electricity mean? x. What is a Contingent Contract? xi. Can bureau of energy efficiency be sued Yes/No. xii. Curriculum on efficient use of energy and its conservation for the universities is to be prepared under section of the energy conservation Act, 2001. 	20	CO 1

SECTION B

Q 1.	<p>Write short notes on any 4.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Electricity is “Goods”. ii. Explain ‘Coercion’, ‘Undue influence’ under law of contracts. iii. Who is Designated consumer. Name any 5 such consumers. iv. Name 10 Statutory authorities under electricity Act, 2003. v. Any 5 functions of central electricity authority. 	20	CO 2,3
------	--	-----------	---------------

SECTION-C

Q 1.	<p>Attempt any 5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. What are the functions of regional load dispatch centre ii. Features of energy conservation Act, 2001 iii. Difference between theft of electricity and unauthorised use of electricity iv. Explain safety in electricity industry. v. Any 10 functions of Bureau of energy efficiency vi. Essentials of a contract as per Indian contract Act, 1872 vii. Appellate Tribunal under section 110 of electricity Act, 2003 	30	CO 3,4
SECTION-D			
Q1.	<p>Explain any 5 Judgements of Supreme Court of India and other courts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Which are the <u>deficiencies</u> listed regarding electricity supply for which petition can be filed under consumer protection Act, 1986. Refer to case T.N. Gupta versus Delhi electric supply undertaking (1993) C.P.J 27 (NC). ii. Demand for <u>electricity bills</u> is to be raised within reasonable period of 3 years Himachal Pradesh State electricity Board Versus Gauri Prasad (1997) (2) CLT609 (H.P) iii. An <u>agreement</u> has to be lawful. Explain Supreme Court Judgement. Tarsem Singh Versus Sukhminder Singh AIR 1998 Supreme Court 140 iv. Whether <u>writ petition</u> is maintainable under article 226 of the Indian constitution with regards to dispute of electricity bill. Delhi High Court (2005) (125) DLT 705 Anupam theatres Exhibitors Pvt. Ltd. Versus BSES Rajdhani Power Ltd. v. For <u>guest houses</u> of companies, which tariff is leviable Tata Motors Ltd Versus New Delhi Municipal committee (2006) 126 DLT 695 vi. <u>Features of electricity</u> Act, 2003 as enunciated by supreme court of India in its Judgement in the case of PTC India Ltd Versus central electricity regulatory commission (2010)4 Supreme Court Cases 603 	30	CO 5