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## **Enrolment No:**



## **UPES**

## **End Semester Examination, December 2023**

Course: Biosciences Semester: I

Program: B.Sc. (Microbiology)

Course Code: HSMB 1010

Duration: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

**Instructions: The Assessment consists of 4 sections.** 

- Part A contains 20 questions of 1.5 marks each and all questions are compulsory.
- Part B consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each and all questions are compulsory.
- Part C consists of 2 questions of 15 marks each and all questions are compulsory.
- Part D consists of 2 questions of 10 marks each and all questions are compulsory.

S. No.	Section A Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&F (20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)	Marks	COs
Q1	Which is the lowest level of organization in the living kingdoms?  a. molecular level b. cellular level c. population d. tissue level	1.5	CO1
Q 2	The five-kingdom classification was given by?  a. Whittaker  b. Linnaeus  c. Copeland d. Haeckel	1.5	CO1
Q 3	ICBN stands for  a. International Code of Botanical Nomenclature b. Indian Code of Botanical Nomenclature c. Indian Congress of Biological names d. Indian Congress of Botanical Nomenclature	1.5	CO1
Q 4	Monerans are unicellular organisms. State: Yes, or not?	1.5	CO2
Q 5	What is the name of the special hyphal tips through which parasitic fungi absorb nutrients directly from the cytoplasm of the living host?  a. Haustoria b. Mildew c. Constricting ring d. All of the above	1.5	CO3

Q 6	What is the biologically cohesive unit of taxa?	1.5	CO1
	a. Phylum		
	b. Order		
	c. Genus		
0.7	d. Species	1.5	001
Q 7	What is the primary mechanism driving molecular evolution?  a. Natural Selection	1.5	CO1
	<ul><li>a. Natural Selection</li><li>b. Mutation</li></ul>		
	c. Migration		
	d. Gene Flow		
	d. Gene How		
Q 8	Which one of the following is false?	1.5	CO2
	a. Gametophytes are multicellular, tiny, and		
	photosynthetic thallus.		
	b. Pro-thallus is another name for sporophyte.		
	c. Gametophyte is the predominant phase in mosses.		
	d. Strobili, a distinctive cone-like structure, is present in		
	Equisetum and Selaginella.		
Q 9	Which of the following characteristics is unique to the	1.5	CO2
	Kingdom Plantae?		
	a. Photosynthesis		
	b. Heterotrophy		
	<ul><li>c. Cell walls made of chitin</li><li>d. Presence of mitochondria</li></ul>		
Q 10	Which of the following is not a type of plant tissue?	1.5	CO2
Q 10	a. Epidermal tissue	1.5	CO2
	b. Ground tissue		
	c. Vascular tissue		
	d. Nervous tissue		
Q 11	Which of the following phyla of plants produces seeds	1.5	CO2
	enclosed within fruits?		
	a. Bryophyta		
	b. Pteridophytes		
	c. Gymnosperms		
Q 12	d. Angiosperms  How can you measure a heartbeat?	1.5	CO4
Q 12	How many bones does an adult human skeleton have?	1.5	CO4
Q 14	Justify whether blood is blue or red in the body?	1.5	CO3
Q 15	Which of these is not included in the vascular system?	1.5	CO4
Q 13	a. Heart	1.5	CO4
	b. Blood vessels		
	c. Blood		
	d. Lungs		
Q 16	Mention if the following statements are true (T) or false (T)?	1.5	CO1
	Classification of the organisms gives an idea of their		
	relationships		

Q 17	Identify the false statements and rewrite them correctly by	1.5	CO2
	changing the first or last word only. Green plants perform		
- 10	photosynthesis.		~~.
Q 18	If our bodies were not in a state of homeostasis, our cells would probably not function properly. State: true or false?	1.5	CO4
Q 19	Statement A: The opening of windpipe is called gastro- esophageal sphincter. Statement B: Its covering prevents the entry of food.  a. Both the statements are true b. Both the statements are false c. Statement A is true, but Statement B is false Statement B is true, but Statement A is false Which of the following is not part of the human respiratory system?	1.5	CO4
	a. Pharynx b. Alveoli c. Trachea d. Lumen		
	Section B (4Qx5M=20 Marks)		
Q 1	Compare the salient features of Monera with Protista?	5	CO2
Q 2	Describe the anatomy of the cardiovascular system?	5	CO4
Q 3	How can we be sure that evolution has taken place?	5	CO1
Q 4	Which processes explain isolation and speciation?	5	CO2
	Section C		
Q1	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)  How does the body regulate its temperature? Explain homeostasis after experiencing both a rise and a reduction in temperature? What is the process by which blood is distributed to other bodily areas by the heart circulatory system?	5+5+5	CO4
Q 2	Give comparison between the following:  (a) C3 and C4 pathways  (b) Cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation  (c) Anatomy of leaf in C3 and C4 plants	5+5+5	CO2
	Section D (2Qx10M=20 Marks)		
Q1	Illustrate the taxonomical hierarchy with suitable examples of a plant? and an animal?	5+5	CO1
Q 2	Based on the graph, answer the following questions:  (a) At which point/s (A, B or C) in the curve is light a limiting factor?  (b) What could be the limiting factor/s in region A?	5+5	CO2

