| Name: <br> Enrolment No: | $\because V \backsim \square \mathrm{E}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

## UPES

End Semester Examination, December 2023

## Course: Business Economics

Program: BBA ALL
Course Code: ECON1001

Semester: I
Time: 03 hrs.
Max. Marks: 100

## Instructions:

- Read the question paper carefully before you begin. Pay attention to any specific instructions and question numbering.
- Section A contains 10 Objective type questions of 2 marks each, carrying a total of 20 marks.
- Section B contains 4 Questions of 5 marks each, totaling 20 marks. These questions are short answer type. All the questions are compulsory.
- Section C contains 3 Questions of 10 marks each, totaling 30 marks. Out of 3 questions, 2 Questions are compulsory and 1 Question has internal choice to attempt any one. These Questions are of medium duration type.
- Section D contains 2 Questions of 15 marks each, totaling 30 marks. Out of the 2 questions, 1 Question is compulsory and 1 Question has internal choice to attempt any one. These Questions are of long answer type.
- All electronic devices, including but not limited to mobile phones, tablets, smartwatches, and laptops, must be turned off and placed out of reach. No electronic devices are allowed during the exam.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION A } \\ \text { 10Qx2M=20Marks } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q 1.1 | The statement "people should pollute as little as possible" is an example of a <br> A) positive statement. <br> B) normative statement. <br> C) factual statement. <br> D) non-judgmental statement. | 2 | CO1 |
| Q 1.2 | If the demand for green tea increases as income increases, green tea is a <br> A) complementary good. <br> B) substitute good. <br> C) normal good. <br> D) inferior good. | 2 | CO1 |
| Q 1.3 | You own The Wedding Crasher on DVD. The opportunity cost of watching this DVD for the fourth time <br> A) is zero since you own it. | 2 | CO1 |


|  | B) is one-fourth the cost of the DVD, as this is the fourth time you have watched it. <br> C) is the value of the alternative use of the time you spend watching the DVD. <br> D) must be the same as the opportunity cost of watching it the first time. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q 1.4 | An example of a sunk cost to Apple in its production of the iPod is <br> A) the $\$ 73$ cost of the Toshiba hard drive. <br> B) the cost of conception and design of the iPod. <br> C) the $\$ 80$ value-added received by Apple. <br> D) the cost of all of the 451 components needed to produce the iPod. | 2 | CO1 |
| Q 1.5 | Price and total revenue are directly related when demand is <br> A) price elastic. <br> B) price inelastic. <br> C) unit price elastic. <br> D) perfectly price elastic. | 2 | CO1 |
| Q 1.6 | The law of diminishing marginal utility refers to <br> A) a consumer's decrease in total satisfaction as she consumes more units of a good. <br> B) a consumer's decrease in additional satisfaction as she consumes more and more units of a good. <br> C) the idea that total utility is negative. <br> D) the idea that marginal utility is negative. | 2 | CO1 |
| Q 1.7 | Refer to Figure 1. The marginal product of the second worker is $\qquad$ yards raked. <br> A) 2 <br> B) 13.5 <br> C) 17 <br> D) 27 | 2 | CO1 |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



