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Edit Mode is: ON

This Test has 4 attempts. For information on editing questions, click More Help below.

Test Canvas: ESE July 2020 ●

The Test Canvas lets you add, edit and reorder questions, as well as review a test. More Help

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Question Settings

You can edit, delete or change the point values of test questions on this page. If necessary, test attempts will be regraded after you submit your changes.

Description End Semester Online Examination, July 2020

Programme: M.Tech. CSE-II

Course: Machine Learning Course Code: CSAI 7007

Course Coordinator: Prof. Deepshikha Bhargava

Maximum Marks: 100

Duration: 120 Minutes

Date & Time of Examination: 14th July 2020 - 10.00 am to 12.00 pm

Instructions <u>Important Instructions:</u>

- · ESE examination will be MCQ based examination and will be conducted online
- · There will be 60 questions
 - 40 Questions: Multiple choice (1.5 marks each)
 - 20 Questions: True/False Type (2 marks each)
- · Duration of examination is 120 minutes

Total Questions 60
Total Points 100
Number of Attempts 4

Select: All None Select by Type: - Question Type - ✓

Delete and Regrade

Points Update and Regrade

Hide Question Details

	Following is the disadvantage of Decision Trees.
Answer	a) Possible Scenarios can be added
	"b) For data including categorical variables with different number of levels, information gain in decision trees are biased in favor of those attributes with more levels"
	"c) Worst, best and expected values can be determined for different scenarios"
	"d) Use a white box model, If given result is provided by a model"
2. Multiple C	hoice: Automated vehicle is an example of
Question	Automated vehicle is an example of
Answer	
	b) Unsupervised learning
	c) Active learning
	d) Reinforcement learning
) o Markinta O	hoice: Decision trees are appropriate for th Points:
3. Multiple C	
Question	Decision trees are appropriate for the problems where:
	Decision trees are appropriate for the problems where: a) Attributes are both numeric and nominal
Question	
Question	a) Attributes are both numeric and nominal
Question	a) Attributes are both numeric and nominal b) Target function takes on a discrete number of values.
Question	a) Attributes are both numeric and nominal b) Target function takes on a discrete number of values. c) Data may have errors d) All of the mentioned
Question	a) Attributes are both numeric and nominal b) Target function takes on a discrete number of values. c) Data may have errors d) All of the mentioned

	_
	hoice: Decision Tree is
Question Answer	Decision Tree is a) Flow-Chart
	"b) Structure in which internal node represents test on an attribute, each bra represents outcome of test and each leaf node represents class label"
	d) None of the mentioned
Guestion Answer	hoice: Choose from the following that are NO Choose from the following that are NOT Decision Tree nodes a) Decision Nodes b) Weighted Nodes
Question	hoice: Choose from the following that are NO Choose from the following that are NOT Decision Tree nodes a) Decision Nodes
Question Answer	hoice: Choose from the following that are NO Choose from the following that are NOT Decision Tree nodes a) Decision Nodes b) Weighted Nodes c) Chance Nodes
Question Answer 7. Multiple Cl	hoice: Choose from the following that are NO Choose from the following that are NOT Decision Tree nodes a) Decision Nodes b) Weighted Nodes c) Chance Nodes d) End Nodes

Question	How the decision tree reaches its decision?
Answer	a) Single test
	b) Two test
	c) Sequence of test
	d) No test
9. Multiple C	hoice: What takes input as an object describ Points
Question	What takes input as an object described by a set of attributes?
Answer	a) Tree
	b) Graph
	c) Decision graph
10. Multiple (Choice: " is a more advanced type of " is a more advanced type of learning, where, the model learns from
_	Shoice is a more advanced type of
Question	" is a more advanced type of " is a more advanced type of learning, where, the model learns from Experience ."
Question	" is a more advanced type of " is a more advanced type of learning, where, the model learns from Experience ." a) Supervised learning
Question	" is a more advanced type of learning, where, the model learns from Experience ." a) Supervised learning b) Unsupervised learning
Question	" is a more advanced type of learning, where, the model learns from Experience ." a) Supervised learning b) Unsupervised learning c) Active learning d) Reinforcement learning
Question	" is a more advanced type of learning, where, the model learns from Experience ." a) Supervised learning b) Unsupervised learning c) Active learning d) Reinforcement learning

