Name:

Enrolment No:



UPES

End Semester Examination, May 2023

Course: Data Protection Law

Program: B.Tech (CSE) LLB (Cyber Law) (Hons.)

Course Code: CLCB 5013

Semester: 10th Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Marks

CO

Instructions:

S. No.

1. Cite authorities and use illustrations and examples wherever needed.

2. Adhere to word limit. Section A – Not more than 50 words, Section B – Not more than 150 words, Section C – Not more than 300 words, Section D – Not more than 500 words.

SECTION A (5Qx2M=10Marks)

		Marks	CO
Q 1	What is the importance of <i>Shreya Singhal v Union of India</i> in the Privacy jurisprudence of India?	2	CO1
Q 2	What is the COPPA?	2	CO1
Q 3	What is the ECPA?	2	CO1
Q 4	What do you understand by Purpose Limitation in the context of the GDPR?	2	CO1
Q 5	What are the SDPI Rules?	2	CO1
	SECTION B		1
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)		
Q 6	Write a comment on the evolution of Privacy in the United States.	5	CO2
Q 7	Discuss the penalties related provisions contained within the GDPR.	5	CO2
Q 8	What is Data Localisation? Why is it important?	5	CO2
Q 9	Briefly Explain the Data Protection provisions contained in some International Instruments	5	CO2
	SECTION-C		
	(2Qx10M=20 Marks)		
Q 10	Briefly analyse the role of HIPPA and the HITECH in the USA.	10	CO3
Q 11	Analyse the role of rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government under the IT Act, 2000, in the context of Data Protection in India.	10	CO3

SECTION-D (2Qx25M=50 Marks)				
Q 12	The GDPR, since its enactment in 2018, has gone on to acquire a position of eminence. The ultimate comparison of every Data Protection Law will be against that of the GDPR. How does the Indian Digital Personal Data Protection Bill, 2022 compare against the GDPR? Examine the similarities and differences. Use illustrations to provide details of any conflict that businesses might face while being compliant with both laws.	25	CO4	
Q 13	The absence of an international instrument acting as a model law or guidance document, similar to the UNCITRAL Model Law for Information Technology or the TRIPS for Intellectual Property poses significant problems. Bearing in mind the above statement, examine the position of Data Protection Laws in International instruments, India, and the United States. Give examples to explain how Data Protection is ensured or compromised due to the position that you have provided.	25	CO4	