Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, December 2021

Program: BBA THM Subject/Course: Regional Tourism Course Code: TRAV 3009P Semester: V Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The student must write his/her name and enrolment no. in the space designated above.
- 2. The questions have to be answered in this MS Word document.
- 3. After attempting the questions in this document, the student has to upload this MS Word document on Blackboard.

Q.No	Section A – Attempt all the questions	Marks	COs
I)	Which one is not the primary constituent of the tourism? a) Transport b) Catering & Food c) Accommodation d) Handicrafts	2	CO1
П)	Which one is considered as the Getaway to the four pilgrimages in the Uttarakhand region? a) Dehradun b) Mussoorie c) Haridwar d) Roorkee	2	CO1
III)	a) Spotted Dear b) Indian Elephant c) Kashmir Hangul d) Asiatic Lion	2	CO2
IV)	Intangible cultural heritage is a term that includes,, and	2	CO2
V)	Which one is, considered a mixed World Heritage Site in India?	2	CO1

	a) Sun Temple, Konark		
	b) Kaziranga National Park		
	c) The Jantar Mantar, Jaipur		
	d) Khangchendzonga National Park		
	a) Khangohondzonga i vadohar i ark		
	Classification of hotels are the carried out by		
	Classification of noters are the earlied out by		
171)	a) Department of Tourism, Government of India	2	CO1
VI)	b) India Tourism Development Corporation	2	COI
	c) State Department of Tourism		
	d) Federation of Hotel and Restaurant Association of India		
	This consists of two lists of holidays and package concept. The student		
	has to match an item in one list with an item in the other		
	nus to muton un tom m one hat with un tom m the other		
	List-II List-II		
	(i) Welcome break (1) Time share concept		
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	(ii) Mahindra holidays (2) Accommodation package		
	(iii) Palace on wheels (3) Cox and Kings		
	(iv) Duniya Dekho (4) RTDC & Indian railway		G 0.0
VII)		2	CO2
	Code:		
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)		
	(4) (2) (1) (4) (2)		
	(A) (2) (1) (4) (3)		
	(B) (1) (3) (2) (4)		
	(B) (1) (3) (2) (4)		
	(C) (3) (4) (1) (2)		
	(D) (4) (2) (3) (1)		
	Which one of the following statement is not correct?		
	(A) The temple of Mahadeo is situated in Kashmir		
	_		
VIII)	(B) The Jwala Devi temple is in Himachal Pradesh	2	CO1
_			
	(C) The Chitrakut temple is in Madhya Pradesh		
	(D) The Demockage Access 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
	(D) The Rameshvara temple is on an island between India and Sri Lanka.		

		lists of the gardens as in one list with an iter	nd their locations. The student m in the other:		
	List-I	List-II			
	(Garden)	(Location)			CO2
	(i) Jubilee Park	(1) Chandigarh			
	(ii) Shalimar Bagh	(2) Kodaikanal			
	(iii) Bryant Park	(3) Jamshedpur			
IX)	(iv) Rock Garden	(4) Srinagar		2	
	Code:				
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)				
	(A) (2) (3) (4) (1)				
	(B) (4) (1) (2) (3)				
	(C) (3) (4) (2) (1)				
	(D) (1) (2) (3) (4)				
		-	/ Wild Life Sanctuaries and item in one list with an item		
	List-I		List-II		CO2
	(National Parks / Wi	ld life Sanctuaries)	(Nearest Town)		
X)	(i) Jim Corbett		(1) Mysore	2	
,	(ii) Rajaji		(2) Jaipur	2	
	(iii) Sariska		(3) Ram Nagar		
	(iv) Kabini		(4) Haridwar		
	Code:				
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)				

			1
	(A) (3) (2) (4) (1)		
	(B) (3) (4) (2) (1)		
	(C) (2) (3) (4) (2)		
	(D) (3) (4) (2) (1)		
Q.No2	Section B Attempt all the questions. Each question carry equal marks.		
I)	Explain the five main bottlenecks that most religious tourist places face.	5	CO1
II)	Discuss the emerging trends in destination management.	5	CO1
III)	Illustrate the features of Hodka project that makes it successful.	5	CO2
IV)	Examine how tourism statistics are collected.	5	CO2
Q.No3	Section C - Attempt all the questions		
I)	Identify the rural events that are regularly taking place in your state and suggest measures for linking them with tourism business.	10	CO3
II)	Analyze the ways a homestay can market itself to tour operators and tourists.	10	CO3
	Attempt only one question (either 'A' or 'B').		
	A) Analyze the socio-economic benefits of heritage sites.		
III)	OR	10	CO3
	B) Analyze the significance of biodiversity from tourism perspective.		
Q.No.4	Section D - Attempt all the questions		
	Generalist wine tourists in particular are seeking travel experiences that can be, planned in, advance, are, filled with activities, and are responsive to evolving travel circumstances. Immersionist wine tourists place importance on having access to well-orchestrated guided tours. Wine and tourism industry organizations need to, cooperatively develop "customized and self-selecting" packages of products and services, which can be created and booked in a "no hassle" fashion. Central to such packages are mechanisms that increase consumer awareness of regional wine products.	15	CO4
I)	Analyze how special events, such as community wine festivals or concerts at wineries can create market-positioning benefits for wine producers and tourism businesses.		

	Attempt only one question (either 'A' or 'B').		
II)	Digital technologies have brought significant transformation to the tourism industry, revolutionizing tourism enterprises, products and experiences, business ecosystems, and destinations. Digitalization has also transformed the traditional roles of tourism producers and consumers, with new roles, relationships, business models, and competencies emerging. The rise of digital platforms has increased the variety and volume of tourism products, services and experiences, with on-demand functionality accelerating the speed of economic transactions, market awareness and feedback. A) Analyze the transformation in tourism resulting from	15	CO4
	digitalization.		
	OR		
	B) Analyze the reasons for improving digitalization among tourism small and medium enterprises (SME's).		

ANSWERS