| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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| Course <br> Progra <br> +Elect <br> Course <br> Instruc | End Semester Examination, December 2023 Engineering Mathematics I m. Bech. [ASE+APE(UP)+ADE+Chemical+E\&CE+Civil+ Mechatronic Codes \& Communication] CATH 1050 ions: All questions are compulsory. | ester: <br> Mech <br> x. Mark | al <br> hrs. <br> 00 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION A } \\ \text { (5Qx4M=20Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1 | Find the rank of matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}-1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2\end{array}\right]$ | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 2 | Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{\frac{1}{4}} e^{-\sqrt{x}} d x$. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 3 | If $u=x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}$, prove that $x u_{x}+y u_{y}+z u_{z}=2 u$. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q 4 | Find $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{curl} \vec{V})$ where $\vec{V}=2 x z^{2} \hat{\imath}-y z \hat{\jmath}+3 x z^{3} \hat{k}$ at (1, 1, 1). | 4 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |
| Q 5 | Evaluate $\int_{C} \vec{F} \cdot \overrightarrow{d r}$, where $\vec{F}=x^{2} \hat{i}+x y \hat{j}$ and $C$ is the boundary of the square in the plane $z=0$ and bounded by $x=0, y=0, x=1$ and $y=a$. | 4 | CO 3 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION B } \\ (4 \mathrm{Qx10M}=40 \text { Marks }) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 6 | Let $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3\end{array}\right]$. Find the modal matrix $P$ such that $P^{-1} A P$ is a diagonal matrix. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q 7 | Evaluate $\iint_{R}(x+y) d y d x$, where $R$ is the region bounded by the lines $x=0, x=2, y=x \& y=x+2$ | 10 | $\mathrm{CO2}$ |
| Q 8 | If the vector $\vec{F}=\left(a x^{2} y+y z\right) \hat{\imath}+\left(x y^{2}-x z^{2}\right) \hat{\jmath}+\left(2 x y z-2 x^{2} y^{2}\right) \hat{k}$ is solenoidal, find the value of $a$. Also find the curl of this solenoidal vector. | 10 | CO 3 |


| Q 9 | Find the Fourier series representing $f(x)=x, 0<x<2 \pi$. <br> OR <br> Using Maclaurin's series, expand $\log (1+x)$. Hence, deduce that $\log \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}=x+\frac{x^{3}}{3}+\frac{x^{5}}{3}+\cdots$ | 10 | CO4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION-C } \\ \text { (2Qx20M=40 Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 10A | If $u=x+y+z, v=x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}, w=y z+z x+x y$, prove that $\operatorname{grad} u, \operatorname{grad} v$ and $\operatorname{grad} w$ are coplanar vectors. <br> OR <br> Find the angle between the surfaces $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=9$ and $z=x^{2}+y^{2}-$ 3 at the point $(2,-1,2)$. | 10 | CO 3 |
| Q 10B | If a force $\vec{F}=2 x^{2} y \hat{\imath}+3 x y \hat{\jmath}$ displace a particle in the $x y$ plane from $(0,0)$ to $(1,4)$ along a curve $y=4 x^{2}$, find the work done. <br> OR <br> Apply the Green's theorem to evaluate $\oint_{C}\left(2 x^{2}-y^{2}\right) d x+\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right) d y$, where $C$ is the boundary of the region enclosed by $x$-axis and the upper half of the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=a^{2}$ | 10 | CO 3 |
| Q 11 | Find the Fourier series for $f(x)$, if $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}-\pi, & -\pi<x<0 \\ x, & 0<x<\pi\end{array}\right.$. Deduce that $\frac{1}{1^{2}}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\frac{1}{5^{2}}+\cdots=\frac{\pi^{2}}{8}$. | 20 | CO4 |

