Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

**End Semester Examination, December 2023** 

**Course: Project Management** 

Semester: V

Program: BBA (HRM\_MKTG\_OM) Time : 03 hrs.

**Course Code: LSCM 3001** Max. Marks: 100

**Instructions: All questions are compulsory.** 

| SECTION A          |
|--------------------|
| 0Qx2M=20Marks      |
| erms mentioned bel |

| S. No. | Describe the various terms mentioned below.  | Marks | CO  |
|--------|--|-------|-----|
| Q 1    | Project lifecycle  | 2     | CO1 |
| Q 2    | Project Scope  | 2     | CO1 |
| Q 3    | Cost-Benefit Analysis  | 2     | CO1 |
| Q 4    | Return on Investment (ROI)   |       | CO1 |
| Q 5    | Payback Period   |       | CO1 |
| Q 6    | Sensitivity Analysis   |       | CO1 |
| Q 7    | Project financial analysis   |       | CO1 |
| Q 8    | Project organization   |       | CO1 |
| Q 9    | Critical path method (CPM)   | 2     | CO1 |
| Q 10   | Work break-down structure (WBS)  | 2     | CO1 |
|        | SECTION B  |       | I   |
|        | 4Qx5M = 20 Marks   |       |     |
| Q 1    | How does a well-defined project contribute to its successful execution?  Provide examples.  5  |       | CO2 |
| Q 2    | Define the role and responsibilities of a project manager.   | 5     | CO1 |
| Q 3    | Explain the difference between financial feasibility and operational feasibility in the context of project feasibility analysis.   | 5     | CO1 |
| Q 4    | Differentiate between NPV (Net Present Value) and IRR (Internal Rate of Return) as methods for project valuation.  | 5     | CO2 |
|        | SECTION-C  |       |     |
|        | 3Qx10M=30 Marks  |       |     |
| Q 1    | Classify projects based on different criteria, such as size, complexity, and industry. For each type, discuss the unique challenges and considerations that project managers may encounter. Provide real-world examples to | 10    | CO2 |

|     | 3Qx10M=30 Marks  |     |     |
|-----|--|-----|-----|
| Q 1 | Classify projects based on different criteria, such as size, complexity, and |     |     |
|     | industry. For each type, discuss the unique challenges and considerations    | 10  | CO2 |
|     | that project managers may encounter. Provide real-world examples to          | _ • |     |
|     | support your classification.   |     |     |

| Q 2              | Apply the concept of sens identifying and explaining project outcomes.          |  | CO3 |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Q3               | Compare and contrast the M<br>Project Organization, provi<br>be most effective. |  | CO2 |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | SECTION-D   |  |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2Qx15M= 30 Marks |   |  |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q 1              |   | Project Cost Baseline report, including a performance indicators. Justify your choices |     | CO3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q 2              | Estimate times for the jobs/  |  |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | Job A B C I   | E FGH IJKL   |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | Time (weeks) 13 5 8 1   | 0 9 7 7 12 8 9 4 17  | 1.5 | GO4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | The constraints governing t   | 15   | CO4 |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | A and B are start jobs; A de  | G  |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | depends upon C; H depend  |  |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | on K; K depends on L; G network diagram, determine                              | ne   |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |