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Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, Dec-2019

Course: Business Mathematics

Semester: I

Program: BBA FAS
Course code: DSQT1001
Time: 03 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

SECTION A

			Marks	CO
Q	Choose an appropriate answer.		2*10	
1.	I.	The members of the set $S = \{x \mid x \text{ is the square of an integer and } x < 50\}$ is		
		(a) {0, 2, 4, 5, 9, 49, 12}		
		(b) {0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49}		
		(c) {1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36}		
		(d) {0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49}		
	II.	If A and B are two matrices, then which of the following property is true?		
		(a) $A + B \neq B + A$		
		(b) $(A^t)^t \neq A$		
		(c) $AB \neq BA$		
		(d) all are true		
	III.	We can add two matrices having real numbers A and B if their		
		(a) order is same	20	CO1
		(b) rows are same		
		(c) columns are same		
		(d) elements are same		
	IV.	Derivative of log x is		
		(a) 1		
		(b) 1/x		
		(c) 1/logx		
		(d) None of the above		
	V.	Value of $\int ax^n dx$		
		(a) $a(\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}) + c$		

2.	Explain the importance of mathematics in business.			CO4
1.	Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 9 & 12 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.			CO2
	Solve	any four questions.		
		SECTION B		
		(c) b²=ac(d) None of the above		
		(b) $b^2 = a + c$		
		(a) $2b=a+c$		
	X.	If a, b, c are in geometric progression, then which of the following is true		
		(d) None of these		
		(c) Both (a) & (b)		
		(b) Rate of change of average cost		
		(a) Rate of change of total cost		
	IX.	Marginal cost is equal to		
		(d) $\frac{d}{dx}(u.v) = u\frac{d}{dx}u + v\frac{d}{dx}v$		
		(c) $\frac{d}{dx}(u.v) = u\frac{d}{dx}v + v\frac{d}{dx}u$		
		$\frac{d}{dx}(u,v) = \frac{1}{dx}u - \frac{1}{dx}v$		
		(b) $\frac{d}{dx}(u.v) = \frac{d}{dx}u - \frac{d}{dx}v$		
	, 222,	(a) $\frac{d}{dx}(u.v) = \frac{d}{dx}u + \frac{d}{dx}v$		
	VIII.	If u and v are the functions of x then by product rule of differentiation		
		(d) Can't determine		
		(c) The given relation is not true		
		(b) 1		
		(a) 3		
	VII.	If $\begin{vmatrix} x & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$, then value of x will be		
		21 11 21		
		(d) Can't determine		
		(b 4 (c) Both (a) and (c)		
		(a) 1		
	VI.	If x, x+2, 2x are in arithmatic progression, then the value of x can be		
		(d) Can't determined		
		$(c) \ a(\frac{nx^{n-1}}{n-1}) + c$		
		(b) $nax^{n-1} + c$		
		(L)	1	1

3.	Find the derivative of $\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)(x - 7)$ using product rule.	5	CO1
4.	Find two terms between $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{81}$ such that the series are in G.P.	5	CO4
5.	Integrate the function $ax^2 + bx + d$ with respect to x, where a, b and d are constants.	5	CO1
	SECTION-C		
	Answer any four questions.		
1.	Find the local maximum and minimum values of the function $(2x^2 - 3x + 5)$.	7.5	CO3
2.	Find elasticity of demand of the function x=100-5p at p=15.	7.5	CO2
3.	Find the second order derivative of $\left(4x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 - \frac{2}{9}x + 4\right)$.	7.5	CO2
4.	Find the sum of first 10 terms of an increasing arithmetical progression, the sum of whose first 3 terms is 27 and the sum of their squares is 275.	7.5	CO4
5.	Find elasticity of the function $y=a\sqrt{x-b}$.	7.5	CO2
	SECTION-D		
	Answer the following question.		
1.	Integrate the following. a) $\int 2x(x+4)dx$ b) $\int_0^1 (x^2+1)dx$	10	CO2
2.	A manufacturer produces two types of products X and Y. Each products is first processed in machine M_1 and then sent to another machine M_2 for finishing. Each unit of X requires 20 minutes time on machine M_1 and 10 minute time on machine M_2 , whereas each unit of Y requires 10 minutes time on machine M_1 and 20 minutes time on machine M_2 . The total time available on each machine is 600 minutes and is fully utilized in the production of X and Y. Calculate the number of units of two types of products produced by constructing a matrix equation of the form AX=B and then solve it by using Cramer rule.	10	CO3
3.	(a) If $y = \frac{x}{x+2}$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. (b) If $y = (2x^2 + 3x - 2)^7$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ using chain rule.	10	CO2