Name: Enrolment No:						
UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES						
End Semester Examination, May 2023 Course: Food and Nutraceuticals Semester: IV						
Program: B.Sc. (FND)		Duration: 3 Hours				
Course Code: HSND 2003		Max. Marks	: 100			
Instruc	Instructions:					
S. No.	Section A	Marks	COs			
	Short answer questions/ MCQ/T&F (20Qx1.5M= 30 Marks)					
Q1	Ascorbic acid is an example of a Nutraceutical substance	1.5	CO1			
	grouped by the following food source.					
	(a) Plants					
	(b) Animals					
	(c) Microbial					
	(d) Mineral					
Q2	Melatonin is the primary hormone secreted by which gland	1.5	CO1			
	present in our body?					
	(a) pineal gland					
	(b) adrenal gland					
	(c) thyroid gland					
	(d) pituitary gland					
Q3	Which of the following contains maximum lycopene content?	1.5	CO1			
	(a) Tomato paste					
	(b) Fresh tomatoes					
	(c) Tomato sauce					
	(d) Tomato juice					
Q4	The following is an example of water-soluble fibre	1.5	CO1			
	(a) oats					
	(b) whole grain cereals					
	(c) whole wheat products					
	(d) brown rice					
Q5	The major metabolite identified as 3-Hydroxyphenylpropionic	1.5	CO1			
	acid is present in the					
	following nutraceutical					
	(a) Grape seed proanthocyanidin extract					
	(b) Tea					

	(c) Oats		
	(d) Soyabean		
Q6	Which of the following is the property of Antioxidants?	1.5	CO2
	a) Scavenge free radicals		
	b) Provide energy		
	c) Promote growth		
	d) Promote digestion		
Q7	Probiotics are	1.5	CO2
	a) Synthetic nutraceuticals		
	b) Vitamin supplements		
	c) Helpful bacteria		
	d) Digestive enzymes		
Q8	Which of the following is Polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA)	1.5	CO2
_	a) Omega-3-fatty acid		
	b) Myristic acid		
	c) Palmitic acid		
	d) All above		
Q9	Health benefits of Dietary fibre	1.5	CO2
X ²	a) Reduce blood cholesterol level		
	b) Preventing and treating constipation		
	c) Control blood sugar level		
	d) All above		
Q10	The essential fatty acids include	1.5	CO2
	a) Stearic acid and oleic acid		
	b) Palmitic acid and linolenic acid		
	c) Linoleic acid and linolenic acid		
	d) Oleic acid and linoleic acid		
Q11	containing food supplies Nitrogen in our body.	1.5	CO3
	a) Vitamin-A		
	b) Proteins		
	c) Carbohydrates		
	d) Fats		
Q12	Therapeutic activity of garlic is due to the presence of chemical	1.5	CO5
	constituent		
	a) Lignin		
	b) Bilobilin		
	c) Catechin		
	d) Allicin		
Q13	Spirulina used as nutraceuticals is	1.5	CO3
-	a) Blue green algae		

	c) Green algae		
	d) None of the above		
Q14	What does QA and QC stand for?	1.5	CO3
	a) Quality assurance and Queuing control		
	b) Quality adjustment and Quality completion		
	c) Quality assurance and Quality control		
	d) Quality adjustment and Queuing control		
Q15	Pungency of the ginger is due to	1.5	CO5
	a) Gingerol		
	b) Zingeberene		
	c) Gingerene		
	d) All above		
Q16	Omega-3 fatty acids are naturally high in salmon. Therefore,	1.5	CO4
	salmon can be classified as this type of food?		
	a) Fortified food		
	b) Functional Food		
	c) Dietary supplement		
	d) Nutraceutical		
Q17	Carotenoids are not responsible for the following hue in plants:	1.5	CO4
	a) Yellow		
I	b) Orange		
	c) Pink		
	d) Red		
Q18	Which one of the following is not part of the usual definition for	1.5	CO3
~	a functional food?		
	a) It is consumed as part of a normal food pattern		
	b) It is not a pill, a capsule or any form of dietary supplement		
	c) It has physiological benefits and/or reduces the risk of chronic		
	disease beyond basic nutritional requirements		
	d) None of the above		
Q19	Diets high in fibre have been proposed to protect against	1.5	CO4
	colorectal cancer by which one of the following mechanisms?		
	a) Antioxidant effect, which quenches free radicals		
	b) Increased repair of damaged DNA		
	c) Increased induction of detoxifying enzymes		
	d) D. More rapid removal of potential carcinogens		
Q20	Which of the following is protein?	1.5	CO5
	a) Glutathione		
	b) Melatonin		
	c) Carnitine		
	d) Collagen		

	Section B			
	(4Qx5M=20 Marks)			
Q 1	Differentiate between traditional and non-traditional	5	CO4	
	nutraceuticals.			
Q 2	What is meant my phytochemicals? What is its importance?	5	CO5	
Q 3	Write down different methods to enhance active components in	5	CO3	
	food?			
Q 4	Describe five foods having functional properties, their bioactive	5	CO1	
	compounds, and their therapeutic effects.			
Section C				
	(2Qx15M=30 Marks)			
Q 1	Suresh is suffering from knee pain due to osteoarthritis. Which	15	CO5	
	supplement does he require to make his condition better?			
	Describe why it is useful, its properties and different types.			
	(5 marks)			
	What is Melatonin? Why is it required and its therapeutic			
	properties? (10 marks)			
Q 2	Describe the nutraceutical properties of grape and its by	15	CO4	
	products with therapeutic effects. (5 marks)			
	Define functional food. How vegetables can be functional foods			
	describe with examples. (10 marks)			
	Section D			
	(2Qx10M=20 Marks)			
Q 1	Define nutraceuticals? Describe the classification of	10	CO2	
	nutraceuticals.			
Q 2	What do you mean by dietary supplements? Mention five such	10	CO3	
	examples with their advantages.			