# 14 UPES <br> UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE 

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, December 2021

Course: Cost and Management Accounting
Semester : 1st
Program: MBA (International Business)
Duration : 03 hrs .
Course Code: FINC7035
Instructions:
Max. Marks: 100

| Q.No | Section A <br> (Type the answers in test box) | 10Qx2M=20Marks | COs |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q1 | Bin card shows the value of a material at any movement of <br> time. (T/F) | 2 Marks | CO1 |
| Q2 | FIFO method of pricing material issues results in higher profits. (T/F) | 2 Marks | CO1 |
| Q3 | The cost that tends to vary in accordance with level of activity: <br> (A) fixed cost <br> (B) overheads <br> (C) factory cost <br> (D) variable cost | 2 Marks | CO1 |
| Q4 | The monthly cost of maintenance of machinery for 12,000 machine <br> hours run is INR 1,70,000 and for 18,500 hours it is INR 2,02,500. <br> The cost of maintenance for 14,000 hours is INR - <br> (A) 1,90,000 <br> (B) 1,80,000 <br> (C) 1,85,000 <br> (D) 2,00,000 | 2 Marks |  |
| Q5 | The manufacturing overhead of XYZ Ltd. is INR 32,00,000 p.a. for <br> an activity level of 3,00,000 machine hours. If the activity level <br> is increased to 8,00,000 machine hours, its manufacturing <br> overhead would be INR 52,00,000. <br> The manufacturing overhead for an activity level of 5,00,000 <br> machine hours is: <br> (A) INR 20,00,000 <br> (B) INR 40,00,000 <br> (C) INR 60,00,000 <br> (D) INR 50,00,000 | CO1 |  |
| Q6 | Activity Based Costing identifies the activities which cause <br> overheads to be incurred and trace <br> (A) cost pools <br> (B) cost drivers <br> (C) cost objects <br> (D) cost centre | 2 Marks | CO1 |


| Q7 | Costs are grouped into <br> (A) cost drivers <br> (B) cost objects <br> (C) cost pools <br> (D) cost units | 2 Marks | CO1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q8 | Costing and Cost Accounting are the same. (T/F) | 2 Marks | CO1 |
| Q9 | A cost which is partly variable and partly fixed is called semi variable cost. (T/F) | 2 Marks | CO1 |
| Q10 | Fixed costs vary with volume rather that time. (T/F) | 2 Marks | CO1 |
|  | Section B (Scan and upload) | 4Qx5M= 20 Marks |  |
| Q11 | Discuss the use of absorption and marginal costing. | 5 Marks | CO 2 |
| Q12 | Differentiate between contribution and profit. | 5 Marks | CO 2 |
| Q13 | What is margin of safety? How to improve it? | 5 Marks | CO 2 |
| Q14 | What do you understand by CVP analysis? | 5 Marks | CO 2 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Section C } \\ \text { (Scan and upload) } \end{gathered}$ | 3Qx10M=30 Marks |  |
| Q15 | From the following information, calculate minimum stock level, maximum stock level and re-ordering level: <br> (i) Maximum Consumption $=200$ units per day <br> (ii) Minimum Consumption $=120$ units per day <br> (iii) Normal Consumption $=160$ units per day <br> (iv) Reorder period $=10-15$ days <br> (v) Reorder quantity $=1,600$ units <br> (vi) Normal reorder period $=10$ days. | 10 Marks | CO 3 |
| Q16 | X Ltd. bought and consumed during the year 2005, 3,600 units of material Y . The cost of placing an order is 1,000 and the cost of carrying one unit for a year is 20 . Calculate economic order quantity. | 10 Marks | CO 3 |
| Q17 | Explain the distinction between budget and forecast. | 10 Marks | CO 2 |
|  | Section D (Scan and upload) | 2Qx15M= 30 Marks |  |
| Q18 | A company manufacturing two products furnishes the following data for a year | 15 Marks | CO 4 |


|  | Product <br> A <br> B <br> Volume re <br> Set up rela <br> Purchase <br> Total 19,8 <br> You are re <br> B based on <br> (a) Tradit <br> (b) Activit | Annual output <br> d activity costs Rs ed costs 0 <br> red to cal <br> 1 method ased cost | Total <br> Machine Hours <br> 20000 <br> 120000 <br> ts Rs. 5,50 <br> 2,000 <br> 6,18,000 <br> te the cost <br> harging ov method. | Total number of purchase order 160 384 00 <br> $r$ unit of eac heads. | Total no. <br> of setups <br> 20 <br> 44 <br> product A and |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q19 | Details of are as follo <br> March- <br> 1st Openin <br> 3rd Issued <br> 4th Issued <br> 8th Issued <br> 13th Rece <br> 14th Retu <br> 16th Issue <br> Rs. 26 <br> 24th Issue <br> 27th Retu <br> 28th Rece <br> 29th Retu <br> There was <br> Write up | ipts and <br> balance 500 <br> quintals <br> quintals <br> quintals <br> from ve <br> f surplus <br> 80 quinta <br> 80 quinta <br> om a wo <br> from ve <br> to vendo <br> rtage of <br> s ledger | es of a mat <br> uintals @ <br> 200 quint <br> a work or <br> th Receive <br> th Issued <br> rder 12 qui <br> 100 quint <br> quintals. <br> intals on 1 <br> g FIFO OR | al in a facto <br> @ Rs.24.50 r 15 quintals from vendor <br> quintals als @ Rs.24. @ Rs. 25 and 8 quinta IFO method | during March <br> @ Rs. 24 <br> 240 quintals @ <br> 0 <br> s on 27 th. | 15 Marks | CO 4 |

