

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, December 2021

Course: Information Technology Law Program: BCom.LL.B (Hons.) Course Code: CLCC 4006 Semester : IX Duration : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

SECTION A Attempt any Five (5) questions. Each question carries 2 Marks 5 Q*2 M=10 Marks Q. No. Marks CO 10 1 Define the term "electronic record" as defined in The Information Technology Act, 2 **CO1** 2000. 2 'Is Cell Phone a computer?' Answer this question with the help of definition as 2 **CO4** mentioned in the Information technology Act, 2000. Difference between 'Electronic Signature' and 'Digital Signature' 3 2 **CO3** Mention the types of E-Commerce 4 2 **CO2** Define the term "subscriber" as defined in the Information Technology Act, 2000. 5 2 **CO1** What is Cyber Defamation? 6 2 **CO3 SECTION B** Attempt any 2 questions. Each question carries 10 Marks 2 O*10 M=20 Marks Q. No. Marks 20 7 "The Information Technology Act, 2000 (hereinafter the IT Act, 2000) read with the **CO4** 10 Information Technology (Intermediaries guidelines) Rules, 2011 govern the liabilities of an intermediary. The said Act and the allied Rules and case laws provide for two mechanisms for the intermediaries to take benefit of the exemptions." Explain the definition of an Intermediary, also explain the nature and extent of the liability of an intermediary. Explain the validity of 'Click-Warp' contracts with the help of case laws. 8 10 **CO3** 9 "During the second wave of COVID-19, in which India has witnessed a near-collapse of 10 **CO4** its public healthcare system, citizens have become victims of phishing (fraudulent websites were projected as COVID-19 resources or leads for hospital beds/oxygen cylinders), online sales of counterfeit drugs and bank fraud through fake donation links,

including sham versions of the 'PM CARES Fund'."

	COVID-19 with examples.		
	SECTION-C Attempt any 2 questions. Each question carries 10 Marks 2Qx10M=20 Mark		
Q. No.		Marks 20	CO
10	Write a brief note on Attribution, Acknowledgement and Dispatch of electronic	10	CO
	records as mentioned in the IT Act.		
11	What is cryptography? What are the different types of cryptography? Does the IT Act prescribe the use of any specific type of Cryptography? If yes, then explain with the help of legal provisions.	10	CO
12	Any criminal activity that uses a computer either as an instrumentality, target or a means for perpetuating further crimes comes within the ambit of Cyber Crime". There is apparently no distinction between cyber and conventional crime. However, on a deep introspection we may say that there exists a fine line of demarcation between the conventional and Cyber Crime. Do you agree with these statements? Keeping in view the above excerpt, explain the concept of Cyber Crimes also, state the difference between a Cyber Crime and a Conventional Crime.		CO3
	SECTION-D		1
	Attempt all the questions. Each question carries 25 marks		
	2Qx25M =50 Marks		
Q. No.		Marks	CO
13	The Supreme Court, in a recent case has stepped to the fore with a delightful affirmation of the value of free speech and expression, The Judgment has increased the scope of the right available to use to express further and the limited encourt in the state.		CO4
	right available to us to express ourselves freely, and the limited space given to the state in restraining this freedom in only the most exceptional of circumstances. Justice Nariman, has highlighted that the liberty of thought and expression is not merely an inspirational ideal. It is also "a cardinal value that is of paramount significance under our constitutional scheme." Answer the following questions in the light of the judgement of the above case: (a) State the effect of the judgement of the above mentioned case. (b) Summarize the observation of the Supreme Court with respect to the status of the fundamental right to freedom of speech and expression. (c) Discuss the doctrine of 'Void for Vagueness' with respect to section 66A. (d) Discuss in brief the various theories discussed by the court in this case		
14	 in restraining this freedom in only the most exceptional of circumstances. Justice Nariman, has highlighted that the liberty of thought and expression is not merely an inspirational ideal. It is also "a cardinal value that is of paramount significance under our constitutional scheme." Answer the following questions in the light of the judgement of the above case: (a) State the effect of the judgement of the above mentioned case. (b) Summarize the observation of the Supreme Court with respect to the status of the fundamental right to freedom of speech and expression. 	25	CO4

 (2008)? (b) List out the elements/ ingredients of the offence mentioned under the above mentioned provision. (c) Explain the modes of committing an offence under the above mentioned provision. (d) What is the punishment prescribed for the commission of the offence and for conspiring to commit the offence?
