

Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2018

Course: MATH 1030 Calculus

Semester: I

Programme: B. Sc. (H) Mathematics

Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

Attempt all questions from Section A (each carrying 4 marks); attempt all questions from Section B (each carrying 10 marks); attempt all questions from Section C (each carrying 20 marks).

Section A

(Attempt all questions)

1.	If $y = e^{ax} \sin bx$, prove that $y_2 - 2ay_1 + (a^2 + b^2)y = 0$.	[4]	CO1
2.	Evaluate $\int \sin^4 x dx$.	[4]	CO2
3.	Find the eccentricity of the given conic section $17x^2 - 12xy + 8y^2 + 46x - 28y + 17 = 0$.	[4]	CO3
4.	Find the coordinate of the centre of the conic $11x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 - 130ax - 60ay + 116a^2 = 0$.	[4]	CO3
5.	Find a such that the vectors $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$, and $3\hat{i} + a\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$ are coplanar.	[4]	CO4

SECTION B

(Q6-Q8 are compulsory and Q9 has internal choice)

6.	If $y = e^{a \sin^{-1} x}$, prove that $(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n + 1)xy_{n+1} - (n^2 + a^2)y_n = 0$.	[10]	CO1
7.	Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^x - x}{x - 1 - \log x}$.	[10]	CO1
8.	Find the area of the tangent cut off from the parabola $x^2 = 8y$ by the lines $x - 2y + 8 = 0$.	[10]	CO2
9.	Find the perimeter of the loop of the curve $3ay^2 = x(x - a)^2$.	[10]	CO2

	OR		
	Find the volume formed by the revolution of the loop of the curve $y^2(a+x) = x^2(3a-x)$, about the x-axis.		
SECTION C (Q10 is compulsory and Q11 has internal choice)			
10.A	Find the coordinate of focus and vertex of given conic section $9x^2 - 24xy + 16y^2 - 18x - 101y + 19 = 0$.	[10]	CO3
10.B	Given $\vec{r} = t^m A + t^n B$, where A, B are constant vectors, show that, if \vec{r} and $\frac{d^2 r}{dt^2}$ are parallel vectors, then $m+n=1$, unless $m=n$.	[10]	CO4
11.A	Trace the conic $5x^2 + 4xy + 8y^2 - 12x - 12y = 0$. OR Show that the locus of the pole of given straight line with respect to a series of confocal conics is a straight line.	[10]	CO3
11.B	Given $R(t) = 3t^2 \hat{i} + t \hat{j} - t^3 \hat{k}$, evaluate $\int_0^1 (R \times \frac{d^2 R}{dt^2}) dt$. OR If $F = 3xy \hat{i} - y^2 \hat{j}$, evaluate $\int_C F \cdot dr$, where C is the curve in the xy -plane $y = 2x^2$ from $(0,0)$ to $(1,2)$.	[10]	CO4



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Attempt all questions from **Section A** (each carrying 4 marks); attempt all questions from **Section B** (each carrying 10 marks); attempt all questions from **Section C** (each carrying 20 marks).

Section A
(Attempt all questions)

1.	If $y = \sin(\sin x)$, prove that $y_2 + \tan x y_1 + y \cos^2 x = 0$.	[4]	CO1
2.	Evaluate $\int \cos^4 x dx$.	[4]	CO2
3.	Find the eccentricity of the given conic section $34x^2 - 24xy + 16y^2 + 92x - 56y + 34 = 0$.	[4]	CO3
4.	Find the coordinate of the centre of the conic $22x^2 + 48xy + 18y^2 - 260ax - 120ay + 232a^2 = 0$.	[4]	CO3
5.	Show that the points $-6\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}, 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}, 5\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $-13\hat{i} + 17\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ are coplanar.	[4]	CO4

SECTION B
(Q6-Q8 are compulsory and Q9 has internal choice)

6.	If $V_n = \frac{d^n}{dx^n}(x^n \log x)$, show that $V_n = nV_{n-1} + n - 1!$.	[10]	CO1
7.	Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x)^x - e}{x}$.	[10]	CO1
8.	Find the area common to the parabola $y^2 = ax$ and the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4ax$.	[10]	CO2
9.	Find the length of the arc of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ measured from the vertex to one extremity of the latus-rectum.	[10]	CO2

	OR		
	Find the volume of a sphere of radius a.		
SECTION C (Q10 is compulsory and Q11 has internal choice)			
10.A	Find the coordinate of focus and vertex of given conic section $x^2 - 4xy + 4y^2 - 12x - 6y - 39 = 0$.	[10]	CO3
10.B	If $R(t) = \begin{cases} 2i - j + 2k & \text{when } t = 1 \\ 3i - 2j + 4k & \text{when } t = 2 \end{cases}$, show that $\int_1^2 (R \cdot \frac{dR}{dt}) dt = 10$.	[10]	CO4
11.A	Trace the conic $5x^2 + 4xy + 8y^2 - 12x - 12y = 0$. OR Show that the locus of the pole of given straight line with respect to a series of confocal conics is a straight line.	[10]	CO3
11.B	Given $R(t) = (5t^2 - 3t)\hat{i} + 6t^3\hat{j} - 7t\hat{k}$, evaluate $\int_2^4 (F(t)) dt$. OR A vector field is given by $F = \sin y\hat{i} + x(1 + \cos y)\hat{j}$, evaluate the line integral over a circular path given by $x^2 + y^2 = a^2, z = 0$.	[10]	CO4