Name:				
Enrolme	nt No:	UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE		
		ROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES xamination, December 2021		
Course:	Operations Research		ester: III	
Program	n: B.Com (BMI)	Time:	03 Hours	
Course o	ode: DSQT 2006	Max	. Marks: 1	.00
	S	SECTION A	(20 Mark	s)
1.	Each question in section A is a multiple- Read each question and choose the one	choice question with four answer choices. best answer.	Marks	СО
i)	 If two constraints do not intersect in the p i) the problem is infeasible ii) the solution is unbounded iii) one of the constraints is redundant iv) none of the above 		2	C01
ii)	 A variable which does not appear in the b i) never equal to zero ii) always equal to zero iii) called a basic variable iv) none of the above 	asic variable column of simplex table is	2	C01
iii)	As simulation is not an analytical model, viewed as i) Unrealistic ii) Exact iii) Approximation iv) simplified	, therefore, the result of simulation must be	2	C01
iv)	In pure strategy game i) Any strategy may be selected arbi ii) A particular strategy is selected by iii) Both players selected their optima iv) None of the above	each player	2	CO1
v)	 A saddle point exists when i) maximin value = maximax value ii) minimax value = minimum value iii) minimax value = maximin value iv) none of the above 		2	CO1

transportation problem?	5	CO2
Describe the Monte Carlo Simulation technique What is meant by unbalanced transportation problem. What is degeneracy in	5	CO2
What is an unbounded solution, and how is this condition recognized in the graphical method?	5	CO2
	5	CO2
		1
SECTION B (20 Mark	ks)
iv) All of the above		
ii) Is a special case of transportation problem	2	CO1
i) Requires that only one activity be assigned to each resource		
iii) The entire amount of resource with the constraints in which the slack variable appears has been consumediv) All of the above	2	CO1
If for a given solution a slack variable is equal to zero then i) The solution is optimal ii) The solution is infeasible		
iii) Unbounded solution iv) None of the above		
ii) Infeasible region	2	CO1
While solving a LP model graphically, the area bounded by the constraints is called i) Feasible region		
 i) Variables value should remain under the control of the decision maker ii) Value of the variables make sense and corresponds to real world problems iii) Variables are interrelated in terms of limited resources iv) None of the above 	2	CO1
Non-negativity condition is an important component of LP model because		
iv) More than three		
	2	CO1
i) One		
	Non-negativity condition is an important component of LP model because Variables value should remain under the control of the decision maker Value of the variables make sense and corresponds to real world problems Variables are interrelated in terms of limited resources None of the above While solving a LP model graphically, the area bounded by the constraints is called Feasible region Infeasible region Infeasible The solution a slack variable is equal to zero then The solution is optimal The solution is infeasible The ne entire amount of resource with the constraints in which the slack variable appears has been consumed All of the above The assignment problem Requires that only one activity be assigned to each resource Is a special case of transportation problem Case out communicate escape out the above SECTION B Cetton has 4 Questions of 5 marks each.	iii) Three iv) More than three Non-negativity condition is an important component of LP model because 2 i) Variables value should remain under the control of the decision maker 2 ii) Value of the variables make sense and corresponds to real world problems 2 iii) Variables are interrelated in terms of limited resources 2 iv) None of the above 2 While solving a LP model graphically, the area bounded by the constraints is called 2 i) Feasible region 2 iii) Unbounded solution 2 iv) None of the above 2 If for a given solution a slack variable is equal to zero then 2 ii) The solution is infeasible 2 iii) The solution is infeasible 2 iiii) The solution is infeasible 2 iii) The solution is infeasible 2 iii) The solution is infeasible 2 iii) The solution is microstraints in which the slack variable appears has been consumed 2 iv) All of the above 2 The assignment problem 3 i) Sa special case of transportation problem 2 ii) Can be used to maximize resources 2 iv) All of the above </td

