| Name: <br> Enrolment No: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course: PHYSICS I Semester: I <br> Course Code: PHYS1020  <br> Programme: BTech : APE UP, APE Gas, CERP, Mechanical Max. Marks: 100 <br> Time: 03 hrs.  <br> Instructions: All questions are compulsory (Q9 and Q11 have internal choice)  <br> Total pages: 2  |  |  |  |
| SECTION A |  |  |  |
| S. No. |  | Marks | CO |
| Q1. | Two coherent beams of wavelength $5000 \AA$ reaching a point would individually produce intensities 1.44 and 4.00 units. If they reach there together, the intensity is 0.9 units. Calculate the lowest phase difference between the beams. | 4 | CO1 |
| Q2. | Calculate de Broglie wavelength of a relativistic electron moving with 0.2 c speed. | 4 | CO3 |
| Q3. | Obtain the expectation value of momentum for ground state of a particle in 1-D box. | 4 | CO3 |
| Q4. | Explain Bragg's law for X-ray diffraction. | 4 | CO4 |
| Q5. | Determine the Miller indices of a plane parallel to the z-axis, which cut intercepts of 2 and $2 / 3$ along $x$-axis and $y$-axis respectively. | 4 | CO4 |
| SECTION B |  |  |  |
| Q6. | Describe absorption, spontaneous emission, and stimulated emission and establish a relationship between Einstein A and B coefficients. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q7. | Describe step and Graded index optical fibers demonstrating the propagation of light ray in both the types. Prove that the distance between two successive reflections is $\sqrt{\left(\frac{n_{1}{ }^{2}}{(N A)^{2}}-1\right)}$, where $d$ is the core diameter, $n_{1}$ is the core refractive index and $N A$ is numerical aperture. | 10 | CO1 |
| Q8. | What do you understand by Atomic Packing Factor (APF)? Obtain APF for FCC and BCC structures. | 10 | CO4 |
| Q9. | An X ray photon is scattered by a target material. Obtain an expression for the shift in wavelength created for the incoming and outgoing photon. <br> OR <br> Define pair production and show that it cannot occur in free space, also find the minimum energy required for pair production to occur. | 10 | $\mathrm{CO3}$ |


| SECTION-C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q10. | (a) Write the Differential form of Maxwell's equation in final form and using these equations obtain the electromagnetic wave equation in free space. <br> (b) Find the displacement current density in a region where the electric field is $\boldsymbol{E}=10 \sin \left(1.0 \times 10^{10} t-1.57 \times 10^{7} x\right) \boldsymbol{j} \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{m}$ <br> (c) Discuss the Uncertainty Principle for microscopic particles and enlist some of its applications | 10 5 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CO} 2 \\ & \mathrm{CO} 2 \\ & \mathrm{CO} \end{aligned}$ |
| Q11. | (a) Give the construction and working of a Solar Cell. <br> (b) A proton and an electron have same de-Broglie wavelength. Which of them moves faster and which possess more kinetic energy? Justify your answer. <br> OR <br> (a) Derive the expression for the eigenvalue and eigen function of a particle of rest mass $m_{0}$, trapped in a one dimensional box of length $L$. <br> (b) Discuss the properties of a well-behaved wave function. Find the probability of finding a particle trapped in a 1 D box of length $L$, between $0.25 L$ to $0.5 L$, in its ground state. | 10 10 10 10 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CO} \\ & \mathrm{CO} \\ & \mathrm{CO} \\ & \mathrm{CO} \end{aligned}$ |

Physical constants: $h=6.63 \times 10^{-34} \mathrm{~J}-s, c=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}, k_{B}=1.38 \times 10^{-23} \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{K}, \mu_{0}=4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{m}$

$$
\varepsilon_{0}=8.854 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{m} \text {, mass of proton }=1.6726 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{Kg}
$$

