| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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| End Semester Examination, December 2023  <br> Course: Mathematical Physics - II Semester: 3rd <br> Program: B.Sc.(H) Phys. Time $: \mathbf{0 3}$ hrs. <br> Course Code: PHY 2024 Max. Marks: 100 <br>   <br> Instructions:  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION A } \\ (5 Q \times 4 \mathrm{M}=20 \mathrm{Marks}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| S. No. | Answer all the questions | Marks | CO |
| Q 1 | Show that the order of an element in a group and its inverse is same. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 2 | Evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}}(\sqrt{\tan \theta}+\sqrt{\cot \theta}) d \theta$ | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 3 | Find the generating function for the Bessel's function $J_{n}(x)$. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 4 | Derive the series expansion of the error function. | 4 | CO4 |
| Q 5 | Use the separation of variables to convert the partial differential equation into two ordinary differential equation $u_{t t}+u_{x t}+u_{x}=0$ | 4 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION B } \\ (4 \mathrm{Qx10M}=40 \text { Marks }) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 6 | Consider the integral to find the value $\int_{0}^{1}\left(\frac{x}{1-x^{3}}\right)^{1 / 2} d x$ | 10 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |
| Q 7 | Show that the mapping $\varphi: \mathbb{R}^{+} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{+}$defined by $\varphi(x)=\sqrt{x}$ is an automorphism. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q 8 | If $P_{n}(x)$ denote the Legendre's polynomial, then show that $\int_{-1}^{1}\left[P_{n}(x)\right]^{2} d x=\frac{2}{2 n+1}$. | 10 | $\mathrm{CO2}$ |
| Q 9 (a) | Let $V$ be the collection of $2 \times 2$ matrices with real entries is a vector space over $\mathbb{R}$, Then show that $W=\left\{A \in V \mid A^{2}=A\right\}$ is not a subspace of $V(\mathbb{R})$. <br> OR <br> If $\{u, v, w\}$ is a linearly independent subset of a vector space $V(\mathbb{R})$, then show that $\{u, u+v, u+v+w\}$ is also linearly independent set. | 5 | CO1 |
| Q 9(b) | If $V$ be a vector space over $\mathbb{R}$ with dimension 5 , and $U$ and $W$ are two subspaces of $V$ of dimension 3. Then prove that $U \cap W \neq\{0\}$. <br> OR | 5 | $\mathrm{CO1}$ |


|  | Let $V$ be a vector space of collection of all polynomial of degree $n$ with real coefficients. Then establish the basis set for $V(\mathbb{R})$. |  |  |
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| $\begin{gather*} \text { SECTION-C }  \tag{12}\\ \text { (2Qx20M=40 Marks) } \end{gather*}$ |  |  |  |
| Q10 | (a) Establish the relation $\beta(m, n)=\frac{\Gamma(\mathrm{m}) \Gamma(\mathrm{n})}{\Gamma(\mathrm{m}+\mathrm{n})}$ for $m, n>0$. <br> (b)Prove that $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\operatorname{er} f_{c}(\alpha x)\right]=-\frac{2 \alpha}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\alpha^{2} x^{2}}$, all notations have their usual meaning. | 20 | CO4 |
| Q 11 | Use the separation of variables, to find the solution of the Laplace equation $u_{x x}+u_{y y}=0$, under the boundary conditions $\begin{gathered} u(x, 0)=0, \quad(0<x<2) \\ u(x, 1)=0, \quad(0<x<2) \\ u(0, y)=0, \quad(0<y<1) \\ u(2, y)=a \sin 2 \pi y, \quad(0<y<1) \end{gathered}$ <br> OR <br> A string is stretched and fastened to two points $l$ apart. Motion is started by displacing the string into the form $y=k\left(l x-x^{2}\right)$ from which it is released at time $t=0$. Find the displacement of any point on the string at a distance of $x$ from one end at time $t$. | 20 | CO 3 |

