

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2020

Course: Safety, Health & Environment Management

Semester: VIII Program: B. Tech-GSE Time: 03 hrs. **Course Code: ENVO401** Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

	SECTION A				
S. No.	Attempt all the questions	30 Marks	CO		
Q1.	Expand the following:				
	i. STP				
	ii. OHSA				
	iii. OISD				
	iv. DGMS				
	v. DGFASLI	10	CO1		
	vi. LTI				
	vii. UC/USC				
	viii. PPE				
	ix. ESP				
	x. OHSMS				
Q2.	Define the following; (as per IFA, 1948 & EPA 1986)				
	i. Occupational Disease				
	ii. Young Person				
	iii. Incident				
	iv. Hazardous Process		CO1		
	v. Manufacturing Process	20	&		
	vi. Safety Officer		CO2		
	vii. Prime Mover				
	viii. Power				
	ix. On-site Emergency				
	x. Competent Person				
	SECTION B				
S. No.	Attempt all the questions	50 Marks	CO		
Q3.	List and discuss the duties of safety officer as per BOCW Act.	10	CO1		
Q4.	Answer the following:	10	CO2		

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	a. Discuss the classification of liquids and petroleum products based on their flammability.		
	b. Define: Flame point, Flammability Range, Flash Point, Auto-Ignition Point and Boiling Point		
Q5.	Explain the iceberg of losses due to accident.	10	CO2
Q6.	Define pollution and pollutant. Discuss types of air pollution and pollutants along with their impact on environment.	10	CO4
Q7.	Describe the operational principles of an electrostatic precipitator.		CO5
	SECTION-C		
S. No	Answer the following.	20 Marks	со
Q8.	Read the following case study and answer the questions following. This case study investigates the factors resulting in an electrostatic ignition incident involving toluene, a prolific charge generator filling a metal bucket via gravity fed 0.75" metal pipping. In this scenario, an operator opened a valve to draw toluene into a metal bucket with toluene from an overhead tank by gravity flow at approximately 5 gallons per minute. The operator hung a metal bucket with a wire bail and plastic handle over a globe valve. The plastic handle on the bail isolated the metal bucket from ground. On opening the valve, the operator backed away from the bucket allowing the toluene to flow as he had previously done several times. Within a few moments, the toluene had ignited causing the operator to immediately leave the scene returning with a small fire extinguisher, which proved inadequate to put the fire out. The operator then left the scene returning with a larger fire extinguisher, however by the time he had returned the fire was out of control and he was unable to close the valve to prevent the flow of toluene to the bucket, which was already over flowing. The investigation into the incident outlined that the operator had opened the valve and backed away from the metal bucket. The operator stated "I was just standing there looking at it when it caught fire". As a result, discharge from the operator could be ruled out as a cause of the incident. A. Point out the causes and sequence of occurrence. B. Discuss the preventive and protective measures that could have avoided this occurrence. [OR] Discuss the following in respect of "Fukushima, Nuclear Plant Disaster" 2011 – 1. Incident Description 2. Sequence of Events 3. Rescue Measures 4. Aftermath	20 Marks	CO4