

| Q 6 | Given the following data, complete the table. There are 30 on hand. Order quantity is 60 units <br> (a) the projected available in week 3 is 40 <br> (b) the projected available in week 4 is 30 <br> (c) there is a scheduled receipt in week 4 <br> (d) a and b are true | 5 | CO 3 |
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| $\text { SECTION B ( } 50 \text { Marks) }$ <br> 1. There are five questions in this section each question is of $\mathbf{1 0}$ marks <br> 2. Attempt all questions in this section |  |  |  |
| Q 7 | Describe each of the following plans in terms of their purpose, planning horizon, level of detail, and planning cycle: <br> a. Strategic business plan. <br> b. Production plan. <br> c. Material requirements plan. <br> d. Production activity control | 10 | CO2 |
| Q 8 | Define the following <br> (a) MPS <br> (b) DRP <br> (c) BOM <br> (d) ERP | 10 | CO2 |
| Q 9 | Define material requirement planning \& what are the inputs to material requirement planning systems? | 10 | CO2 |
| Q 10 | A company makes and sells a seasonal product. Based on a sales forecast of 2000, 3000,6000 , and 5000 per quarter, calculate a level production plan, quarterly ending inventory, and average quarterly inventory. If inventory carrying costs are $\$ 3$ per unit per quarter, what is the annual cost of carrying inventory? Opening and ending inventories are zero. <br> OR <br> Define the following: <br> (a)Utilization <br> (b)Efficiency <br> (c) Rated capacity <br> (d) Demonstrated capacity | 10 | CO2 |
| Q 11 | Suppose management stated that it could tolerate only one stockout per year for a specific item. For this particular item, the annual demand is 52,000 units, it is ordered in quantities of 2600, and the standard deviation of demand during the lead time is 100 units. The lead time is one week. Calculate: <br> a. Number of orders per year. <br> b. Service level. | 10 | CO3 |


|  | c. Safety stock. <br> d. Order point. <br> [ Note: the value for safety factor for given service level are $90 \%$ ( 1.28 ), $95 \%(1.65)$ $99 \%(2.33) \& 99.99 \%(4.00)]$ |  |  |
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| SECTION-C ( 20 marks) <br> 1. In this section there are two questions attempt any question <br> 2. Each question carries equal weightage |  |  |  |
| Q 12 | (a)What will be the inventory turns ratio if the annual cost of goods sold is $\$ 24$ million a year and the average inventory is $\$ 6$ million? <br> (b) What would be the reduction in inventory if inventory turns were increased to 12 times per year? also calculate if the cost of carrying inventory is $25 \%$ of the average inventory, what will the savings be? <br> OR <br> A company making lawnmowers has a central supply attached to its factory and two distribution centers. Distribution center A forecasts demand at 25, 30, 55, 50, and 30 units over the next 5 weeks and has 100 lawnmowers in transit that are due in week 2 . The transit time is 2 weeks, the order quantity is 100 units, and there are 50 units on hand. Distribution center B forecasts demand at $95,85,100,70$, and 50 over the next 5 weeks. Transit time is 1 week, the order quantity is 200 units, and there are 100 units on hand. The central warehouse has a lead time of 2 week, the order quantity is 500 units and there are 400 on hand. Calculate the gross requirements, projected available, and planned order releases for the two distribution centers, and the gross requirements, projected available, and planned order releases for the central warehouse. | 20 | CO 3 |

