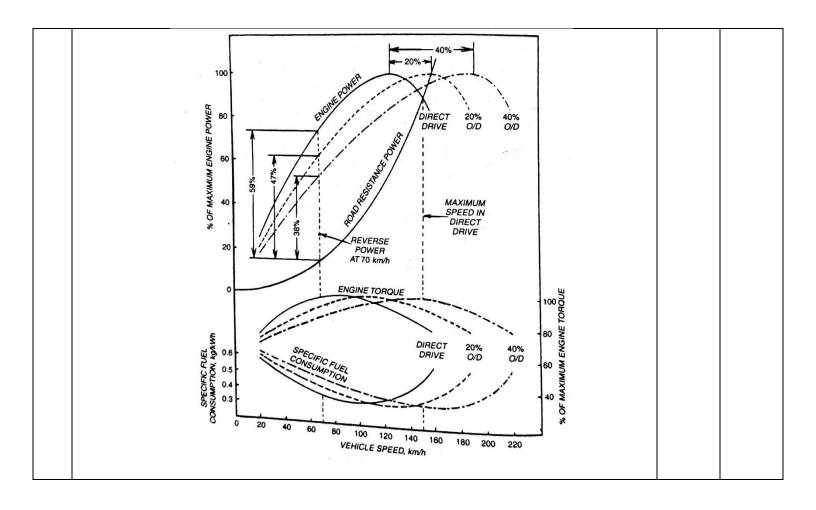
Name: Enrolment No:							
Prog	Online End Seme	DLEUM AND ENERGY STUD ster Examination, May 2021 Semeste					
Cour Cour Nos.	Programme Name:B. Tech ADESemesterCourse Name:Vehicle TechnologyTimeCourse Code:MEAD-2003Max. MaxNos. of page(s):Instructions:						
	S	SECTION A					
1 S.N	Each Question will carry 5 Marks		Marks	СО			
1			IVIALKS	CO			
2	 Designate the Bias belted tyre used for the para. Width of the tyre b. Aspect ratio c. Rim diameter d. load carrying capacity at 2.3 bar inflate e. Maximum speed of the vehicle is Also, calculate the section height of the tyre. (Choose the suitable data from the Load Annexure –I) 	- 195 mm - 55 - 18" tion Pressure is - 625 kg - 210 KMPH I Index & Speed Index sheet shown in	5	CO4 CO2			
3	Air spring is superior to conventional leaf spr		5				
	Define the following term of steering geomet A) Camber B) Scrub Radius	5	CO1				
4	A car of a mass 800 kg is travelling at 36 km/ A) The kinetic energy it possesses (kJ) B) The average braking force (N) to bring it t		5	CO5			
5	Define the following term of steering geomet A) Brake Bleeding B) Clutch Fading	ry	5	CO3			
6	Compare the DOT 4 and DOT 5 brake fluid u	used in automobiles.	5	CO2			

	SECTION B		
	 Each question will carry 10 marks Instruction: Write short / brief notes/solve the Numerical 		
7	If vehicle is running at 60 kmph, engine RPM is 3000 and vehicle is in third gear and overdrive mode of the vehicle is activated. Overdrive ratio is 0.6: 1. Find percent difference between engine and drive shaft speed.		
	If vehicle is in top gear and if drive shaft is running at 3000 RPM then what will be the engine speed of the vehicle. Gear ratios of trasmission are mention below.		
	Gear Ratio	10	CO4
	1st gear 2.97:1		
	2nd gear 2.07:1		
	3rd gear 1.43:1		
	Top gear 1.00:1		
8	Explain in details		
	A. Factors on which cornering force acting during turns depends	10	CO1
	B. Characteristics of oversteer and how does oversteer is considered to be dangerous in passenger cars.		
9	A) Explain the importance of "Rotation of tyre" in automobiles.		
	B) In given fig 1, Kindly show the tyre rotation pattern		
		10	CO3
	Rear wheel drive Front wheel Drive Directional Tyres		
	Fig 1		
10	The Wheel Base of a Car is 2.7m and Pivot centers are at 1m. The Wheel track is 1.2m.		
	Calculate the correct angle outside lock and turning circle radius of the outer front and	10	CO5
	inner rear wheels when the angle of inside lock is 400.		

11	As an automotive engineer, you have	we been asked to select the wheel and tyre for your sport		
	vehicle from the below mentioned	available catagories		
	Tyre	Wheels		
	A. Radial	A. Disc		
	B. Bias	B. Wired	10	CO2
	C. Belted bias	C. Light alloy cast wheel		
	Directional or Non directional			
	Justify your selections.			
		SECTION C		
1	L. Each Question carries 20 Mark			
	2. Instruction: Write long answe			
12	Develop the Road Performance	Curves for the following conditions and identify points		
	'a' and 'b'			
	a. maximum speed for a given v	ehicle and engine		
	b. the desired speed			
	Conditions:			
	1. Total resistance (Rolling + . conditions	Aerodynamic + gradient) including under full throttle		
	2. Power curve for lower gea	r at full throttle	20	CO4
	3. Power curve for top gear a		20	04
	4. Power curve for top gear a			
		OR		
	Graph shown is Engine power. En	gine torque and Fuel Consumption Vs engine speed in		
	(Kph)			
	Analyze It on the basis of follow	ing parameter.		
	1. Compare the 20 % O/D (Ov			
1	2. Compare the 20 % O/D with			



<u>Annexure –I</u>

Load Index

Load	Wheel load capacity in kg with tyre pressure measured in bars										
index	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
69	215	225	240	250	260	270	285	295	305	315	325
70	225	235	245	260	270	280	290	300	315	325	335
71	230	240	255	265	275	290	300	310	325	335	345
72	235	250	260	275	285	295	310	320	330	345	355
73	245	255	270	280	295	305	315	330	340	355	365
74	250	260	275	290	300	315	325	340	350	365	375
75	255	270	285	300	310	325	335	350	360	375	387
76	265	280	295	310	320	335	350	360	375	385	400
77	275	290	305	315	330	345	360	370	385	400	412
78	280	295	310	325	340	355	370	385	400	410	425
79	290	305	320	335	350	365	380	395	410	425	437
80	300	315	330	345	360	375	390	405	420	435	450
81	305	325	340	355	370	385	400	415	430	445	462
82	315	330	350	365	380	395	415	430	445	460	475
83	325	340	360	375	390	405	425	440	455	470	487
84	330	350	365	385	400	420	435	450	470	485	500
85	340	360	380	395	415	430	450	465	480	500	515
86	350	370	390	410	425	445	460	480	495	515	530
87	360	380	400	420	440	455	475	490	510	525	545
88	370	390	410	430	450	470	485	505	525	540	560
89	385	405	425	445	465	485	505	525	545	560	580
90	400	420	440	460	480	500	520	540	560	580	600
91	410	430	450	475	495	515	535	555	575	595	615
92	420	440	465	485	505	525	550	570	590	610	630
93	430	455	475	500	520	545	565	585	610	630	650
94	445	470	490	515	540	560	585	605	625	650	670
95	460	485	505	530	555	575	600	625	645	670	690
96	470	495	520	545	570	595	620	640	665	685	710
97	485	510	535	560	585	610	635	660	685	705	730
98	500	525	550	575	600	625	650	675	700	725	750
99	515	540	570	595	620	650	675	700	725	750	775
100	530	560	590	615	640	670	695	720	750	775	800

Speed Index

	Tyre load capa	city (%)		
Top speed of car (km h⁻¹)	V	Speed symbol W	Y Tyres	
	v		i iyres	
210	100	100	100	
220	97	100	100	
230	94	100	100	
240	91	100	100	
250	-	95	100	
260	-	90	100	
270	-	85	100	
280	-	-	95	
290	-	-	90	
300	-	-	85	