| Name: <br> Enrolment No: | UPIVSS <br> UNITY WITH A PURPOSE |
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## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, July 2020
Course: Software Quality Management
Program: B.Tech (CSE+ECOMRA)
Semester: VI
Time : 02 hrs .
Course Code: CSEG3014
Max. Marks: 100

| MC | (CO2) If the pixel is already filled with desired color then leaves it otherwise fills it. This is called | Flood fill algorithm | Incorrect | Boundary fill algorithm | Correct | Scan line polygon filling algorithm | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO2) The function of scan line polygon fill algorithm is to | Find intersection point of the boundary of polygon and scan line | correct | Find intersection point of the boundary of polygon and point | Incorrect | Both a \& b | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO2) Some common form of clipping include | Curve clipping | Incorrect | Point clipping | Incorrect | Polygon clipping | Incorrect | All of these | Correct |
| MC | (CO3) Reflection of a point about x-axis, followed by a counterclockwise rotation of 90 degree, is equivalent to | $x=-y$ | Incorrect | $y=-x$ | Incorrect | $x=y$ | Correct | $x+y=1$ | Incorrect |


|  | reflection about which line? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| MC | (CO2) There are 2 types of polygons. They are? | convex and concave | Correct | square and rectangle | Incorrect | hexagon and square | Incorrect | Octagon and convex | Incorrect |
| FIB | (CO1) Full form of GPU is $\qquad$ ? <br> Note: 1st letter of each word should be in capital and remaining will be in small. | Graphics Processing Unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MC | (CO1) Suppose a pixel $(3,4)$ is given in raster surface, then the neighbours of this point are $\qquad$ | $(3,3)(4,4)(2,4)(3,5)$ | Incorrect | $(2,3)(4,3)(2,5)(4,5)$ | Incorrect | Both A and B | Correct | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO1) Find the refresh rate of a 512*512 frame buffer, if the access time for each pixel is 200 nanoseconds | 19 frames/sec | Correct | 29 frames/sec | Incorrect | 18 frames/sec | Incorrect | 39 frames/sec | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO1) Compute : Size of 800*600 images at 240 pixels per inch | 22 by 2 | Incorrect | 31 by 2 | Incorrect | 21 by 2 | correct | 19 by 2 | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO1) 3) Compute the resolution of $2 * 2$ inch image that has 512*512 pixels. | 256 pixels per inch | Correct | 356 pixels per inch | Incorrect | 156 pixels per inch | Incorrect | 265 pixels per inch | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO1) The Cartesian slope-intercept equation for a straight line is | $y=m \cdot x+b$ | Correct | $y=b . x+m$ | Incorrect | $y=x . x+m$ | Incorrect | $y=b+m . m$ | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO1) On raster system, lines are plotted with | Lines | Incorrect | Dots | Incorrect | Pixels | Correct | None of the mentioned | Incorrect |


| MC | (CO1) Expansion of line DDA algorithm is | Digital difference analyzer | Incorrect | Direct differential analyzer | Incorrect | Digital differential analyzer | Correct | Data differential analyzer | Incorrect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO2) Summation of all blending functions in bezier curve is equal to | 0 | Incorrect | 1 | Correct | 2 | Incorrect | 3 | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO3) What is the centroid of the unit cube? | (0.5,0.5,0) | Incorrect | (0.5,0.5,0.5) | Correct | (0,0.5,0.5) | Incorrect | (0.5,0,0.5) | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO3) In a rotation, by how much angle is the object rotated? | 45 degree | Incorrect | 90 degree | Incorrect | 180 degree | correct | 360 degree | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO3) Apply 2-D reflection over a triangle $A B C$ with vertices $A(5,1), B(8,3)$, and $C(10,1)$ about a straight line PQ. Line PQ can be formed by applying rotation over a straight line $y=-x$ through an angle of 75 degrees in anticlockwise direction. Find out the resultant coordinate of B and C after transformations. | $((8+3 \sqrt{ } 3),(8 \sqrt{ } 3-3))$ <br> and $((10+\sqrt{ } 3),(10 \sqrt{ } 3-1))$ | Incorrect | $((8+3 \sqrt{ } 3) / 2,(8 \sqrt{ } 3-$ <br> 3)/2) and $((10+\sqrt{ } 3) / 2,(10 \sqrt{3}-$ 1)/2) | Correct | ((10+V3),(10v3- <br> 1)) and ((8+3v3),(8v3- <br> 3)) | Incorrect | $((10+\sqrt{ } 3) / 2,(10 \sqrt{ } 3-$ <br> 1)/2) and $((8+3 \sqrt{ } 3) / 2,(8 \sqrt{ } 3-$ 3)/2) | ncorrect |


