| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION A } \\ \text { (5Qx4M=20Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1 | For a symmetric tensor T and a vector v , show that T.v = v.T. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 2 | Explain in brief: (a) Empirical Models, (b) Micromechanical Models, (c) Phenomenological Models. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 3 | Define the term stretches and state various strain measures used in large deformation problems. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 4 | Explain Bauschinger's effect and state under conditions it is used. | 4 | CO3 |
| Q 5 | Explain the difference between Isotropic hardening and Kinematic hardening of materials. | 4 | CO2 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION B } \\ \text { (4Qx10M=40 Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 6 | Show that a dot product of a tensor and a vector given as T.v is also a vector. | 10 | CO2 |
| Q 7 | Explain the following constitutive models with appropriate examples using the figure provided below. | 10 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |
| Q 8 | Explain the following terms with respect to the Viscoelastic behaviour: (a) Creep Compliance, (b) Relaxation Modulus, (c) Phase lag, Storage Modulus and Loss Modulus. | 10 | $\mathrm{CO4}$ |
| Q 9 | Consider a state of stress at a following point: | 10 | CO3 |


|  | 70 80 50 <br> 80 -60 40 <br> 50 40 30 <br> Consider another set of co-ordinate axes in which $z^{\prime}$ co-incides with $z$ and $z^{\prime}$ is rotated counter clockwise by $40^{\circ}$ from the x axis. Determine the stress components in new co-ordinate system. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION-C } \\ \text { (2Qx20M=40 Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 10 | A rectangular beam of size $200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 300 \mathrm{~mm}$ has normal strain due to bending varying as $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{x}}=1.3 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{y}$, where, y is in mm . Write the expression for normal stress $\sigma_{\mathrm{x}}$, as a function of y and plot the normal stress distribution across the section if the beam is made from: (a) An elastic-plastic material having an yield stress $\sigma_{y}=250 \mathrm{MPa}$ and a modulus of Elasticity, $\mathrm{E}=200 \mathrm{GPa}$, (b) A bilinear material having yield stress $\sigma_{y}=250 \mathrm{MPa}$ and Modulus of Elasticity $\mathrm{E}_{1}=200$ GPa and $\mathrm{E}_{2}=70 \mathrm{GPa}$. | 20 | $\mathrm{CO4}$ |
| Q 11 | The displacement component in a strained body are: $u=0.01 y^{2} z+0.25 x y z, v=0.03 x^{2} y+0.04 x^{2} y z, w=0.25 x y z-0.05 x^{2} z^{2}$. Determine the strain tensor, rotation tensor, and angle of rotation at the point (-$1,-1,3)$. <br> OR <br> Derive the expressions for $\mu^{\prime}(\omega)$ and $\mu^{\prime \prime}(\omega)$ based on the Maxwell model of Viscoelastic Solid. | 20 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |

