Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May 2022

Course: Machine Learning
Program: B. Tech. (Electronics & Communication Engineering)
Semester: VI
Time: 03 hrs.

Course Code: ECEG4016 Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Attempt all the questions

SECTION A (50x4M=20Marks

	(5Qx4M=20Marks)					
S. No.		Marks	CO			
Q 1	 (a) Type of learning in which there is an idea about the class or label of a particular data (i) Supervised learning (ii) Unsupervised learning (iii) Semi-supervised learning (iv) Reinforcement learning (b) Which machine learning algorithm estimates whether the email is spam or non-spam? (i) Linear regression (ii) Polynomial regression (iii) Logistic regression (iv) None of These (c) Which machine learning algorithm falls under the category of lazy leaner? (i) kNN (ii) SVM (iii) Decision Trees (iv) Random Forest (d) machine learning algorithm performs probabilistic prediction? (i) KNN (ii) SVM (iii) Naive Bayes Classifier (iv) Random Forest 	4M	CO1			
Q 2	(a) The inputs of the McCulloch-Pits neuron could be (i) either -1 or 1 (ii) either 0 or 1 (iii) either 0 or -1 (iv) None of These (b) Deep neural networks generally have more than hidden layers. (i) 1 (ii) 2 (iii) 3 (iv) None of these (c) To handle intense computation of deep learning is needed. (i) Parallel computing (ii) CPU based computing (iii) GPU computing (iv) None of these (d) Recurrent networks (i) are similar to MLFFN (ii) may have self-loops (iii) have feedback loops (iv) All of these	4M	CO2			
Q 3	(a) The distance between hyperplane and data points is called as (i) Hyper Plane (ii) Margin (iii) Error (iv) Support Vectors (b) Which of the following is not a supervised classification algorithm? (i) Density based algorithm (ii) Random Forest (iii) SVM (iv) Decision Trees (c) In a classification problem if actual values is [1,1,1,0,1,0,1,1] and the predicted values is [1,0,1,1,0,0,1,0]. Jaccard Index is? (i) 0.6 (ii) 0.23 (iii) 0.33 (iv) 0.42	4M	СОЗ			

	(d) Which of the following is a performance measure for regression problem? (i) R ² (ii) Precision (iii) Recall (iv) Confusion matrix		
Q 4	(a) k-means clustering algorithm is an example of which type of clustering method? (i) Hierarchical (ii) Partitioning (iii) Density-based (iv) None of these (b) Which of the following statement describes the difference between agglomerative and divisive clustering? (i) Agglomerative is a bottom-up and divisive is top-down technique (ii) Agglomerative is a top-down and divisive is bottom-up technique (iii) Agglomerative technique can start with a single cluster (iv) Divisive technique can end with a single cluster (c) Which clustering technique may filter out outliers (i) Hierarchical (ii) k-means (iii) Density-based (iv) None of these (d) Examples of unsupervised machine learning algorithms is? (i) Customer segmentation (ii) Anomaly detection (iii) Data mining (iv) All of these	4M	CO4
Q 5	Elucidate the following: (a) Memory based Learning (b) Competitive Learning	4M	CO2
	SECTION B		
Q 6	(4Qx10M= 40 Marks) Explain the following performance parameters of machine learning algorithm: (a) Coefficient of determination (b) Confusion matrix (c) Recall (d) Jaccard Index (e) Relative Square Error	10M	CO1
Q7	(a) Explain how artificial neural network is inspired from biological neural network? With pictorial representation describe the structure of neuron and explain the significance of weights and biases in neural network. (b) Explain the following neural network architecture: (i) Single-layer feed-forward network (ii) Multi-layer feed-forward network (iii) Recurrent neural network	10M	CO2
Q 8	Differentiate the following supervised machine learning algorithms? (i) Support Vector machines and K-Nearest Neighbour algorithm (ii) Decision Trees and Random Forest OR Differentiate the following supervised machine learning algorithms? (i) Logistic regression and Polynomial regression (ii) SVM and Naive Bayes Classifier	10M	CO3

Q 9	How unsupervised learning is different from supervised learning? Explain with a suitable example. What is clustering in unsupervised learning? Briefly explain any two clustering techniques.	10M	CO4
	SECTION C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)		
Q 10	(a) Design a neural network to analyze the following situation using McCulloch-Pitts model. The situations are as follows: Situation 1: It is not raining nor it is sunny Situation 2: It is not raining but it is sunny Situation 3: It is raining and it is not sunny Situation 4: It is raining and it is sunny Based on McCulloch-Pitts model decide when John will carry the umbrella. (b) What are the advantages of multi-layer neural network over single layer neural network? Derive the expression of weight change in a multi-layer neural network using back-propagation algorithm. OR (a) What is unconstrained optimization technique in neural network? Differentiate how weights of neural network are optimized using Newton's method and Gauss newton method. (b) What is the significance of activation function in neural network? Explain with suitable diagram any four activation function which are widely used in designing neural network.	20M	CO2

Q 11 Explain Naive Bayes Classifier and Bayes theorem. Table 1 shows the arrival of airplanes in the routes from any airport to New Delhi under certain conditions. Using Naive Bayes Classifier find most likely classification for the following unseen instance: ??? Saturday Summer Normal None **Days** Season Fog Rain Class Weekday Spring None None On Time Weekday Winter None Slight On Time Weekday Winter None None On Time Holiday Winter High Slight Late Saturday Summer Normal None On Time Weekday Autumn Normal None Very Late Holiday Summer High Slight On Time Normal On Time Sunday Summer None **20M CO3** Winter High Weekday Heavy Very Late Weekday Summer None Slight On Time Spring High Cancelled Saturday Heavy On Time Weekday Summer High Slight Winter Normal None Weekday Late Weekday Summer High None On Time Winter Normal Very Late Weekday Heavy On Time Saturday Autumn High Slight None On Time Weekday Heavy Autumn On Time Holiday Spring Normal Slight Normal On Time Weekday None Spring

Normal

Heavy

Weekday

Spring

On Time