N	Name: UPES					
Enrolme	ent No: UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE	UNIVERSITY WITH A PURPOSE				
	UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES					
End Semester Examination, December 2019						
Course:Corrosion EngineeringSemester:						
Program:B. Tech (APE Gas)Time 03 hr						
Course Code: MTEG365Max. Marks: 100						
	tions: *The question paper consists of three sections. Answer the questions section wise in the answer be ssume suitable data if necessary	ooklet.				
Note: A	SECTION A					
Answer all questions						
S. No.		Marks	CO			
Q 1	Explain bimetallic corrosion and its prevention.	5	C01			
Q 2	Discuss about corrosion laws.	5	CO2			
Q 3	Explain about polarization and passivity.	5	CO1			
Q 4	Illustrate typical changes in the environment that can prevent corrosion.	5	CO3			
	SECTION B		<u> </u>			
	Answer all questions					
Q 5	Criticize corrosion in soil environment.	10	CO3			
Q 6	Summarize pourbaix diagram for iron in water system.		CO2			
Q 7	Discuss metallurgical failure analysis.	10	CO4			
Q 8	Predict whether zinc (Zn) is stable in aqueous solutions of HCl with pH between 0 and 5. The initial concentration of $ZnCl_2$ is 10^{-6} M. The activity coefficients are assumed 1. The hydrogen pressure is 1 atm.	10	CO2			
SECTION-C						
Answer all questions						
Q 9	Discuss the physical metallurgy of titanium alloys. Explain the mechanical properties and corrosion behavior of titanium in specific environment.	20	CO5			
Q 10	 Derive corrosion potential and corrosion current. Consider iron in a solution with a pH of 7 saturated with oxygen and a partial pressure of oxygen, P₀₂ = 1atm. Calculate the corrosion current and the corrosion 					
	potential. Additional information: $[Fe^{2+}] = 0.7 \text{ M}, P_{O_2} = 1 \text{ atm}$ $B_a = 0.08 \text{V/decade}, \beta_c = -0.11 \text{ V/decade}$ $i_{Fe}^o = 10^{-5} \text{ A/cm}^2, i_{OH^-}^o = 10^{-6} \text{ A/cm}^2$	(10+10)	CO3			

	Electrode Reaction	e ^o (V vs SHE	T) $\left(\frac{dE^o}{dT}\right) \times 10^3 \left(\frac{V}{o_c}\right)$
Li ⁺ Li	$Li^+ + e^- = Li$		0.534
Rb ⁺ Rb	$Rb^++e^-=Rb$	-2.925	—1.245
$Cs^+ Cs$	$Cs^+ + e^- = Cs$	-2.923	—1.197
$\mathbf{K}^+ \mathbf{K}$	$K^{+}+e^{-}=K$		
Ra ²⁺ Ra	$Ra^{2+}+2e^{-}=Ra$	-2.916	0.59
Ba ²⁺ Ba	$Ba^{2+}+2e^{-}=Ba$	2.906	0.395
Ca ²⁺ Ca	$Ca^{2+}+2e^{-}=Ca$		0.175
Na ⁺ Na	$Na^+ + e^- = Na$		0.772
La ³⁺ La	$La^{3+}+3e^{-}=La$	-2.522	+0.085
$Mg^{2+} Mg$	$Mg^{2+}+2e^{-}=Mg$	-2.363	+0.103
Be ²⁺ Be	$Be^{2+}+2e^{-}=Be$		+0.565
Al ³⁺ Al	$Al^{3+}+3e^{-}=Al$	-1.662	+0.504
Ti ²⁺ Ti	$Ti^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Ti$	-1.628	-
$Zr^{4+} Zr$	$Zr^{4+} + 4e^{-} = Zr$	-1.529	-
$V^{2+} V$	$V^{2+}+2e^{-}=V$	—1.186	-
$Mn^{2+} Mn $	$Mn^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Mn$	-1.180	0.08
$Zn^{2+} Zn$	$Zn^{2+}+2e^{-}=Zn$	0.762	+0.09
Cr ³⁺ Cr	$Cr^{3+}+3e^{-}=Cr$	0.744	+0.468
$SbO_2^- Sb$	$SbO_2^-+2H_2O+3e^-=Sb+4OH^-$	0.670	-
Ga ³⁺ Ga	$Ga^{3+}+3e^{-}=Ga$	0.529	+0.67
$S^{2-} S$	$S + 2e^{-} = S^{2-}$	0.510	-
Fe ²⁺ Fe	$Fe^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Fe$	0.440	+0.052
$Cr^{3+}, Cr^{2+} Pt$	$Cr^{3+} + e^{-} = Cr^{2+}$	0.408	-
$Cd^{2+} Cd$	$Cd^{2+}+2e^{-}=Cd$	0.402	0.093
$Ti^{3+}, Ti^{2+} Pt$	$Ti^{3+} + e^{-} = Ti^{2+}$	0.369	-
$Tl^+ Tl$	$Tl^+ + e^- = Tl$	0.336	—1.327
Co ²⁺ Co	$Co^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Co$	0.277	+0.06
Ni ²⁺ Ni	$Ni^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Ni$	0.250	+0.06
Mo ³⁺ Mo	$Mo^{3+}+3e^{-}=Mo$	0.20	-
$Sn^{2+} Sn$	$Sn^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Sn$	0.138	0.282
Pb ²⁺ Pb	$Pb^{2+} + 2e^{-} = Pb$	0.126	0.451
Ti ⁴⁺ , Ti ³⁺ Pt	$Ti^{4+} + e^{-} = Ti^{3+}$	0.040	-
H^+ , $H_2 Pt$	$H^+ + e^- = \frac{1}{2} H_2$	T0.000	T0.000
			$(+0.871)^{m}$
$Sn^{4+}, Sn^{2+} Pt$	$Sn^{4+} + 2e^{-} = Sn^{2+}$	+0.015	-
$Cu^{2+}, Cu^+ Pt$	$Cu^{2+} + e^{-} = Cu^{+}$	+0.153	+0.073
Cu ²⁺ Cu	$Cu^{2+}+2e^{-}=Cu$ E2(CN) ³⁻ + $e^{-}=E_{2}(CN)^{4-}$	+0.337	+0.008
$ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}^{3-}, \operatorname{Fe}\\ (\mathrm{CN})_{6}^{4-} \mathrm{Pt} \end{array} \end{array} $	$Fe(CN)_{6}^{3-} + e^{-} = Fe(CN)_{6}^{4-}$	+0.360	-
OH , O ₂ Pt	$\frac{1}{2}$ O ₂ + H ₂ O+ 2e ⁻ = 2OH ⁻	+0.401	0.440
$Cu^+ Cu$	$Cu^+ + e^- = Cu$	+0.521	0.058
I— I ₂ , Pt	$I_2 + 2e^- = 2I^-$	+0.535	0.148
$\begin{array}{c} Mn Q_{\bar{4}},\\ Mn Q_{4}^{2-} Pt \end{array}$	$MnO_{4}^{-} + e^{-} = MnO_{4}^{2-}$	+0.564	-
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Table: Standard Electrode Potentials at 25 $^\circ C$ and Their Isothermal Temperature Coefficients