| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
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| Cours <br> Progr <br> Cours <br> Instru <br> Sectio <br> Questi | UPES <br>  <br> $\quad$End Semester Examination, December 2023 <br> Advanced Engineering Mathematics-I <br> B. Tech. CSE <br> Code: <br> MATH1059 | mester: <br> me <br> ax. Mar <br> pt all q carryin | hrs. 0 ns fro marks |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION A } \\ \text { (5Qx4M=20Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1 | Compute the partial derivatives $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ at the point $(1,2)$, where $u(x, y)=\log _{e}\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)$. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q 2 | Evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{2} \int_{\sqrt{2 x}}^{2}\left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}+1}}\right) d y d x$. | 4 | CO 2 |
| Q 3 | Define divergence and curl of a vector point function. | 4 | CO 3 |
| Q 4 | When a switch is closed in circuit containing a battery $E$, a resistor $R$ and an inductance $L$, the current $i$ builds up at a rate given by $L \frac{d i}{d t}+R i=E$ <br> Determine $i$ as a function of $t$. | 4 | CO4 |
| Q 5 | Find the general solution of the differential equation $\left(D^{2}+5 D+6\right) y=0\left(D \text { stands for } \frac{d}{d x}\right)$ | 4 | CO4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION B } \\ (4 \mathrm{Qx10M}=40 \text { Marks }) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 6 | If $u=x+2 y+z, v=x-2 y+3 z, w=2 x y-x z+4 y z-2 z^{3}$, then find the Jacobian of $u, v, w$ with respect to $x, y, z$. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q 7 | Change the order of integration and hence evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{y}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\left(a^{2}-x^{2}\right)(y-x)(a-y)}}\right) d x d y(a>0)$. <br> OR <br> Define Beta function. Using Beta and Gamma functions evaluate the integral $\int_{-1}^{1}\left(1-x^{2}\right)^{n} d x$, where $n$ is a positive integer. | 10 | CO 2 |


| Q 8 | Show that the following differential equation $\left(x^{4}-2 x y^{2}+y^{4}\right) d x-\left(2 x^{2} y-4 x y^{3}+\sin y\right) d y=0$ <br> is exact and hence solve it. | 10 | CO 4 |
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| Q 9 | A competitive interaction is described by the Lotka-Volterra competition model $\begin{aligned} x^{\prime} & =0.01 x(100-x-y) \\ y^{\prime} & =0.05 y(60-y-0.2 x) \end{aligned}$ <br> Find all critical points of the system. | 10 | CO5 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION-C } \\ \text { (2Qx20M=40 Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Q 10 | (i) Find $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{curl} \bar{A})$, if $\bar{A}=x^{2} y \hat{\imath}-2 x z \hat{\jmath}+2 y z \hat{k}$ at the point $(1,0,2)$. <br> (ii) Find the directional derivative of $\phi=x y^{2}+y z^{2}$ at the point $(2,-1,1)$ in the direction of the vector $\hat{\imath}+2 \hat{\jmath}+2 \hat{k}$. <br> OR <br> State Green's theorem. Verify Green's theorem for $\oint_{C}\left[\left(x^{2}-2 x y\right) d x+\right.$ $\left.\left(x^{2} y+3\right) d y\right]$ where $C$ is the boundary of the region bounded by the parabola $y=x^{2}$ and the line $y=x$. | 20 | CO 3 |
| Q 11 | (i) Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve the following differential equation: $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+3 \frac{d y}{d x}+2 y=x+\cos x$ <br> (ii) Find the general solution of the following differential equation: $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+6 \frac{d y}{d x}+9 y=(2023)^{x}-\log _{e}(2024)$ | 10+10 | CO 4 |

