

|  | We have a class of 60 students who study five subjects (100 Mark Each). Minimum passing of each subject is 35 marks \& overall Passing is $40 \%$. A student failed in more than 2 subjects is considered failed. You need to write a code to take input of all students \& all subject. Calculate \& print Number of students passed \& failed. |  |  |
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| Q8 | Discuss the following features of OOPS with suitable examples: $(2 * 5=10)$ <br> (a) Object <br> (b) Class <br> (c) Abstraction <br> (d) Polymorphism <br> (e) Inheritance | 10 | CO4 |
| Q9 | Explain the basic building blocks of LISP language. What will the value returned by the following expressions written in LISP: $(2+2+2+2+2=10)$ $\begin{aligned} & >(\text { print } "(/(+35)(-42)) ") \\ & >(\text { print }(/(+35)(-42))) \\ & >(\text { print }(+(+13))) \\ & >(\operatorname{print}(-(+(\bmod 104) 5) 2)) \end{aligned}$ | 10 | CO3 |
| 1. Each Question carries 20 Marks. <br> 2. Instruction: Write long answer. (Up to 350 words while explaining) |  |  |  |
| Q11. | Define a class Student with the attributes: Name, Roll_no, Mobile_no, Marks, Address. The program should be able to handle the details of $n$ Students with the following member functions: <br> a) input() to receive input for each student <br> b) display() to display details of each student <br> c) topper() to print the Name and Roll_no of topper of the batch <br> d) average() to print the average marks of the batch <br> Use appropriate datatype for each attribute. Also use a valid return type and list of suitable parameters for each function. Your program must contain main() function that shows proper calls of these functions. $(5 * 4=20)$ <br> OR <br> Write a C program in which main() gets a number and calls the following two functions: $\mathbf{( 1 0 + 1 0 = 2 0 )}$ <br> a) "void armstrong(int)"checks if the given number is a Armstrong number or not. <br> b) "int factorial(int)" computes the factorial of the given number using recursion and returns to main(). | 20 | $\mathrm{CO4}$ |
| Q12. | Differentiate between the following and give examples of each: $(\mathbf{1 2}+\mathbf{3}+\mathbf{5}=\mathbf{2 0})$ <br> a) Call by Value vs. Call by Reference <br> b) Local variables vs. Global variables <br> c) Procedural Language vs. Object Oriented Language. | 20 | CO2 |