-	Choice: "If the available dataset has predefi
Question	"If the available dataset has predefined features but lacks labels, then the Machin Learning algorithms perform operations on this data to assign labels to it or to red the dimensionality of the data. It is known as"
Answer	a) Supervised learning
	c) Active learning
	d) Reinforcement learning
rning	oice: The most common Unsupervised The most common Unsupervised Learning Models are
-	
rning	The most common Unsupervised The most common Unsupervised Learning Models are a) Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
rning	The most common Unsupervised The most common Unsupervised Learning Models are a) Principal Component Analysis (PCA) b) Clustering
Question Answer	The most common Unsupervised The most common Unsupervised Learning Models are a) Principal Component Analysis (PCA) b) Clustering c) Both a) & b)
Question Answer	The most common Unsupervised Learning Models are a) Principal Component Analysis (PCA) b) Clustering c) Both a) & b) d) None of the mentioned

	d) Reinfo	Test Canvas: ESE July 2020 – Machine Learning procement learning	
15. Multiple C	Choice:	is an interdisciplinary fie	Points: 1
Question	isisisisisisis	s an interdisciplinary field of study and is a sub-dor	main of Artificial
Answer	o a) Machi	ine Learning	
	b) Artifici	ial Neural Netowork	
	c) Natura	al langual processing	
	d) None	of the mentioned	
16. Multiple C	Choice:	is the process of determina	Points: 1
Question	point may be	s the process of determination/prediction of the cat	egory to which a data-
	point may be	elong to	
Answer		pal Component Analysis (PCA)	
Answer		pal Component Analysis (PCA)	
Answer	a) Princi	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering	
Answer	a) Princip	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering ification	
17. Multiple C	a) Princip b) Cluste c) Classi d) Regre	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering ification ession ification is the process by whic	Points: 1
	a) Princip b) Cluste c) Classi d) Regre Choice: Classi Classification features of a	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering ification ession ification is the process by whic	raw inference from the
17. Multiple C	a) Princip b) Cluste c) Classi d) Regre Choice: Classi Classification features of a particular date	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering ification ession fication is the process by whic n is the process by which a learns to degiven dataset and predict which class or group or	raw inference from the
17. Multiple C	a) Princip b) Cluste c) Classi d) Regre Choice: Classi Classification features of a particular dat a) Super	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering ification ession fication is the process by whic n is the process by which a learns to desire details and predict which class or group or ta point belongs to	raw inference from the
17. Multiple C	a) Princip b) Cluste c) Classi d) Regre Choice: Classi Classification features of a particular dat a) Super	pal Component Analysis (PCA) ering ification ession fication is the process by whic In is the process by which a learns to do given dataset and predict which class or group or ta point belongs to evised learning pervised learning	raw inference from the

 $\hfill \square$ 18. Multiple Choice: The real-world applications of classi...