This			SEC	TION-C				(30 Ma	:ks)
1 1112	section has 3 Ques	stions of 10 mai	rks each, ou	t of which	n first 2 (Questions	s are compuls	sory.	
-	tions 8 has interna	al choice to atte	mpt any on	е.					
6.	Solve the follo	wing LP proble	ms using the	simplex r	nethod.				
			Maa 7 - x						
	Subject to		$Maz Z = x_1$	$1 + x_2 + x_2$	ť3			10	CO3
	Subjectio		$3x_1 + 2x_2$	$+x_3 \leq 3$	5			10	0.03
			$2x_1 + x_2 + x_2$	$+2x_3 \leq 2$					
			x_1, x_2, x_3	$x_3 \ge 0$					
7.	The following	table provides al	ll the necessa	rv inform:	ation on th	ne availal	nility of supply	J	
	-	ouse, the requirer		•			• • • •		
		arehouse to eac				1			
				Mark	1	T	1		
			Р	Q	R	S	Supply		
	TT 7 1	A	6	3	5	4	22		
	Warehouse	B	5	9	2	7	15	10	CO3
		C	5	7	8	6	8	10	005
		Demand	7	12	17	9			
	based on his or	clerk of the ship wn experience:					sing senedule	,	
0	see if the clerk	ts from B to R, T has the optimal	7 units from schedule.	C to P and	d 1 unit f	rom C to	R. Check and	1	
8.	see if the clerk An airline com	ts from B to R, That has the optimal pany has drawn	7 units from schedule.	C to P and	d 1 unit f	rom C to	R. Check and)	
8.	see if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca	ts from B to R, T has the optimal	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights,	C to P and ight sched it has ask	d 1 unit f	rom C to nvolves f to state th	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference	1) 2	
8.	See if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference.	ts from B to R, T has the optimal apany has drawn ting five pilots t ng each flight a r A few of these	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The	d 1 unit f ule that it ed them the higher the	nvolves f to state th e number	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is	1 D S	
8.	See if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference.	ts from B to R, The has the optimal pany has drawn ting five pilots the geach flight a r	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×'	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The isuitable to	d 1 unit f ule that it ed them the higher the	nvolves f to state th e number	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is	1 D S	
8.	See if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference.	ts from B to R, 7 has the optimal pany has drawn ting five pilots t ng each flight a r A few of these have been mark	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×'	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The asuitable to t Number	d 1 unit f ule that i ed them the higher the some pi	rom C to nvolves f to state th e number lots, owin	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is	1 D S	
8.	see if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference. reasons. These	ts from B to R, 7 has the optimal apany has drawn ting five pilots t ing each flight a r A few of these have been mark	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×' Flight 2	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The isuitable to t Number 3	d 1 unit f ule that i ed them the higher the some pi 4	rom C to nvolves f to state th e number lots, owin	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is	1 D S	
8.	see if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference. reasons. These	ts from B to R, $\frac{1}{2}$ has the optimal pany has drawn ting five pilots the each flight a r A few of these thave been mark $\frac{1}{8}$	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×' Flight 2 2	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The asuitable to t Number $\frac{3}{x}$	d 1 unit f ule that i ed them the bigher the some pi $\frac{4}{5}$	rom C to nvolves f to state th e number lots, owin 5 4	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is		CO3
8.	see if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference. reasons. These	ts from B to R, 7 has the optimal apany has drawn ting five pilots t ing each flight a r A few of these have been mark	7 units from schedule. up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×' Flight 2	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The isuitable to t Number 3	d 1 unit f ule that i ed them the higher the some pi 4	rom C to nvolves f to state th e number lots, owin	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is	1 D S	CO3
8.	see if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference. reasons. These	ts from B to R, 7 has the optimal apany has drawn ting five pilots t ag each flight a r A few of these f have been mark 1 A 8 B 10	7 units from schedule. 1 up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×' Flight 2 2 9	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The isuitable to t Number $\frac{3}{x}$ 2	d 1 unit f ule that i ed them the bigher the o some pi 4 5 8	rom C to nvolves f to state th e number lots, owin 5 4 4 4	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is		CO3
8.	see if the clerk An airline com assist in alloca scores by givin the preference. reasons. These	ts from B to R, 7 has the optimal apany has drawn ting five pilots t ag each flight a r A few of these have been mark 1 A 8 B 10 C 5	7 units from schedule. 1 up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×' Flight 2 2 9 4	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The asuitable to t Number 3 x 2 9	d 1 unit f ule that i ed them the bigher the some pi $\frac{4}{5}$	rom C to nvolves f to state th e number lots, owin 5 4 4 x	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is		CO3
8.	see if the clerk	ts from B to R, 7 has the optimal apany has drawn ting five pilots t ing each flight a r A few of these f have been mark 1 A $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	7 units from schedule. 1 up a new fli o the flights, number out o flights are un ced with '×' Flight 2 2 2 9 4 6 6 6	C to P and ight sched it has ask f 10. The isuitable to t Number 3 x 2 9 2 10	d 1 unit f	rom C to nvolves f to state the number lots, owing 5 4 4 x 7 3	R. Check and ive flights. To heir preference t, the greater is ng to domestic	1 0 5 5 7 10	CO3

A glass factory that specializes in crystal is developing a substantial backlog and for this the firm's management is considering three courses of action: To arrange for subcontracting (S1), to begin overtime production (S2), and to construct new facilities (S3). The correct choice depends largely upon the future demand, which may be low, medium, or high. By consensus, management ranks the respective probabilities as 0.10, 0.50 and 0.40. A cost analysis reveals the effect upon the profits. This is shown in the table below:

			S2	S 3
		S 1	(Begin	(Construct
		(Subcontracting)	Overtime)	Facilities)
Low (L)	0.1	10	-20	-150
Medium (M)	0.5	50	60	20
High (H)	0.4	50	100	200

above, and state which strategy is preferable.

SECTION-D

(30 Marks)

This section has 2 Questions of 15 marks each, out of which Question 9 is compulsory and Question 10 has internal choice to attempt any one.
9. The following table provides all the necessary information on the availability of an analysis of the necessary information on the availability of an analysis.

supply to each warehouse, the requirement of each market, and the unit

transportation cost (in \mathfrak{F}) from each warehouse to each market.

			Mar	ket					
		Р	Q	R	S	Supply		. –	~~ .
	А	6	3	5	4	22		15	CO4
Warehouse	В	5	9	2	7	15			
	С	5	7	8	6	8			
	Demand	7	12	17	9				
Find out optimal	cost and route of	of transp	portation.				-		

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Maintenan ce Cost in ₹	900	1200	1600	2100	2800	3700	4700	5900	
Resale value in ₹	4000	2000	1200	600	500	400	400	400	-
Determine the	- F	r							
			6	OR'					
Solve the gam	e whose	payoff m			and find	l out the	value of t	he game	. 1
Solve the gam	e whose	payoff m			and find B's str		value of t	he game	. 1
Solve the gam	e whose	payoff m	atrix as f		B's str		value of t		. 1
Solve the gam	e whose	payoff m	atrix as f	following	B's str	ategy		I	. 1
Solve the gam		-	atrix as f	following	B's str	ategy II	П	I 2	. 1