| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End-Semester Examination, May 2023 |  |  |  |
| Course : Mathematical Physics -III Semester : IV  <br> Program : B. Sc. (Hon.) Time :03 h <br> Course Code: (PHYS 2027) Max. Marks: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$  <br>    <br> Instructions:   <br> $\bullet$ All questions are compulsory (Q. 9 and Q. 11 have internal choice)   <br>    |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION A } \\ \text { (5Qx4M=20Marks) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| S. No. | Attempt all Questions (Short answer type) | Marks | CO |
| Q. 1 | Find the roots of the complex Equation: $Z^{5}=5$ | 04 | $\mathrm{CO1}$ |
| Q. 2 | State the "Convolution Theorem" in Fourier Transform. Find the convolution of the functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ given by: $f(x)=\delta(x-a)$ and $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})=\sin (\mathrm{x})$ : a is a constant and $\delta$ is the Dirac delta. | 04 | $\mathrm{CO2}$ |
| Q. 3 | Given that a periodic function $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ is expanded in Fourier Series $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{a}_{0} / 2+\sum_{1}^{\infty} a_{n} \cos (\mathrm{nx})+\sum_{1}^{\infty} b_{n} \sin (\mathrm{nx})$ <br> where, $a_{0}, a_{n}$ and $b_{n}$ have usual meaning. If $C_{n}=\left(a_{n}-i . b_{n}\right) / 2$, prove that <br> i) $\quad \mathrm{C}_{-\mathrm{n}}=\left(\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{n}}+\mathrm{ib} \mathrm{b}\right) / 2$ and <br> ii) $\quad \mathrm{C}_{0}=\mathrm{a}_{0} / 2$ | 04 | CO1 |
| Q. 4 | Prove that the Laplace transform of a periodic function $f(t)$ with periodicity T , is $\left\{\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{o}}(\mathrm{S}) /(1-\exp (-\mathrm{TS})\}\right.$ : <br> Where $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{o}}(\mathrm{S})=\int_{0}^{T} f(t) e^{-S t} d t$ | 04 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |


| Q. 5 | Given $L(\omega)$ is the Laplace Transform for a function $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$. Write/find the expression for the Laplace Transform of the function f (a.x); where ' a ' is a constant. | 04 | CO2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION B } \\ \text { (4Qx10M=40 Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Attempt all questions. Please note that Q. 9 has a choice. |  |  |
| Q. 6 | Find the Fourier Transform of the function! $\begin{aligned} f(t) & =e^{\text {ibt. }}: & & -a<t<a \\ & =0: & & \text { otherwise } \end{aligned}$ | 10 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |
| Q. 7 | a) Comment on the singularity of the function $f(Z)=\left\{3 Z^{3} /\left(Z^{2}+3^{2}\right)^{2}\right\}$ <br> b) Evaluate the integral $\oint_{c} f(Z) \cdot d z$ <br> around ' $C$ ' given by the closed path $\|Z-2 i\|=3 . f(Z)$ is given in part a), above. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q. 8 | Given that the Laplace transform of $1\{$ that is $L(1)\}=1 / \mathrm{S}$. Staring from this find the Laplace transform of <br> a) $\mathrm{t}^{\mathrm{n}}$ : [Hint: use the property frequency differentiation] <br> b) $\mathrm{e}^{\text {at }}:$ [Hint: use the property frequency shift] | 10 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |
| Q. 9 | Attempt any one (Either I or II) <br> I. A Fourier Series for a function $f(x)$ is given as $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{a}_{0} / 2+\sum_{1}^{\infty} a_{n} \cos (\mathrm{nx})+\sum_{1}^{\infty} b_{n} \sin (\mathrm{nx})$ <br> What should be the condition/conditions imposed on the above series so that we can perform term by term a) Integration and b) differentiation <br> OR <br> II. Find Fourier Transform $(\mathrm{U}(\mathrm{k}, \mathrm{t}))$ of the function $\mathrm{u}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{t})$, which satisfies the Partial Differential Equation: $u_{x x}=u_{t}$; <br> where $u_{x x}=\partial^{2} u(x, t) / \partial x^{2} \quad$ and $u_{t}=\partial u / \partial t$ | 10 | CO 2 $\mathrm{CO4}$ |


|  | Given $\mathrm{u}(\mathrm{x}, 0)=\delta(\mathrm{x})$, where $\delta(\mathrm{x})$ is the Dirac delta function. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SECTION-C } \\ \text { (2Qx20M=40 Marks) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Attempt all questions. Please note that Q. 11 has a choice. |  |  |
| Q. 10 | Use Laplace Transform to solve the following Ordinary Differential Equation: $y^{\prime \prime}-3 y$ ' $+2 \mathrm{y}=\exp (3 \mathrm{t})$; where $\mathrm{y}^{\prime}=\mathrm{dy}(\mathrm{t}) / \mathrm{dt}$. Etc. <br> Initial Conditions: $y(0)=1$ and $y^{\prime}(0)=0$. | 20 | $\mathrm{CO4}$ |
| Q. 11 | Attempt any one (Either I or II): <br> I. Find the Fourier series for a Saw-Tooth function $f(x)$ given by $f(x)=2 \pi-x \quad \text { for } \quad 0<x<2 \pi$ <br> And $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}+2 \pi)$ <br> OR <br> II. Evaluate the Fourier transform of the following functions: <br> a) $\exp \left(-a x^{2}\right): a>0$ <br> b) $\sin (a x) \quad: a>0$ | 20 | CO 3 <br> CO3 |

