

Name:
Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES
End Semester Examination, December 2021

Course: Well site Geology and Formation Evaluation
Programme: M.Sc. Petroleum Geoscience
Time: 03 hrs.

Semester: III
Course Code: PEGS 8005
Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Section A (Short answer type from Q1 to Q5, 4 marks each)
- Section B (Short notes type from Q6 to Q9, 10 marks each)
- Section C (Q10 and Q11, Long answer type)
- An internal option is given in questions 9 & 11.

SECTION A
(Short answer) (5Q x 4M = 20 Marks)

| S.N. | | Marks | CO |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| Q 1 | Define the Laterolog. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q.2 | Describe a note on 'Mud logging'. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q.3 | Explain the Drill Stem Test (DST) and its application in E&P. | 4 | CO2 |
| Q.4 | Define the PEF log and explain its four quantitative applications. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q.5 | Identify True or False from the given statements- a) A coring tool used for soft rock is only known as percussion SWC. b) Resistivity logs are always plotted on a linear scale. c) The HI, type of fluid & matrix and volumetric concentration do not affect neutron porosity measurements. d) Greater permeable formations build up mud cake more effectively and quickly compared to a less permeable formation. | 4 (1 mark each) | CO3 |

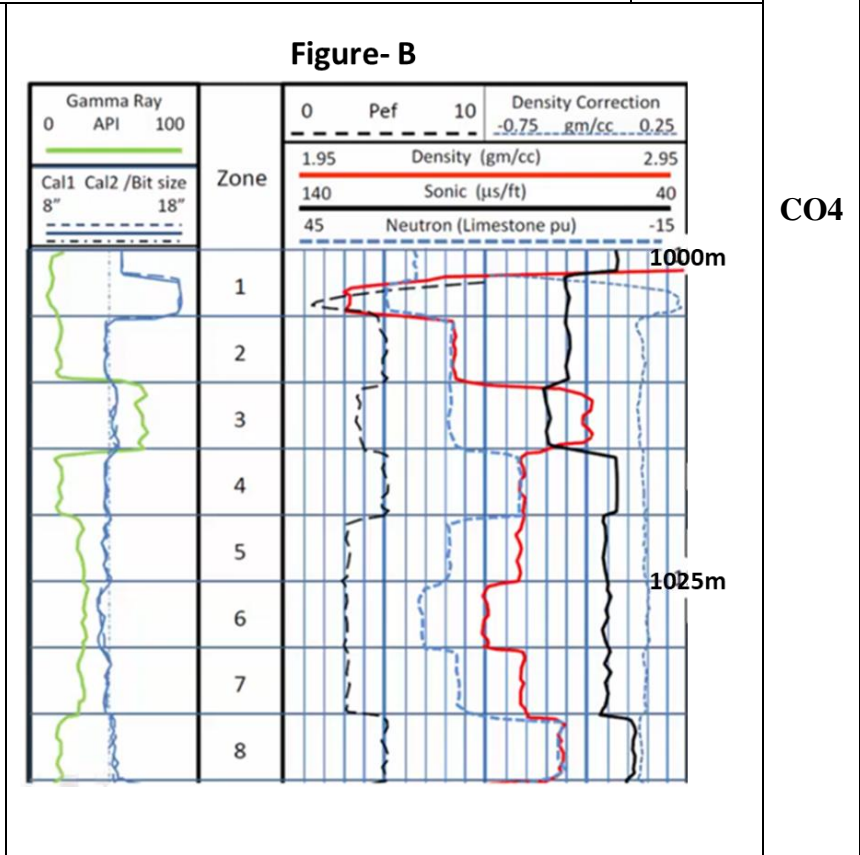
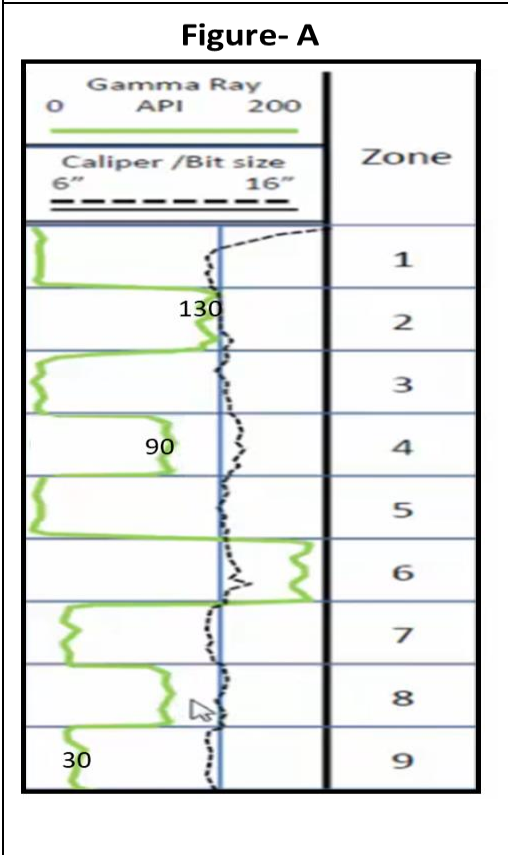
SECTION B
(Short note type) (4Q x 10M = 40 Marks)

| | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Q.6 | Describe quantitative use of resistivity log and different categories of resistivity tools. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q.7 | a) Illustrate the importance of the Gamma-ray log and its response in different sedimentary sequences (Provide the 3 examples of Gamma-ray patterns and their corresponding depositional environment). b) Explain the Geological interpretation using spectral gamma-ray log. | 5+5 | CO2 |
| Q.8 | Draw and illustrate in detail about the downhole environment and different saturation states of formation around the borehole. Explain the effects of invasion on resistivity measurement. | 6+4 | CO4 |

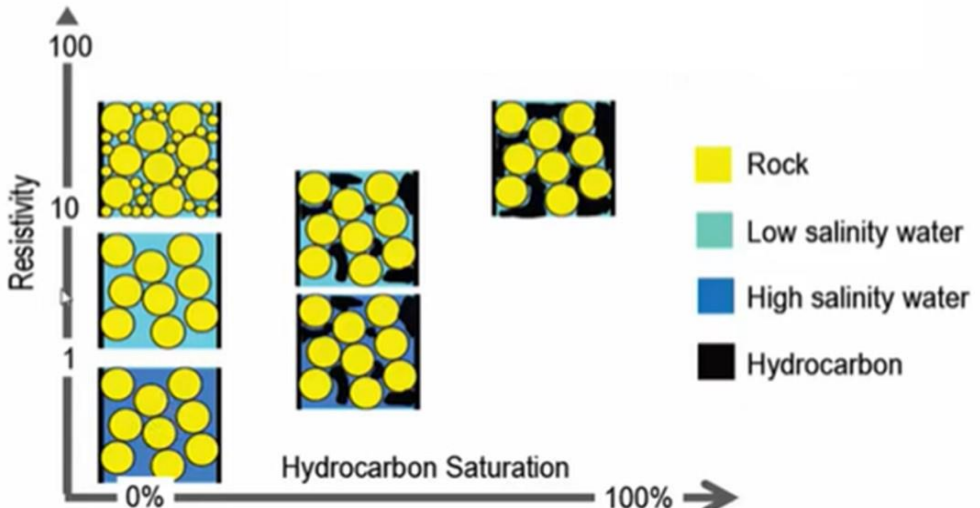
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|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Q.9 | Explain the following, a) Caliper logs b) SP log | 5+5 | CO3 |
| OR | | | |
| | Explain the following, a) Sidewall coring and its applications b) Cross plots and their applications | | |

SECTION-C
(Long answer type) (2Q x 20M = 40 Marks)

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Q.10 | <p>a) Interpret the logs given in figure-A and explain the GR log deflection schemes used in formation evaluation.</p> <p>b) Draw an equation for shale volume (Vsh) and calculate Igr for zones 2, 4 and 9 from the given figure-A. Explain all the steps in detail.</p> <p>c) Explain the different tracks and associate logs given in the figure-B</p> <p>d) Explain bulk density. Derive the formula for calculating porosity from log-derived bulk density for zones 2, 4 and 8 (figure-B) assuming the lithology is sandstone and filled with water.</p> | 20 (5*4) | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|



CO4

| | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| <p>Q.11</p> | <p>a) Explain in detail about all the parameters used in Archie Equation. b) Calculate S_w from resistivity logs for sandstone rock with a porosity of 19% and R_w of 1 using Archie Equation. Show stepwise calculation. c) Explain the relation between Rock grains, Resistivity and Hydrocarbon saturation from below the given diagram.</p>  | <p>5+10+5</p> | <p>CO5</p> |
| <p>OR</p> | | | |
| | <p>a) Describe the principles of the Density log, Its unit of measurement and Geological interpretation. b) Explain the fundamental principle and Quantitative interpretation of the Neutron log. c) Explain the Neutron-Density crossover and its interpretation for various zones of Hydrocarbons.</p> | <p>8+7+5</p> | |

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