| Name: <br> Enrolment No: | $\because \circlearrowleft \square=S$ |  |  |
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| UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, December 2022 |  |  |  |
| Program Name: B. Tech (APE Gas) Semester: III <br> Course name: Engineering Thermodynamics Time: 03hrs <br> Course Code: MECH2001 Max. Marks: 100 <br> Note: Assume suitable data wherever necessary.  |  |  |  |
| Section - AAttempt all the questions. All questions carry equal marks |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q1 | A closed system consisting of 4 lb of a gas undergoes a process during which the relation between pressure and volume is $\mathrm{pV}^{\mathrm{n}}=$ constant. The process begins with $\mathrm{p}_{1}=$ $15 \mathrm{lbf} / \mathrm{in}^{2}{ }^{2}, \mathrm{v}_{1}=1.25 \mathrm{ft}^{3} / \mathrm{lb}$ and ends with $\mathrm{p}_{2}=53 \mathrm{lbf} / \mathrm{in}^{2}, \mathrm{v}_{2}=0.5 \mathrm{ft}^{3} / \mathrm{lb}$. Determine (a) the volume, in $\mathrm{ft}^{3}$, occupied by the gas at states 1 and 2 and (b) the value of n . | 12 | CO1 |
| Q2 | A large stationary diesel engine produces 15 MW with a thermal efficiency of $40 \%$. The exhaust gas, which we assume is air, flows out at 800 K and the intake is 290 K . How large a mass flow rate is that if that accounts for half the $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ? Can the exhaust flow energy be used? | 12 | CO2 |
| Q3 | Derive Maxwell equations from basic thermodynamic relations. | 12 | CO3 |
| Q4 | The enthalpy of a binary liquid system of species 1 and 2 at fixed $T$ and $P$ is represented by the equation: $H=400 x_{1}+600 x_{2}+x_{1} x_{2}\left(40 x_{1}+20 x_{2}\right)$ <br> where H is in $\mathrm{J} \cdot \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$. Determine expressions for $\bar{H}_{1}$ and $\bar{H}_{2}$ as functions of $\mathrm{x}_{1}$, numerical values for the pure-species enthalpies $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2}$, and numerical values for the partial enthalpies at infinite dilution $\bar{H}_{1}^{\infty}$ and $\bar{H}_{2}^{\infty}$. | 12 | CO4 |
| Q5 | Explain Vapor-compression cycle. | 12 | CO5 |
| Section - B <br> Answer all questions |  |  |  |
| Q6 | Binary system acetonitrile(1)/nitromethane(2) confirms closely to Roult's law. Vapor pressures for the pure species are given by the following equations: $\begin{gathered} \ln P_{1}^{\text {sat }} / k P a=14.2724-\frac{2945.47}{\frac{t}{o C}+224} \\ \frac{\ln P_{2}^{s a t}}{k P a}=14.2043-\frac{2972.64}{\frac{t}{o C}+209} \end{gathered}$ <br> (i) Prepare graph showing P vs. $\mathrm{x}_{1}$ and P vs. $\mathrm{y}_{1}$ for a temperature of $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. <br> (ii) Prepare graph showing t vs. $\mathrm{x}_{1}$ and t vs. $\mathrm{y}_{1}$ for a pressure of 75 kPa . | 20 | CO4 |


| Q7 | i. | Explain the phase change of a pure substance with P-V, P-T and P-V-T <br> diagram. <br> For liquid acetone at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1 bar, <br> $\beta=1.487 \times 10^{-3}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}, \mathrm{k}=62 \times 10-6 \mathrm{bar}^{-1}, \mathrm{~V}=1.287 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \cdot \mathrm{~g}^{-1}$ <br> For acetone, find: <br> a) The value of $(\partial \mathrm{P} / \partial \mathrm{T}) \mathrm{V}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1 bar. <br> (b) The pressure after heating at constant V from $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1 bar to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. <br> (c) The volume change when T and P go from $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1 bar to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 10 <br> bar. | $\mathbf{1 0 + 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{C O 3}$ |
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