Points: 1.5

Question	The real-world applications of classification Algorithms are
Answer	a) Face Recognition
	b) Medical Image Classification
	c) Both a) & b)
	d) None of the mentioned
. Multiple C	Choice:is a measure of purity of an
Question	is a measure of purity of an arbitrary collection of information.
Answer	a) Entropy
	b) Information Gain
	c) Both a) & b)
	d) None of the mentioned
. Multiple C	Choice: "With the knowledge of Entropy, the a
. Multiple C	, Dai
-	Point Phoice: "With the knowledge of Entropy, the a "With the knowledge of Entropy, the amount of relevant information that is gained
Question	Point Projection of Proj
Question	Point Point Phoice: "With the knowledge of Entropy, the a "With the knowledge of Entropy, the amount of relevant information that is gained a given random sample size can be calculated and is known as" a) Entropy
Question	Pointh the knowledge of Entropy, the a "With the knowledge of Entropy, the amount of relevant information that is gained a given random sample size can be calculated and is known as" a) Entropy b) Information Gain
Question	Choice: "With the knowledge of Entropy, the a "With the knowledge of Entropy, the amount of relevant information that is gained a given random sample size can be calculated and is known as" a) Entropy b) Information Gain c) Both a) & b) d) None of the mentioned
Question	"With the knowledge of Entropy, the a "With the knowledge of Entropy, the amount of relevant information that is gained a given random sample size can be calculated and is known as" a) Entropy b) Information Gain c) Both a) & b) d) None of the mentioned
Question	Choice: "With the knowledge of Entropy, the a "With the knowledge of Entropy, the amount of relevant information that is gained a given random sample size can be calculated and is known as" a) Entropy b) Information Gain c) Both a) & b) d) None of the mentioned

The following scenarios explain why we should opt for machine learning "a) During facial recognition and speech processing, it would be ten the codes manually to execute the process, that's where machine I handy" "b) For market analysis, figuring customer preferences or fraud det learning has become essential"	dious to write
the codes manually to execute the process, that's where machine I handy" "b) For market analysis, figuring customer preferences or fraud det	
	ection, machir
"c) For the dynamic changes that happen in real-time tasks, it woul challenging ordeal to solve through human intervention alone."	d be a
od) All of the mentioned	
helps analyse patterns very deeply And then it predicts the outproblem we have designed it for.	itcomes of the
a) Machine Learning	
b) Artificial Neural Netowork	
c) Natural langual processing	
d) None of the mentioned	
	Dainta
vice: Some of the machine learning algorith	Points
Some of the machine learning algorithms which use supervised learning	g method are
a) Linear Regression	
b) Naive Bayes	
	helps analyse patterns very d helps analyse patterns very deeply And then it predicts the outproblem we have designed it for. a) Machine Learning b) Artificial Neural Netowork c) Natural langual processing d) None of the mentioned

5. Multiple C	Choice: Techniques used in unsupervised learn	Poir
Question	Techniques used in unsupervised learning are	
Answer	a) Anomaly detection	
	b) Dimensionality Reduction	
	♂ c) Both a) & b)	
	d) None of the mentioned	
6. Multiple (Choice: is also known as Outlier det	Poi
_		
Question Answer	is also known as Outlier detection	
Allswei	a) Anomaly detection	
	b) Dimensionality Reduction	
	c) Clustering	
	d) Neural Networks	
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	S _j . Todiai i totiromo	
Multiple Ch	oice: Self-organizing map and Autoencoders	Poi
Multiple Ch		Poi
	oice: Self-organizing map and Autoencoders	Poi
Question	oice: Self-organizing map and Autoencoders Self-organizing map and Autoencoders are most popular type of	Poi
Question	oice: Self-organizing map and Autoencoders Self-organizing map and Autoencoders are most popular type of a) Supervised learning	Poi

Question	Markov s Decision process is the best example of
Answer	a) Supervised learning
	b) Unsupervised learning
	c) Active learning
	d) Reinforcement learning
29. Multipl	e Choice: "Which are the following steps involv Points:
Question	"Which are the following steps involved in reinforcement learning
	1. Input state is taken by the agent
	2. A predefined function indicates the action to be performed
	3. Based on the action, the reward is obtained by the machine
	4. The resulting pair of feedback and action is stored for future purposes"
Answer	a) only 1
	b) step 1 & 2
	"c) step 1,2 & 3"
30. Multipl	e Choice: "popular uses ofare, face Points:
Question	"popular uses ofare, face recognition, filtering spam emails, predicting to user inputs in chat by checking communicated text and to label news articles as sports, politics etc."
Answer	a) Linear Regression
	h) Naiva Davia
	c) Support Vector Machines (SVM)