| MC | (CO2) The co-ordinates of four control points related to curve are given by $\mathrm{P} 1(2,2,0)$, P2(2,3,0), P3(3,3,0), $P 4(3,2,0)$. Find the coordinate pixel of curve for $\mathrm{t}=0$ and $\mathrm{t}=1$. | $\begin{aligned} & t=0[x=2, y=2, \\ & z=0], \text { and } t=1 \\ & {[x=3, y=2, z=0]} \end{aligned}$ | Correct | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}=0[\mathrm{x}=3, \mathrm{y}=2, \\ & \mathrm{z}=0], \text { and } \mathrm{t}=1 \\ & {[\mathrm{x}=1, \mathrm{y}=2, \mathrm{z}=0]} \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}=0[\mathrm{x}=2, \mathrm{y}=2, \\ & \mathrm{z}=0], \text { and } \mathrm{t}=1 \\ & {[\mathrm{x}=3, \mathrm{y}=2, \mathrm{z}=1]} \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & t=0[x=2, y=2 \\ & z=2], \text { and } t=1 \\ & {[x=3, y=2, z=3]} \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO2) The bezier curve passing through the control points P0 $(40,40)$, P1 $(10,40)$, P2 $(60,60)$, P3(60,0). <br> Find the co-ordinate pixel of curve at $\mathrm{t}=0.2$ and $\mathrm{t}=0.4$. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Q}[0.2]=[30.56, \\ & 50.2], \mathrm{Q}[0.4]= \\ & {[34.08,42.2]} \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Q}[0.2]=[30.56, \\ & 50.2], \mathrm{Q}[0.4]= \\ & {[33.08,42.2]} \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Q}[0.2]=[30.56, \\ & 41.6], \mathrm{Q}[0.4]= \\ & {[34.08,43.2]} \end{aligned}$ | correct | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Q}[0.2]=[31.56, \\ & 50.2], \mathrm{Q}[0.4]= \\ & {[34.08,42.2]} \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO3) Magnify the triangle with vertices $A(0,0), B(1,1)$ and $C(5,2)$ to twice its size while keeping $C(5,2)$ fixed. | $(1,1),(2,2),(5,2)$ | Incorrect | $(0,0),(2,2),(5,2)$ | Correct | $\begin{aligned} & (0,0),(1,1), \\ & (5,2) \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO4) In a clipping algorithm of Cohen Sutherland using region | codes of the end point are same | Incorrect | logical AND of the end point code is not 0000 | Incorrect | logical AND of the end point code is 0000 | Incorrect | $A$ and $B$ | correct |


|  | codes, a line is already clipped if the? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO4) Which of the following clipping algorithm follows the Divide and Conquer strategy? | 4-bit algorithm | Incorrect | Midpoint algorithm | correct | Cyrus break algorithm | Incorrect | CohenSutherland algorithm | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO5) A line with endpoints codes as 0000 and 0100 is? | Partially invisible | Correct | Completely visible | Incorrect | Completely invisible | Incorrect | Trivially invisible | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO5) The process of selecting and viewing the picture with different views is called__? | Windowing | Correct | Clipping | Incorrect | Projecting | Incorrect | Both A and B | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO2) The eccentricity of parabola is $\qquad$ | e>1 | Incorrect | $\mathrm{e}<1$ | Incorrect | $e=1$ | Correct | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO2) B-Spline curve is made up of ( $n+1$ ) control points and the order of the curve is $K$, where range of $K$ is? | $2<k<n+1$ | Incorrect | $2<=K<=n+1$ | Correct | $2>K>n+1$ | Incorrect | $2>=K>=n+1$ | Incorrect |
| FIB | (CO2) B-Spline curve has $n=6$ and $k=3$, how many segments will be there in given B-Spline curve? <br> Note: Answer should be written as a number not in words. | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MC | (CO2) In circle drawing using bresenham algorithm, $R=10$ is | 6 | Incorrect | 5 | Incorrect | 7 | Correct | 8 | Incorrect |


