Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, December 2023

Course: Indian Administration II

Program: BA Public Policy

Semester: V

Time: 3 hrs

Course Code: BAPP3001 Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Please read the questions carefully before answering.

SECTION A 20Marks				
S. No.		Mark s	СО	
Q 1	Which among these is not recommended by Satish Chandra Committee (1988-89)?  1. Introduction of Essay Paper of 200 marks  2. Increase interview test marks from 250 to 300  3. Total marks would be 2300  4. Introduce military services as an optional	2	CO2	
Q 2	Which one of the following is not correctly paired?  a). Ari Mitra — Friend of enemy  b). Mayo Resolution — Introduce bicameral legislature  c). daroga-i-topkhana — In charge of artillery  d). Parganas — Administrative Units	2	CO2	
Q 3	Which among these does not reconcile with the role responsibilities for ministers, as elicited by Luc Verhey?  a. High sensitivity for political issues b. Providing guidelines i.e. goals for respective ministries/departments c. Supervising and amending, if necessary d. Explaining goals and purposes to subordinates	2	CO3, CO4	
Q 4	Which among these is not a reason, cited by the 2 <sup>nd</sup> ARC Report (2005-06), for the proliferation of corruption within India?  a. Pre-existing asymmetrical power distribution in the society b. Colonial legacy of arbitrary use of power c. Lack of political will on the part of politicians d. Selection of policies which put citizens at the mercy of administrators	2	CO1	
Q 5	Which among these, does not come under the <i>Code of Ethics</i> for Ministers?  a). Upholding standards of constitutional and ethical conduct	2	CO1	

	<ul><li>b). No use of governmental resources for personal activities</li><li>c). Appropriation of official position</li></ul>			
	d). Act objectively, diligently, fair and just manner			
	a). Net objectively, unigently, rail and just manner			
Q 6	Which among these is an apt formula for decoding corruption, as per 4 <sup>th</sup> Report of Second			
	Administrative Reforms Commission?			
	a. Monopoly – Accountability + Discretion	2	CO1	
	<ul><li>b. Monopoly + Discretion - Accountability</li><li>c. Accountability + Monopoly - Discretion</li></ul>			
	c. Accountability + Monopoly - Discretion			
Q 7	Which among these do(es) not sound like statement(s) made by Max Weber regarding			
	Traditional Authority?			
	a. There exists free contractual relationship among the administrative staff and there			
	is no appropriation of office.			
	b. The object of obedience is the personal authority of the individual, which he/she			
	enjoys by virtue of precedents and traditionally transmitted rules.  c. The administrative staff is personally free, yet subject to impersonal official	2	CO4	
	obligations.			
	d. The relationship between administrative staff and chief is based on personal loyalty			
	to the chief.			
	Options: AD AC BD CD Only A Only D			
Q 8	Rank these e-Governance Initiatives from high priority to low priority as per the			
	recommendations of 11 <sup>th</sup> Report of Second ARC.			
	1. Allow payments / online transactions	_	004	
	2. Initiatives in which creation of database in not a pre-requisite	2	CO1	
	3. Initiatives which require creation and integration of complex database			
	<ul><li>4. Initiatives should provide timely and useful information to citizens</li><li>5. Allow verification of data submitted</li></ul>			
	3. Allow Verification of data sublifitted			
Q 9	Which of these statements is not true with reference to UPSC?			
	a. Members are appointed by the president			
	b. Tenure is 6 years in office or 65 years of age			
	c. Can resign by addressing the letter to a judge of supreme court	2	CO2	
	d. Members can be removed on grounds of insolvency, infirmity of mind or body and			
	misbehaviour.			
0.10	Politicization is the substitution of political criteria by a marit based criterian for salection			
Q 10	Politicization is the substitution of political criteria by a merit-based criterion for selection, retention, promotion, reward-distribution and disciplining of members. This statement is			
	True or False?	2	CO4	
SECTION B				
20 Marks				
Q 11	Under the legal framework for fighting corruption, mention the five types of offences that	5	CO1, CO2	
_	were recommended for due recognition by 2 <sup>nd</sup> ARC Report, 2005-06.			

Q 12	We discussed five types of politicization. Out of these five, which two do you think have a strong foothold within Indian administration and why? Support our answer with adequate examples.	5	CO2, CO4
Q 13	Critically analyze any five dominant recommendations made by 2 <sup>nd</sup> ARC in its 12 <sup>th</sup> Report on Citizen-Centric Administration.	5	CO2, CO3
Q 14	What is social auditing? Critically analyze its functioning with reference to Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act. It is a successful endeavour or a wasteful one? Give reasons in support of your answer.	5	CO1, CO3
	SECTION-C 30 Marks		
Q 15	With reference to Citizens' Charter, mention any 5 principles which you feel the Indian Administration fails to adhere to, despite promising, while delivering services to citizens. Give examples for each reference.	10	CO2, CO3
Q 16	What were the major areas of concern within the <i>Generalist versus Specialist</i> debate? According to T.R. Raghunandan and Praveen Kishore, how can these be resolved? Analyze at least 3 plausible solutions in detail, either supporting or challenging them and give reasons in support of your choice(s).	10	CO2, CO3
Q 17	Explain the salient features of legal rational authority, as proposed by Max Weber in <i>The Theory of Social and Economic Organization</i> (1922)? Mention any six dominant traits of this variant.	10	CO4
	SECTION-D		
Q 18	With reference to Ethics in Indian Administration, critically analyze the priority number that you will assign to values of accountability, transparency and impartiality. Which one of these will come first, second and third and why? Answer with the help of suitable examples and explanations of each of these values.	15	CO2, CO4
Q 19	The 11 <sup>th</sup> Report of the Second Administrative Reforms Commission, mentions the vision, goals, loopholes, challenges and improvements associated with e-Governance initiatives. Keeping its discussions in mind: -  i. Explain to me what you understand by e-Governance?  ii. What are the four different types of interactions within e-Governance?  (Make sure you support your answer with suitable examples for each of these categories)	15	CO1, CO3
	iii. Any four recommendations made by the commission, regarding implementation of e-Governance initiatives within India.		