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**Enrolment No:** 



## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

**End Semester Theory Examination, May 2022** 

Course: Human Anatomy and Physiology-II

Semester: II **Program:** Time 03 hrs. **B.Pharm Course Code: BP 201T** Max. Marks: 75

**Instructions: Read the Question Paper Carefully.** 

## SECTION A

S. No.	CO	Multiple Choice Questions /Objective type Questions/One line answer/ True or False (one marks each)	Marks
Q1			20
1	CO1	If there is an injury in the hypothalamus region of the brain, it is most likely to affect a. regulation of body temperature b. decision making c. co-ordination during locomotion d. short-term memory	1
2	CO2	The basic functional unit of a human kidney is known as  a. Neuron  b. Nephron  c. Pyramid d. Cortex	1
3	CO3	Define "Vital Capacity" in respiration process.	1
4	CO4	is the function of mucus secreted by the stomach.  a. Digest fats b. Protection of the stomach lining c. Kills germs in the food d. Digest proteins	1
5	CO5	The hormones secreted from adrenal glands are (tick all that apply)  a. Aldosterone b. Cortisone c. Nor-epinephrine d. thyroxine	1
6	CO1	Protein synthesis corresponds to the process of	1
7	CO2	What is the function of creatine phosphate? (one line answer)	1
8	CO3	enzyme helps in digestion of fats a. Salivary amylase b. Pepsin	1

		c. Lipase	
		d. none of the above	
9	CO4	The windpipe is also known as	1
		a. Trachea	
		b. Larynx	
		c. Lungs	
		d. Oesophagus	
10	CO5	A full-term pregnancy lasts approximately from conception to birth.	1
		a. 270 days	
		b. 150 days	
		c. 320 days	
		d. 20 weeks	
11	CO1	A neuron that carries information from the peripheral nervous system to the central	1
		nervous system is	
		a. afferent neuron	
		b. efferent neuron	
		c. both	
12	CO2	d. none Which is the longest organ of digestive system in the human body?	1
12	CO2	a. Large intestine	1
		b. Small intestine	
		c. Pancreatic duct	
		d. Oesophagus	
13	CO3	What is Transcription? (one line answer)	1
14	CO4	is the effect of GnRH secreted by the hypothalamus	1
17	CO+	(a) triggers the synthesis of carbohydrates from non-carbohydrates in liver	1
		(b) triggers foetal ejection reflex	
		(c) triggers secretion of milk in the mammary glands	
1.5	005	(d) triggers the synthesis and secretion of androgens	
15	CO5	This happens if the proximal convoluted tubule is removed from nephron	1
		a. urine is not formed	
		<ul><li>b. quality and quantity of urine is unaffected</li><li>c. urine is more concentrated</li></ul>	
		c. urine is more concentrated d. urine is more diluted	
16	CO1	Which of these functions will be affected if the medulla oblongata is damaged?	1
10	COI	(a) Vision	1
		(b) Thermoregulation	
		(c) Memory	
		(d) Tactile sensation – response when prickled with a needle	
17	CO2	Which of the following types of cells are present in human gastric glands?	1
		a. Mucus neck cells, peptic or chief cells and parietal or oxyntic cells.	
		b. Only mucus neck cells and peptic or chief cells	
		c. Only peptic or chief cell and parietal or oxyntic cells	
	1	d. Only mucus neck cells	

	CO3	Glottis opens on the floor of	1
		a. Pharyngeal cavity	
		b. Diaphragm	
		c. Trachea d. None of the above	
19	CO4	This is considered to be the stop codons (tick all that apply)	1
		(a) UGA	
		(b) UAG	
		(c) UAA	
20	CO5	(d) AUG Which of the following is the activity of Atrial Natriuretic peptide (ANP)? (tick all that	1
	003	apply)	
		(a) inhibits aldosterone and ADH secretion	
		(b) decreases reabsorption of water	
		<ul><li>(c) decreases reabsorption of sodium</li><li>(d) increases the reabsorption of water</li></ul>	
		SECTION B	
		Long Answers (Answer two out of 3) 2X10	
Q2			20
1	CO5	Discuss about the structure of neurons with the help of labelled diagram. Describe in	10
		detail about action potential generation in neurons. (5+5)	10
2	CO4	Draw a neat-labelled diagram of human digestive system. Explain in detail about	10
		digestion of carbohydrates and proteins. (4+3+3)	10
3	CO5	Describe in detail about male sex hormones releasing glands and their secretions.	10
		Explain the process of Spermatogenesis. (5+5)  SECTION C	
		SECTION	
		Short Answers (Answer 7 out of 9) 7X5	
Q3			35
Q.			
1	CO1	Discuss about the events, which occur during menstrual cycle phase in females.	5 marks
	CO1	Discuss about the events, which occur during menstrual cycle phase in females.  Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.	
1			5 marks
1 2	CO2	Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.	5 marks 5 marks
1 2 3	CO2 CO3	Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.  Discuss the anatomy of kidney with labelled diagram.	5 marks 5 marks 2+3
1 2 3 4	CO2 CO3 CO1	Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.  Discuss the anatomy of kidney with labelled diagram.  Discuss the function of large intestine in the process of digestion.	5 marks 5 marks 2+3 3+2
1 2 3 4 5	CO2 CO3 CO1 CO2	Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.  Discuss the anatomy of kidney with labelled diagram.  Discuss the function of large intestine in the process of digestion.  Explain the function of alveoli in respiratory process.	5 marks 5 marks 2+3 3+2 5
1 2 3 4 5 6	CO2 CO3 CO1 CO2 CO3	Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.  Discuss the anatomy of kidney with labelled diagram.  Discuss the function of large intestine in the process of digestion.  Explain the function of alveoli in respiratory process.  How kidney helps in regulating acid base balance?	5 marks 5 marks 2+3 3+2 5
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	CO2 CO3 CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Differentiate myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibres.  Discuss the anatomy of kidney with labelled diagram.  Discuss the function of large intestine in the process of digestion.  Explain the function of alveoli in respiratory process.  How kidney helps in regulating acid base balance?  Describe the functions of parathyroid gland and its secretions.	5 marks 5 marks 2+3 3+2 5 5 5