Question	The defines a rule in determining the probability of occurrence Event when information about Tests is provided.	of an
Answer	a) Autoencoder	
	b) Self organizing maps	
	c) Support Vector Machines (SVM)	
	♂ d) Bayes theorem	
32. Multiple (Choice: Agglomerative clustering and Divisiv	Points
Question	Agglomerative clustering and Divisive clustering are methods of	
Answer	a) hierarchical clusters	
	b) Self organizing maps	
	c) Support Vector Machines (SVM)	
	d) Bayes theorem	
	Choice: "When implementing algorithms in real	
33. Multiple (Choice: "When implementing algorithms in real "When implementing algorithms in real time, you need to keep in mind three aspects:"	
	"When implementing algorithms in real time, you need to keep in mind three	Points main
Question	"When implementing algorithms in real time, you need to keep in mind three aspects:"	
Question	"When implementing algorithms in real time, you need to keep in mind three aspects:" a) Space and Output	
Question	"When implementing algorithms in real time, you need to keep in mind three aspects:" a) Space and Output b) input and outpur	
Question	"When implementing algorithms in real time, you need to keep in mind three aspects:" a) Space and Output b) input and outpur c) Time and Output	

	b) Logistic Regression
	c) Support Vector Machines (SVM)
	d) All of the mentioned
. Multiple C	Poi
Question	Best suited algorithm for a scenario where Classifying already labeled data into s labels
Answer	a) Linear Regression
	c) Support Vector Machines (SVM)
	d) All of the mentioned
•	moice. Simplest model that can perform power
. Multiple C Question Answer	Choice: Simplest model that can perform power Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression
Question	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text
Question	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression
Question	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression b) Naive Bayes
Question Answer	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) All of the mentioned
Question Answer	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) All of the mentioned Poi oice:Best suited for complex com
Question Answer	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) All of the mentioned
Question Answer Multiple Ch Question	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) All of the mentioned Poice:Best suited for complex com Best suited for complex computations such as analyzing visual corte
Question Answer Multiple Ch Question	Simplest model that can perform powerful pre-processing and cleaning of text a) Linear Regression b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) All of the mentioned Poi Poi Best suited for complex com Best suited for complex computations such as analyzing visual corter a) Convolutional neural network

☐ 38. Multiple	Choice:Best suited for time-serie Points
Question	Best suited for time-series analysis with well-defined and supervised data.
Answer	a) Convolutional neural network
	b) Naive Bayes
	c) Support Vector Machines (SVM)
	d) Recurrent neural network
39. Multiple Cl performa	Points hoice:Can be chosen when
Question	Can be chosen when performance matters
Question Answer	Can be chosen when performance matters a) Convolutional neural network
	a) Convolutional neural network
	a) Convolutional neural network b) Naive Bayes
Answer	a) Convolutional neural network b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) Recurrent neural network Choice: "A prototypical example ofle Points "A prototypical example oflearning is provided by Pomerleau's system
Answer 40. Multiple	a) Convolutional neural network b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) Recurrent neural network Choice: "A prototypical example ofle Points "A prototypical example oflearning is provided by Pomerleau's system ALVINN, which uses a learned ANN to steer an autonomous vehicle driving at normal speeds on public highways"
Answer	a) Convolutional neural network b) Naive Bayes c) Support Vector Machines (SVM) d) Recurrent neural network Choice: "A prototypical example ofle Points "A prototypical example oflearning is provided by Pomerleau's system ALVINN, which uses a learned ANN to steer an autonomous vehicle driving at normal



