Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



## UPES d Semester Examination December 20

End Semester Examination, December 2023

Course: Analog Systems and Applications Program: B. Sc (Honors) Physics Course Code: PHYS 2025 Semester : III Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: All the questions are compulsory from section A & B. In section-C, Q 10 is compulsory while attempt any one out of Q 11 and Q 12. SECTION A

S. No.		Ma rks	СО
Q 1	Draw the volt-ampere characteristics of a Zener diode. What is meant by Zener breakdown?	4	COI
Q 2	Input and output voltage measurements of $V_i = 10 \text{ mV}$ and $V_o = 25 \text{ V}$ are made. What is the voltage gain in decibels?	4	CO1
Q 3	A transistor with $\alpha$ =0.98 and I <sub>CBO</sub> = 5µA is biased so that I <sub>BQ</sub> = 100µA. Find I <sub>CQ</sub> , and I <sub>EQ</sub> .	4	COI
Q 4	Define the lower cutoff frequency, upper cutoff frequency, and bandwidth of a voltage amplifier.	4	CO
Q 5	List the advantages and disadvantages of negative feedback in the amplifier.	4	CO
	SECTION B		
Q 6	<ul><li>(a) Draw the circuit of a half wave rectifier circuit with capacitor filter. Draw the output voltage with and without load and explain qualitatively.</li><li>(b) Show that the ripple factor of full wave rectifier (without filter) circuit is 1.21</li></ul>	10	CO2
Q 7	<ul> <li>(a) Determine I<sub>C</sub> and V<sub>CE</sub> for the network of the figure given below</li> <li>(b) Change β to 120 (50% increase) and determine the new values of I<sub>C</sub> and V<sub>CE</sub> for the network of Fig.</li> <li>(c) Determine the magnitude of the present change in I<sub>C</sub> and V<sub>CE</sub> using the following equation</li> </ul>	10	CO2

Q 8	$\label{eq:alpha} \begin{split} \%\Delta I_{C} &= \left  \frac{I_{C(part a)} - I_{C} (part b)}{I_{C} (part a)} \right  \times 100 \\ \%\Delta V_{CE} &= \left  \frac{V_{CE(part a)} - V_{CE} (part b)}{V_{CE} (part a)} \right  \times 100 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 62 \text{ k} \Omega \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 62 \text{ k} \Omega \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 62 \text{ k} \Omega \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \bigg $ \\ \hline \bigg  \\ \\ \hline \bigg  \\  \\ \hline \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \hline \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \hline \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\  } \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\  } \\ \\ \bigg  } \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  } \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \\ \bigg  } \\ \\ \bigg  } \\ \\ \bigg  } \\ \\ \bigg  \\ \bigg  } \\ \\ \bigg  } \\ \bigg  } } \\ \bigg  } } } } } } } } } } } }		
	expression of voltage gain in case of non-inverting operational amplifier.	10	CO2
Q 9	Draw a family of input and output characteristics of common base configuration of BJT. Explain the shape of these curves qualitatively.	10	CO2
	SECTION-C		
	Attempt any one out of Q11 and Q12		
Q 10	Draw the hybrid equivalent model of BJT. Give the physical significance of each hybrid-parameter involved in the equivalent circuit. Derive an analytical expression for the input impedance, $Z_i$ current gain, $A_I$ , voltage gain, $A_V$ , and output impedance, $Z_o$ in terms of these parameters.	20	CO3
Q 11	(a) Determine the output voltage of an op-amp for input voltages of $V_{i1} = 150 \ \mu V$ , $V_{i2} = 140 \ \mu V$ . The amplifier has a differential gain of Ad = 4000 and the value of CMRR is: (a) 100. (b) $10^{5.}$	10	CO3