|  | given, how many pixel points will be claculated to draw the circle in one octant? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO2) In DDA algorithm, the value of $x$ and $y$ will be incremented by $\qquad$ if slope<1. | $x=x+1, y=y+1$ | Incorrect | $x=x+1 / m, y=y+1$ | Incorrect | $x=x+1, y=y+m$ | Correct | $x=x+1 / m, y=y+m$ | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO2) The region codes of the two points are given as 1001 and 0101, then the line is | Partially inside and partially outside | Incorrect | Completely outside | Correct | Completely inside | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO2) The starting point of the line is $(5,8)$ and the ending point is $(9,11)$. How many intermediate points will be calculated using bresenham line drawing algorithm? | 5 | Incorrect | 4 | Incorrect | 2 | Incorrect | 3 | Correct |
| MC | (CO3) Two successive scaling are $\qquad$ in nature. | Additive | Incorrect | Multiplicative | Correct | Subtractive | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO4) Sometimes it may require undoing the applied transformation, in such a case which of the following transformation will be used? | Shear transforma | Incorrect | transla | Incorrect | reflection | Incorrect | inverse <br> transformation | Correct |


| MC | (CO4) In which transformation, the shape of an object can be modified in any of direction depending upon the value assigned to them | Reflection | Incorrect | Shearing | Correct | Scaling | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO3) A circle, if scaled only in one direction becomes a/an? | Hyperbola | Incorrect | Ellipse | Correct | Parabola | Incorrect | Remains a circle | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO4) Back face detection algorithm works on $\qquad$ approach? | Object space | Correct | Image space | Incorrect | Both A and B | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO3) In 3D, rotation through an arbitrary line that does not passes through an origin requires $\qquad$ number of rotations. | 7 | Incorrect | 5 | Correct | 3 | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO4) The method which is based on the principle of checking the visibility point at each pixel position on the projection plane are called | Object space methods | Incorrect | Image space methods | Correct | Both A and B | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO5) How many types of shading techniques are present? |  | Incorrect | 3 | Correct | 4 | Incorrect | 5 | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO5) Flat shading suffers from an effect called $\qquad$ | Mocha effect | Incorrect | Mach band effect | Correct | Both A and B | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |


| MC | (CO3) If we want to rotate an arbitrary axis to coincide with any principal axis in 3D, how many rotations will be performed? | 3 | Incorrect | 1 | Incorrect | 2 | Correct | 4 | Incorrect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO4) Area sub-division algorithm is also known as | Quad tree method | correct | Octree method | Incorrect | Bothe A and B | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO5) Illumination models are categorized into: | Local and global | correct | Static and dynamic | Incorrect | Phong and half way | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| FIB | (CO5) Z-Buffer method uses: <br> Note: 1st letter of each word should be in capital and remaining will be in small. If two answer separate them with comma and one space | Depth Buffer, Refresh Buffer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MC | (CO5) In z-buffer method the value of $Z$ is: | $Z=-(A x+B y-D) / C$ | Incorrect | $Z=-(A x-B y+D) / C$ | Incorrect | $Z=-(A x-B y-D) / C$ | Incorrect | $Z=-(A x+B y+D) / C$ | Correct |
| MC | (CO3) The most basic transformation that are applied in threedimensional planes are: | Translation | Incorrect | Scaling | Incorrect | Rotation | Incorrect | All of these | Correct |
| MC | (CO3) Rotation around front to back is called? | Roll | correct | Pitch | Incorrect | Yaw | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |
| MC | (CO3) Transformation of object to the origin is called? | Coordinate transformation | Incorrect | Geometric transformation | Correct | Both A and B | Incorrect | None of these | Incorrect |


| MC | (CO3) How many transformations are required in 3D if the object has to rotate about an axis that is parallel to any principle axis? | 5 | Incorrect | 7 | Incorrect | 3 | Correct | None of these | Incorrect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MC | (CO3) Transform the given position vector [3 21 1] by the following sequence of operations: <br> i) Translate by ( $-1,-1,-1$ ) in $x, y, z$ respectively. <br> ii) Rotate by 30 degree about $x$-axis and 45 degree about $y$-axis. Find out the transformed | $\begin{aligned} & {[1.768,0.866,-} \\ & 1.061,0] \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & {[1.768,0.866,-} \\ & 1.061,1] \end{aligned}$ | Correct | $\begin{aligned} & {[0.768,0.866,-} \\ & 1.061,1] \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect | $\begin{aligned} & {[0.768,0.866,-} \\ & 1.061,0] \end{aligned}$ | Incorrect |

