Name:	<b>UPES</b>
Enrolment No:	UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE

# UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

**End Semester Examination, Dec 2021** 

**Project & Financial Management** Course:

**Semester: VII** B. Tech- EL Program: Time 03 hrs.

**Course Code: FINC 4001** Max. Marks: 100

## **SECTION A**

1. Each Question will carry 4 Marks

2. Instruction: Complete the statement / Select the correct answer(s)

S. No.		Marks	CO	
Q 1.	<ul> <li>a) Costs associated with the design, planning, installation and commissioning of a project are known as costs.</li> <li>b) If asset depreciation is considered, then net operating cash inflow would be than the total revenue.</li> <li>c) The Internal Rate of Return is the discount rate for which the NPV is</li> <li>d) For investment decision, ROI must always be than the prevailing interest rate.</li> </ul>	4	CO1	
Q 2.	Explain the following:  1. Fixed Price Contract 2. Cost reimbursable contract			
Q 3.	A construction project costs Rs. 54 lakhs and Rs. 2 lakhs per year to operate and maintain. If the annual savings is Rs. 20 lakhs, the payback period will be years.			
Q 4.	For an activity in a project, Latest start time is 8 weeks and Latest finish time is 12 weeks. If the earliest finish time is 9 weeks, Slack time for the activity is			
Q 5.	The 'Expected Time' of an activity having 'Optimistic Time' of 15 Days, a 'Most Likely Time' of 18 days and a 'Pessimistic Time' of 27 days is Days.	4	CO2	
	SECTION B			
	question will carry 10 marks uction: Write short / brief notes			
Q 6.	Illustrate the importance of a Detailed Project Report (DPR) along with its salient features. Use appropriate example of a turnkey project.		CO3	
Q 7.	Explain the Project Management Life Cycle steps involved in the design & construction of a '10 MW Biomass based Thermal Power Plant'.		CO2	
Q 8.	Appraise the importance of 'Project Risk Management'.  What are the 6 major essential steps required for the effective implementation of 'Project Risk Management'.			
Q 9.	Calculate the net present value over a period of 3 years for a project with the following data. The discount rate is 12%.	10	CO3	

Year	Investment (Rs.)	Savings (Rs.)
0	75000	
1		25000
2		75000
3	50000	75000
4		35000

OR

A company has got the following two energy saving project investment options:

### **Option A:**

Investment envisaged is Rs. 40 lakhs with an annual return of Rs. 12 lakhs; life of the project is 5 years. Calculate IRR.

#### **Option B:**

A project having IRR of 12%

Analyze & compare the above 2 options & explain which option should the company select?

#### **SECTION-C**

## 1. Each Question carries 20 Marks.

## 2. Instruction: Write long answer.

Q 10. A project activity has several components as indicated below:

S. No	Activity	Preceded By	Duration in weeks
1	A	-	8
2	В	A	6
3	С	A	12
4	D	В	4
5	Е	D	5
6	F	В	12
7	G	E & F	9
8	Н	С	8
9	I	F & H	5
10	J	I & G	6

a) Prepare a PERT chart, estimate the duration of the project and identify the critical path.

- b) Calculate the Earliest Start, Latest Start and Total Float of activity 'H'?
- c) Analyze, what would be the project duration if activity 'H' got delayed by 3 weeks?

20

**CO4** 

			OR				
	For the follow activity table,	For the following tasks, durations, and predecessor relationships in the following activity table,				ng	
	Activity Description	Immediate Predecessor(s)	Optimistic (Weeks)	Most Likely (Weeks)	Pessimistic (Weeks)		
	A	-	4	7	10		
	В	A	2	8	20		
	С	A	8	12	16		
	D	В	1	2	3		
	E	D,C	6	8	22		
	F	С	2	3	4		
	G	F	2	2	2		
	Н	E,G	4	8	12		
	I	Н	1	2	3		
	Liging the DED	OT mathad					
	Using the PER	he network					
	/	ate expected time	for all tasks				
	/	ate variance for all					
	/	ze & determine all		s and their estim	ated durations		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	y the critical path	1 1				
Q 11.	A company has to choose between two projects whose cash flows are as indicated below;					ted	
	Project 1:						
	i. Investment – Rs. 15 Lakhs						
	ii. Annual cost savings – Rs. 4 lakhs. iii. Bi-annual maintenance cost (once in every 2 years)– Rs. 50,000/-						
	iv. Reconditioning and overhaul (including maintenance) cost during 5th year: 6 lakh					6 lakh	
	v. Life of the project – 8 years						
	_	lue – Rs. 5 lakhs					
						20	CO
	Project 2:						
		t – Rs. 14 Lakhs					
	viii. Annual cost savings – Rs. 3.5 lakhs.						
	ix. Annual Maintenance cost – Rs. 20,000/-						
	x. Reconditioning and overhaul (including maintenance) cost during 4th year: 5 lakh					5 lakh	
	xi. Life of the project – 8 years						
	xii. Salvage Value- 2 lakhs						
	Analyze & compare among the above 2 project options and confirm which among						
	Analyza & cor	mnare among the c	house I mroses	T ONTIONE ONG GO	ntirm Which ama		
		mpare among the a should the compar				ong	