se: Hyperparameters are those parameters	Points:
Hyperparameters are those parameters which are in control of the programme can be tuned to get better performance out of a given model.	r and
False	
se: No algorithm is an all-in-one solutio	Points:
No algorithm is an all-in-one solution to any type of problem; an algorithm that scenario will also fit in another one.	fits a
True	
se: Self-Organizing Map uses the data vis	Points:
Self-Organizing Map uses the data visualization technique by operating on a ghigh dimensional data.	iven
False	
	called a
-	
False	
se: OPTICS works in principle like an ext	Points
OPTICS works in principle like an extended DB Scan algorithm for an infinite r for a distance parameter which is larger than a generating distance.	umber
True	
⊘ False	
se: "There are four units that receive in	Points
image. These are called ""hidden"" units because their output is available only the network and is not available as part of the global network output. Each of the	within
four hidden units computes a single real-valued output based on a weighted combination of its 960 inputs "	lese
four hidden units computes a single real-valued output based on a weighted combination of its 960 inputs " True	iese
	one: No algorithm is an all-in-one solutio No algorithm is an all-in-one solution to any type of problem; an algorithm that scenario will also fit in another one. True False Se: Self-Organizing Map uses the data vis Self-Organizing Map uses the data visualization technique by operating on a ghigh dimensional data. True False Se: Hierarchical clustering produces hier Hierarchical clustering produces hierarchy resembles a tree structure which is Dendrogram. True False Se: OPTICS works in principle like an ext OPTICS works in principle like an extended DB Scan algorithm for an infinite of or a distance parameter which is larger than a generating distance. True False False True True True There are four units that receive in "There are four units that receive inputs directly from all of the 30 x 32 pixels in image. These are called "hidden" units because their output is available only

Question	"Bayesian learning algorithms that calculate explicit probabilities for hypotheses, s
	as the naive Bayes classifier, are among the most practical approaches to certain types of learning problems"
Answer	✓ True
	False
54. True / Fals	se: "In many learning scenarios, the lear
Question	"In many learning scenarios, the learner considers some set of candidate hypothem H and is interested in finding the most probable hypothesis h? H given the observ data D. Any such maximally probable hypothesis is called a Maximum Likelihood (Hypothesis"
Answer	True
	⊘ False
	so: In order specify a learning problem f
55. True / Fals	se. In order specify a learning problem i
0	In order specify a learning problem for the BRUTE-FORCE MAP LEARNING algor
Question	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h)
Answer	
-	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h)
Answer	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True ✓ False
Answer	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True
Answer	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True ✓ False
Answer 56. True / Fals	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Fe: "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally s Po "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally specific hypothesis from the version space, output hypothesis will be a MAP hypothesis relative to any prior probability distribution.
Answer 56. True / Fals Question	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Fe: "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally s Po "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally specific hypothesis from the version space, output hypothesis will be a MAP hypothesis relative to any prior probability distributhat favours more specific hypotheses"
Answer 56. True / Fals Question Answer	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Po True False Po True Tru
Answer 56. True / Fals Question Answer 57. True / Fals	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Po Because FIND-S outputs a maximally s "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally specific hypothesis from the version space, output hypothesis will be a MAP hypothesis relative to any prior probability distributhat favours more specific hypotheses" True False False Po Po Po
Answer 56. True / Fals Question Answer	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Po Se: "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally s "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally specific hypothesis from the version space, output hypothesis will be a MAP hypothesis relative to any prior probability distributhat favours more specific hypotheses" True False Se: Bayesian framework is a way to charac Po Bayesian framework is a way to characterize the behaviour of learning algorithms
Answer 56. True / Fals Question Answer 57. True / Fals Question	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Po Recause FIND-S outputs a maximally s Because FIND-S outputs a maximally specific hypothesis from the version space, output hypothesis will be a MAP hypothesis relative to any prior probability distribut that favours more specific hypotheses True False Re: Bayesian framework is a way to charac Po Bayesian framework is a way to characterize the behaviour of learning algorithms True
Answer 56. True / Fals Question Answer 57. True / Fals Question	we need not to specify the values to be used for P(h) True False Po Se: "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally s "Because FIND-S outputs a maximally specific hypothesis from the version space, output hypothesis will be a MAP hypothesis relative to any prior probability distributhat favours more specific hypotheses" True False Se: Bayesian framework is a way to charac Po Bayesian framework is a way to characterize the behaviour of learning algorithms

