| | UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES | | | | | |
|----|---|-------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | End Semester Examination, December 2021 | | | | | |
| | Course: Virology Semest | er: III | | | | |
| | | | on: 03 hrs. Marks: 100 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Instructions: | | | | | |
| | SECTION A | (20Q x1.5M= | | | | |
| | (Type the answers in test box) | 30 Marks) | CO | | | |
| | MCQs or Fill in the blanks | 1.5 | | | | |
| Q1 | The two families of viruses containing reverse transcriptase are and | 1.5 | CO2 | | | |
| Q2 | In viruses, enveloped is derived from | 1.5 | 002 | | | |
| χ- | A) Cell membrane | | | | | |
| | B) Viral encoded lipids | | | | | |
| | C) Cellular membranes including of organelles | | | | | |
| | D) All of the above | | CO1 | | | |
| Q3 | Polio virus is an Icosahedral, non enveloped virus. True/False | 1.5 | C01 | | | |
| Q4 | is a viroid. | 1.5 | CO2 | | | |
| Q5 | Rolling circle mechanism is observed in(name one virus) | 1.5 | CO2 | | | |
| Q6 | Prions are infectious particles composed of RNA and protein. True/False | 1.5 | CO2 | | | |
| Q7 | The term Prion was coined by | 1.5 | | | | |
| | A) Peter Walter | | | | | |
| | B) Ron Walter | | | | | |
| | C) Stanley Prusiner | | | | | |
| | D) None of the above | | CO1 | | | |
| Q8 | Reverse transcriptase was discovered by and for | 1.5 | | | | |
| | which they got nobel prize in 1975. | | | | | |
| | A) Rosalind Franklin and Maurice Wilkins | | | | | |
| | B) Frankel Conrat and Singer | | | | | |
| | C) Howard Martin Temin and David Baltimore | | | | | |
| | D) Hershey and Martha Chase | | CO1 | | | |
| Q9 | What is in the picture below as dark pink regions? | 1.5 | | | | |
| | | | CO1 | | | |

| Q10 | Viruses multiply by budding. True/False | 1.5 | CO2 |
|-----|--|---------------------|-----|
| Q11 | A permissisive cell is a cell that | 1.5 | CO1 |
| Q12 | Plant viruses require specific receptor to enter plants much like animal viruses. True/False | 1.5 | C01 |
| Q13 | Name a plant virus. | 1.5 | CO1 |
| Q14 | Vaccines are used for prevention and therapy of viral infection. True/False | 1.5 | CO3 |
| Q15 | Antiviral drugs are also used for prevention and therapy of viral infection. True/False | 1.5 | CO3 |
| Q16 | Expand HIV. | 1.5 | CO1 |
| Q17 | Viruses can be crystalized. True/False | 1.5 | CO1 |
| Q18 | Some viruses utilize ribosome of host while others encode their own. True/False | 1.5 | CO1 |
| Q19 | Give an example of virus with dsRNA as nucleic acid. | 1.5 | CO1 |
| Q20 | What is the capsid symmetry of corona viruses? | 1.5 | CO1 |
| | SECTION B (Scan and upload) | (4Qx5M=20 Marks) | СО |
| Q | Short Answer Type Question (5 marks each) | 5M | |
| Q1 | Name and explain the technique shown below. Image: Constraint of the technique shown below (3M). Label the phases in the curve (2M). | 5M 5M | CO2 |
| Q2 | Explain the curve shown below (3M). Label the phases in the curve (2M). | 5M | CO2 |

| | Infectious virus titre (log ₁₀ pfu/ml) | | |
|----|---|----------------------|-----|
| Q3 | Expand ELISA and explain the technique. | 5 M | CO2 |
| Q4 | Antivirals are selective and static in nature. Explain the statement if it is true or false. | 5M | CO3 |
| | SECTION C (Scan and upload) | (2Qx15M=30 Marks) | СО |
| | Two case studies 15 marks each subsections | | |
| Q1 | A patient blood sample is to be tested for a possible viral infection. You have about 200 microlitres of sample. (i) Name few techniques often used in viral diagnosis. (2M) (ii) Explain which of these can be used for blood sample and how would you do the test? (5M) (iii) A purified viral protein is given to you; what assay/diagnostic test can you develop with it? (5M) (iv) Name one technique that can help us understand the structure of viruses. (1M) (v) How do you culture the viruses? (2M) | 15 M | CO3 |
| Q2 | An HIV patient was given HAART. He stopped responding to it after sometime. Give this answer the following: (i) Expand HAART. (1M) (ii) Give reasons as to why HAART therapy has failed? (4M) (iii) What are nucleoside inhibitors? Give examples and explain how they act? (5M) (iv) What are other modes of action of antiviral drugs. Give examples and explain at least one. (5M) SECTION- D | 15 M (2Qx10M=20 | CO3 |
| | (Scan and upload) | (2Qx10M=20 Marks) | СО |
| | Long Answer type Question | | |
| Q1 | (i) Explain Baltimore scheme. What is the scheme centered around? | 10 M | CO2 |
| Q2 | (ii) What are various vaccine platforms for viruses? | 10 M | CO3 |