Name:

Enrolment No:



Course: Indian Economy and Foreign Trade Policy Semester: III

Program: BBA (Foreign Trade) Time: 03 hrs.

Course Code: INTB2011 Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS:

• This is a CLOSED-BOOK EXAM.

• Cellphones / Tablets / Laptops / Books / Notes etc. are NOT allowed.

• Please ensure that you do not change the question number when writing your answers.

S. No.	SECTION A	Marka	CO
	10Qx2M=20M	Marks	
Q1	What is the relationship between economic growth and standard of living?		CO1
	a) Economic growth always leads to a decrease in the standard of living		
	b) Economic growth has no impact on the standard of living	2	
	c) Economic growth is positively correlated with an improvement in the	2	
	standard of living		
	d) Economic growth is only relevant for developing countries		
Q2	Which factor is considered a key driver of economic growth?		CO1
	a) Reduction in government spending		
	b) Increase in income inequality	2	
	c) Technological innovation and advancements		
	d) Decrease in international trade		
Q3	Which factor is a critical component of sustainable economic		CO1
	development?		
	a) Rapid consumption of natural resources	2	
	b) High unemployment rates	2	
	c) Deterioration of the environment		
	d) Preservation of resources for future generations		
Q4	What does the Human Development Index (HDI) measure to assess		CO1
	economic development?	2	
	a) Only economic indicators such as GDP per capita	∠	
	b) Health, education, and standard of living		

	c) Government spending and debt		
	d) National defense capabilities		
Q5	What is the term used to describe the percentage of the labor force that is		CO1
	unemployed and actively seeking employment?		
	a) Employment rate	2	
	b) Unemployment rate	4	
	c) Labor force participation rate		
	d) Job vacancy rate		
Q6	When an individual is working part-time but desires a full-time job, what		CO1
	type of unemployment is this?		
	a) Frictional unemployment	2	
	b) Structural unemployment	4	
	c) Cyclical unemployment		
	d) Underemployment		
Q7	What does the term "urbanization" refer to?		CO1
	a) Movement of people from rural to urban areas		
	b) Movement of people from urban to rural areas	2	
	c) Expansion of agricultural practices in urban areas		
	d) Preservation of natural landscapes in urban areas		
Q8	What effect does urbanization commonly have on the overall job market?		CO1
	a) Increases unemployment rates		
	b) Decreases labor force participation	2	
	c) Expands the job market and diversifies employment opportunities		
	d) Reduces income disparity		
Q9	Which of the following is a potential challenge associated with rapid		CO1
	urbanization?		
	a) Decreased demand for infrastructure	2	
	b) Reduction in social diversity	4	
	c) Improved healthcare services		
	d) Overcrowding and strain on resources		
Q10	Migration refers to:		CO1
	a) The movement of individuals out of a population	2	
	b) The movement of individuals into a population		

	c) The natural increase in population		
	d) The fluctuation of birth and death rates		
	SECTION B		CO
	4Qx5M=20 M		
Q11	Identify the main objectives of India's Foreign Trade Policy. Name one		CO2
	major initiative introduced by India to promote export competitiveness	5	
	and simplify export procedures.		
Q12	Examine how the economic reforms addresses the issues of privatization	5	CO2
	and deregulation?	3	
Q13	Examine how 'Liberalization' encourage competition in various sectors?	5	CO2
Q14	Analyze the evolution of Five-Year Plans over time in response to	5	CO2
	changing economic conditions?	S	
	SECTION-C		CO
	3Qx10M=30 M		
Q15	How have MNCs evolved over time, and what factors contributed to their		CO3
	growth into significant global players?	10	
	State 5 arguments against the operations of MNCs in India.		
Q16	State the primary objectives of FERA in managing foreign exchange and		CO3
	regulating foreign transactions in the country.	10	
	How did the transition from FERA to FEMA impact the regulatory	10	
	environment for foreign exchange and transactions in India?		
Q17	How did the liberalization of trade policies and the opening of markets		CO3
	impact various sectors of the Indian economy?		
	OR	10	
	How does India's exchange rate policy affect its trade balance, export		
	competitiveness, and capital flows?		
	SECTION-D		
	2Qx15M = 30M		
Q18	What are the primary objectives of NITI Aayog? State the significance of		CO4
	NITI Aayog in India's overall development strategy. How does NITI	15	
	Aayog differ from the Planning Commission?		
Q19	Elaborate on the fundamental concept behind the Mahalanobis Model.		CO4
	State the primary objectives of the Mahalanobis Model in the context of		

economic planning. Discuss the practical implementation of the
Mahalanobis Model in India's economic planning.
OR
Discuss the criticisms of the Gandhian model, particularly in addressing
large-scale industrialization and economic growth. State the
modifications present in the Neo-Gandhian model concerning the original
Gandhian economic principles