Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



Semester: 1

## **UPES**

## **End Semester Examination, December 2023**

Course: Organometallic and Bioinorganic Molecules

Program: MSc. Chemistry

Course Code: CHEM7048

Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

## **Instructions:**

SECTION A
<b>(5Qx4M=20Marks)</b>

	(5Qx4M=20Marks)		
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Define hapticity of a ligand. What is the hapticity of benzene ring and cyclooctatetraene?	4	CO1
Q2	Identify x and Z for the metal complex $[V(CO)x]^{Z}$ so that it obeys the 18-electron rule.	4	CO3
Q3	Explain the structures of  a. Ferrocene in eclipsed and staggered form.  b. Zeise's salt	2+2	CO2
Q4	What are metalloenzymes? Give two examples of Zinc containing metalloenzymes and their biological functions.	4	CO1
Q5	Draw the Tollman's catalytic loop for hydrogenation of alkenes by Wilkinson's catalyst.	4	
	SECTION B		
	(4Qx10M = 40 Marks)		
Q6	Explain how is the oxygen carrying capacity of hemoglobin determined by?  a. Cooperativity effect and b. Bohr's effect.	5+5	CO4
Q7	Identify the possible hapticity of the following ligands with a single d-block metal atom.  a. Butadiene b. Cyclopentadienyl c. C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> - d. Ethene	2.5+2.5+2.5 +2.5	CO2
Q8	Discuss the oxidation state of Iron in oxy-hemoglobin and deoxy-hemoglobin.	10	CO2
Q9	Draw the oxygen saturation curves for myoglobin and hemoglobin and justify why myoglobin has greater affinity for oxygen than hemoglobin.	10	CO1

	OR What role does Cytochrome P-450 play in biological systems? Explain.		
	SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)		
Q 10	<ul> <li>a. Explain which of the following metal complexes will obey 18 electron rules?</li> <li>A) [(η<sup>5</sup> - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)Fe(CO)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub></li> <li>B) [(η<sup>5</sup> - C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)Mo(CO)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub><sup>2-</sup></li> <li>C) [Ir(CO)<sub>2</sub> Br<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2+</sup></li> <li>D) Os(CO)(≡ CPh)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> CI</li> <li>b. Draw the molecular orbital diagram of carbonyl (CO). Why CO</li> </ul>	10+10	CO4
Q11	<ul> <li>a carbonyl is considered a good σ-donor as well as a good π-acceptor ligand.</li> <li>a. Differentiate between the dissociate substitution and associate substitution reactions of metal carbonyls. Write suitable examples.</li> <li>b. A green Chromium Compound A on fusion with alkali gives a yellow compound B which on acidification gives an orange-colored Compound C which on treatment with NH4Cl, gives another orange-colored product D. The product D on strong heating decomposes to gives back compound A. Identify A, B, C and D write down the equations involved in these chemical reactions.</li> </ul>	10+10	CO3
	OR		
	Draw the structure of chlorophyll. What role does it play during photosynthesis? Discuss in detail.	20	CO4