Name:

Enrolment No:

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2019

SECTION A [20 marks]

Course: B.Tech Applied Petroleum + Sp Upstream

Programme: Petro. Exp-Geological & Geophysical Methods

Semester: V Code: PEGS 3001 Max. Marks: 100

Time: 03 hrs. Instructions:

S. No.										Marks	СО
Q 1	Classify the petroleum source rocks based on their hydrocarbon generation potential.							al.	5	CO1	
Q 2	Mention how to calculate original HI and OI from rock eval data.								5	CO1	
Q 3	Calculate the porosity of the formation if the P wave velocity in the water saturated formation and matrix is 2500 m/sec and 3000 m/sec respectively. (Given: Velocity of P wave in water is 1450m/sec).								5	CO6	
Q 4	Briefly describe about Geomagnetism.									5	CO4
				SECTIO	N B [10	x4=40 m	arks]				
Q 5	Discuss different methods to separate gravity anomalies.								10	CO2	
Q 6	Define Larmour Frequency. Briefly describe the working of Proton Precession Magnetometer and Magnetic data acquisition.								10	CO4	
<i>Q</i> 7	 The following data are given for the X Oil Field: [Area = 26,700 acres Net productive thickness = 49 ft Porosity = 8% Average Sw = 45% Initial reservoir pressure, pi = 2980 psia Abandonment pressure, pa = 300 psia Bo at pi = 1.68 bbl/STB Bo at pa = 1.15 bbl/STB Sg at pa = 34% Sor after water invasion = 20%] Calculate the following: 1) Initial oil in place 2) Oil in place after volumetric depletion to abandonment pressure 3) Oil in place after water invasion at initial pressure. Discuss your answers 						0 after	10	CO5		
Q8	 (a) Explain ho petrolifero (b) Trace elen Interpret tl Justify you Sample 1 2 	ow to de ous basin nent cor he types	etermine n. nposition of kerog	the prove	enance of gen from	f organic Niger De	rich shales elta are giv	s in a		5+5=10	CO3

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	OR					
Q8	 a) Describe the stages of geochemical prospecting for hydrocarbon. b) Analyze the significance of micro and macro seepages in new petroleum prospect identification. 	5+5=10	CO3			
	SECTION-C [20x2=40 marks]					
Q 9	 (a) Elaborate how the geological factors control the reservoir quality. (b) Illustrate the techniques of facies analysis and identify the challenges. (c) Analyze how the shape of logs can help in identification of reservoir facies and interpretation of depositional environment. (d) Refer the log image and answer the questions below: (i) Identify the subsurface lithology and analyze different facies. (ii) Analyze the reservoir zones, calculate shaliness and assess the reservoir quality 	4+4+4+8=20	COS			

Q10	A seismic survey carried out over an area for an oil company. They found the velocity variation in three different layers as 3.2km/s, 6.8km/s and 4.5km/s respectively. Consider the amplitude of incident wave as unity and density of all the layers as 2.7g/cm ³ , depth to the first and second interfaces are 600m and 1500m respectively and that there is no geometrical spreading, attenuation, or scattering. Construct the seismic record of amplitude versus time of the arrival of first three waves in the geophone.	20				
	OR					
Q10	 Seabird Exploration, a global provider for high-end seismic services, require doing a seismic survey for an oil company. As a global company, they want to ensure best quality results and for that, they believe in better acquisition. Therefore, they contacted you for designing the survey. Construct the report defining: a) Significance of survey design. [4] b) Formation of database. [6] c) Optimization of parameters. [6] d) Type of spread. [4] 	4+6+6+4= 20	CO6			