Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2019

Course: POLITICAL SCIENCE- II

Semester: II Programme: BA PPA CC: BAPP 1005 Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

SECTION A 10*2=20 M

Questions 1-10 is COMPULSORY. It carries 2 MARKS EACH.

MATCH THE FOLLOWING

Sl.No.	A		В	
1.	Immanuel Kant	A	Common Wealth	CO1
2.	Rousseau	В	Mandala Theory	CO1
3.	William Jones	С	Earl of Shaftesbury	CO1
4.	Aristotle	D	Perpetual Peace: A Philosophical Sketch	CO1
5.	John Stuart Mill	Е	Aggrandisement Doctrine	CO1
6.	Lord Ashley	F	State is Plurality	CO1
7.	Kautilya	G	Social Democracy	CO1
8.	Thomas Hobbes	Н	Confessions	CO1
9.	Ambedkar	Ι	Defence of Benthamism	CO1
10.	Machiavelli	J	Manusmriti	CO1

SECTION B

	Short answer questions. Describe any FOUR.	4*5	20
11	What is the doctrine of Rechtsstaat?	5	CO1, CO3
12	What are the three types of Liberty, according to J.S. Mill?	5	CO1

13	Explain the 'Political Contract' by Locke?	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
14	How has Aristotle classified State? Which is the best and worst forms of government?	5	CO1
15	Define Plato's theory of Justice	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
	SECTION-C Descriptive type questions. Answer any TWO	2*15	30
16	Differentiate between Thomas Hobbes' and John Locke's idea of human nature.	15	CO1, CO2
17	What is the theory of Law, State and Liberty according to Rousseau?	15	CO1 CO2
18	What are the two definitions of Mill's concept of Liberty and what are the dangers to it?	15	CO1, CO2, CO3
	SECTION-D Analytical type Questions. Answer any TWO	2*15	30
19	What is Ambedkar's concept of Social Democracy? Why is it relevant today?	15	CO1, CO2, CO3
20	What are the seven components of State and functions of State according to Kautilya's Arthashastra? Describe in detail.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3
21	What does Manusmriti contain and what are the major criticisms raised against it?	15	CO1, CO2, CO3

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SECTION A 10*2=20 M

Questions 1-10 is COMPULSORY. It carries 2 MARKS EACH.

Sl.No.		
1.	Where was Aristotle born?	C
2.	What does Renaissance mean?	C
3.	If motion of particles is the Stimulus, what is the response, according to Hobbes?	C
4.	Name the scientific method Hobbes used in his study	C
5.	Where was Machiavelli born in Italy?	C
6.	Name the famous book written by Aristotle	C
7.	The best form of Government according to Aristotle is?	C
8.	Whose idealized picture is Machiavelli's The Prince?	C
9.	What was the academic institution of Plato called?	C
10.	State is a living organism, individuals its organs. Who said?	C

SECTION B

	Short answer questions. Describe any FOUR.	4*5	20
11	Define Machiavelli's idea on human nature.	5	CO1, CO3
12	What is the methodology that Hobbes employed?	5	CO1

13	What is Aristotle's theory of revolution and his tips for preventing it?	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
14	Describe Arthashastra's major political principles.	5	CO1
15	What are Manu's major concerns in Manusmrithi?	5	CO1, CO2, CO3
	SECTION-C Descriptive type questions. Answer any TWO	2*15	30
16	What is the theory of Law, State and Liberty according to Rousseau?	15	CO1, CO2
17	Differentiate between Thomas Hobbes' and John Locke's idea of state of nature.	15	CO1 CO2
18	Explain the contributions of Immanuel Kant in Political theory.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3
	SECTION-D		
	Analytical type Questions. Answer any TWO	2*15	30
19	What is Ambedkar's concept of Social Democracy? Why is it relevant today?	15	CO1, CO2, CO3
20	How has Aristotle differentiated his political thinking from his teacher, Plato?	15	CO1, CO2, CO3
21	Every political thinker is the child of his time. Validate this statement with regard to Machiavelli.	15	CO1, CO2, CO3