

UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination – Dec, 2021

Program: BBA-FT
Subject/Course: Research methodology & Report Writing
Course Code: DSRM2001
Semester: III
Max. Marks: 100
Duration: 3 Hours

Note: Attempt All Sections

	Section-A	
	Attempt all. Each question carries 2 marks	CO
	Instruction: Choose the correct answer/Complete the statement	
Q.1	Increasing the size of the sample is likely to: a) Decrease sampling error but increase non-sampling error b) Increase sampling error but decrease non-sampling error c) Decrease both sampling error and non-sampling error d) Increase both sampling error and non-sampling error e) Increase sampling error but have no impact on non-sampling error	CO1
Q.2	An advantage of computer-assisted telephone interviewing is: a) Interviewing time is reduced b) Data quality is enhanced c) Questionnaires do not have to be coded d) There is little opportunity for interviewer bias e) This method tends to achieve high response rates compared to other methods 	CO1
Q.3	Mr. Roy goes to a fast food restaurant and records how many people order veg burgers versus cheeseburgers and whether or not they order a coke versus a diet coke. He is involved in a: a) Case study b) Naturalistic observation c) Survey d) Experiment	CO1
Q.4	If a nominal scale is used, it is permissible to calculate which of the following statistics? a) Mean b) Standard deviation c) Range d) Percentile e) Mode	CO1

	Type-I Error occurs if	CO1
	a) The null hypothesis is rejected even though it is true	
0.5	b) The null hypothesis is accepted even though it is false	
Q.5	c) Both the null hypothesis as well as alternative hypothesis are	
	rejected	
	d) None of the above	
	Which of the following statement is correct?	CO1
	a) Discoveries are researches	
Q6.	b) Researches lead to discovery	
	c) Invention and Research are related	
	d) None of the above	
Q7.	The first step of research is:	CO1
	a) Finding a problem	
	b) Selecting a problem	
	c) Searching a problem	
	d) Identifying a problem	
Q8.	Formulation of hypothesis may NOT be required in:	CO1
	a) Survey method	
	b) Historical studies	
	c) Normative studies	
	d) Experimental studies	
Q9.	When a research problem is related to heterogeneous population, the	CO1
	most suitable sampling method is	
	a) Lottery Method	
	b) Stratified Sampling	
	c) Cluster Sampling	
0.10	d) Convenience Sampling	~~1
Q10.	Sampling error decreases with the	CO1
	a) Process of analysis	
	b) Increase in sample size	
	c) Decrease in sample size	
	d) Process of randomization	
	Section-B	
	Attempt all questions. Each question carries 5 marks Instruction: Write short/brief notes	
Q11.	Under what circumstances would you recommend cluster sampling.	CO2
Q11.		CO2
Q12.	Why the managers need to know research when management means	CO2
	management means managing men, money, machine and materials.	
Q13.	What is the difference between Z- test and T-test. What conditions are	CO1
014	necessary to apply Z-test	002
Q14.	Discuss the characteristics of good report	CO2
	Section-C	
	Attempt all three, each question carries 10 marks	

Q15.	In business situations, it is not always possible or feasible to collect information related to every unit of the population under study. Researchers have to adopt a sampling technique best suitable to study a given population. Discuss various types of sampling methods with relevant examples?	CO3
Q16.	We have the maize yield from 15 different farms. We know that the standard maize yield for the given variety is μ =23. x = [21.5, 24.5, 18.5, 17.2, 14.5, 23.2, 22.1, 20.5, 19.4, 18.1, 24.1, 18.5] Test if the maize yield from these farms is significantly better than the standard yield.	CO3
Q17.	Mr. Gupta is having a super market in Dehradun city. During pandemic his business has dripped down drastically, you as a research student need to help Mr. Gupta by designing a questionnaire for his customers to find the customers experience and reasons of shifts to online purchase during pandemic.	CO3
	Section-D	
	Attempt all two, each question carries 15marks	
	Instruction: write long answer	
Q18.	The amount of certain trace element in blood is known to vary with a standard deviation of 15.3 ppm(parts per million) for male blood donors and 8.7 ppm for female blood donors. Random samples of 80 male donors and 60 female donors yield concentration means of 30 and 37 ppm respectively, what is the likelihood that the population means for concentrations of the elements are same for males and females?	CO4
Q19.	Dr. Den attempted to cross a tiger and a cheetah. He predicted an outcome of the to be in the ratio 5 stripes only: 4 spots only: 12 both stripes and spots. After the cross was performed and the counting was done of offsprings it was found 60 with stripes only, 45 with spots only and 90 with both. According to the Chi-square test, did Dr. Den get the	CO4