Name:	WUPES
Enrolment No:	UNIVERSITY OF TOMORROW

UPES

End Semester Examination, December 2023

Course: Food Processing Technology

Program: B.Sc. (FND)

Course Code: HSND3005

Semester: V

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read each question carefully and answer

	Section A		
S. No.	MCQs	Marks	COs
	(20Qx1.5M=30 Marks)		
Q1	Statement 1: Freezing with nitrogen or carbon dioxide gas is rapid freezing.	1.5	CO1
	Statement 2: Supercooling is a property of food products. a) True, False		
	b) True, True c) False, False		
Q2	d) False, True Statement 1: When food items are frozen, there is a drop in	1.5	CO1
	temperature followed by a further drop when they freeze. Statement 2: Fish should be rapidly frozen, not slowly frozen. a) True, False		
	b) True, True c) False, False		
Q3	d) False, True Freon group of refrigerants are: a) Inflammable	1.5	CO1
	b) Toxicc) Non-inflammable and toxicd) Nontoxic and non-inflammable		
Q4	When the crystallization process takes place for a long time, the size of the crystals is a) Small b) Large c) No crystals formed d) None of the mentioned	1.5	CO1
Q5	Ice crystals in frozen meat should be formed by rapid crystallization.	1.5	CO1

	a) True		
	b) False		
Q6	Which of the following dryers is used to produce powder from the	1.5	CO2
	solution?		
	a) Spray dryer		
	b) Cabinet tray dryer		
	c) Pneumatic dryer		
	d) Fluidized bed dryer		
Q7	What is the full form of LSU dryer?	1.5	CO2
	a) Louisiana State University dryer		
	b) Low simple universal dryer		
	c) Low and slow unit dryer		
	d) Level steady unit dryer		
Q8	Evaporation, desiccation and dehydration all mean the same thing.	1.5	CO2
	a) True		
	b) False		
Q9	Which of the following is an advantage/use of dried food items?	1.5	CO2
	a) Lesser cost and minimum labour required		
	b) Limited processing equipment and minimum food storage		
	requirements		
	c) Reduction in distribution costs		
	d) All of the mentioned		
Q10	Which of the following dryers is the convectional drying equipment	1.5	CO2
	with enclosed insulated chambers?		
	a) Fluidized bed dryer		
	b) Drum dryer		
	c) Cabinet tray dryer		
	d) Pneumatic dryer		
Q11	Viruses can be eliminated by irradiation.	1.5	CO3
	a) True		
	b) False		
Q12	How can someone identify that packaged food is irradiated?	1.5	CO3
	a) Agmark		
	b) ISI mark		
	c) Radura mark		
	d) FPO mark		
Q13	Recently, cancer-causing effects, nutritional destruction of food and	1.5	CO3
	biological effects of exposure to microwave heating have come to		
	light.		
	a) True		
	b) False		

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Q14	Statement 1: Microwave heating helps save electricity.	1.5	CO3
	Statement 2: The quality of the product in microwave heating is		
	good hence rejections are lesser.		
	a) True, False		
	b) True, True		
	c) False, False		
	d) False, True		
Q15	Statement 1: In microwave heating, heat is not applied to the food	1.5	CO3
	item.		
	Statement 2: Radiation doesn't give uniform drying whereas		
	microwave heating does.		
	a) True, False		
	b) True, True		
	c) False, False		
	d) False, True		
Q16	Which of the following applications is a belt conveyor used for?	1.5	CO5
	a) Material transportation over long distances		
	b) Material transportation within the premises		
	c) Material transportation for processing		
	d) All of the mentioned		
Q17	Pneumatic conveying is done under which of the mentioned	1.5	CO5
	conditions?		
	a) High pressure		
	b) Vacuum		
	c) Fluidization		
	d) Any of the mentioned		
Q18	What is the flow rate of materials in a bucket conveyor dependent	1.5	CO5
	on?		
	a) Shape of the buckets		
	b) Spacing of the buckets		
	c) Speed of the conveyor		
	d) All of the mentioned		
Q19	Statement 1: Secondary packaging is outside the primary packaging,	1.5	CO4
-	so as to group the primarily packed objects.		
	Statement 2: Packaging can be arbitrarily classified into Primary,		
	Secondary and Tertiary Packaging.		
	a) True, False		
	b) True, True		
	c) False, False		
	d) False, True		

Q20	Why is irradiation important in garlic and onion?	1.5	CO3
	a). To prevent rotting.		
	b). To prevent germination.		
	c). To prevent post-harvest diseases.		
	d). To prevent post-harvest insects.		
	Section B		
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	List out the importance of the drying process.	5	CO4
Q 2	Differentiate between slow and quick freezing.	5	CO2
Q 3	Explain the refrigeration cycle. Differentiate between sensible and	5	CO1
	latent heat.		
Q 4	What do you understand by cooling load? List down the major	5	CO1
	contributors to cooling/refrigeration load.		
	Section C		
	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)		
Q 1	Ramesh is assigned the task of designing cold storage. Describe the	15	CO3
	step-by-step design process with the calculation formula required.		
	(10 marks)		
	What are the multiple purposes of load calculations? (5 marks)		
Q 2	Sunil is planning for a frozen food manufacturing unit. What are the	15	CO2
	factors considered for the selection of a freezer? (5 marks)		
	Also, based on the rate of formation of the ice front, how the freezers		
	are classified? Describe any two freezers in detail. (5+5 marks)		
	Section D		
	(2Qx10M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	What are drying and dehydration? Describe different methods of	10	CO5
	moisture content estimation.		
Q 2	What is post-harvest loss? Describe the reasons for post-harvest	10	CO5
	losses in detail.		