UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES SCHOOL OF BUSINESS **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MAY, 2019**

Course: Petroleum Law, Policy Program: BBA OG Course Code: BDSM 122

Time: 03 Hours Max Marks: 100

Attempt all four parts (A,B,C,D)

Part-A (20 Marks)

Q.1. Attempt 10 (Furnish requisite information, say "	'Yes or No", fill up the blanks.	(C01)
---	----------------------------------	-------

- i. Under which law, land is acquired for laying pipelines for transportation of petroleum? ii.
- Refining of petroleum is covered under Act......... / Rules
- Which law says that petroleum industry has to be under central Govt. iii.
- Pollution of sea by oil is governed under iv.
- D.G.H. stands for v.
- vi. Flash point of any petroleum means
- O.I.S.D stands for vii.
- What is role for P.C.R.A (Petroleum Conservation Research Association). viii.
- What does prospecting mean in petroleum industry. ix.
- Ports into which petroleum may be imported are approved by X.
- Which law is also relevant if petroleum to be explored in forest area. xi.
- Under which entry of Indian constitution laws on regulation and development of oil xii. fields are promulgated.

Part-B (20 Marks)

Q.2. Attempt any 4.

- i. Steps for refining of petroleum **CO2**
- ii. Functions of petronet. LNG **CO2**
- What is mining lease and mineral oils as per oil fields (Regulation and iii. Development) Act, 1948.
- What are safety guidelines for preventing escape of petroleum (Rule 9) and iv. restrictions on loading/unloading by night (Rule 32) of petroleum rules 2002. CO2
- Bill of lading **CO1** v.

Part-C (30 Marks) (Any 3)

- i. What are the steps for acquisition of land for laying pipelines under petroleum and minerals pipelines (Acquisition of right of user in land) act, 1962. CO3
- ii. Mention 3 clauses of each type (operational, fiscal and legal) of model production sharing contract for exploration of petroleum. What is the role of management committee and the operator.
- iii. What are functions and powers of petroleum and natural gas regulatory board (S. 11 of the act) CO3
- iv. What are objective of explosives Act, 1884. Explain section 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D. 6E, 6F of the Act.

Part-D (30 Marks) (Any 3)

Supreme Court Judgements on petroleum law:

- i. If right of user of land has vested in the govt. for laying pipelines for transporting petroleum, it shall be lawful to use the same for transporting minerals i.e. water. Explain the supreme court judgement Ichchapur Industrial co.opt society ltd. versus competent authority O.N.G.C. (1997)2 SCC 42
- ii. State of Assam was competent to levy central sale tax for supply of crude oil by ONGC from Assam to refinenes in Bihar (1976)4 SCC 42.
- iii. Extension of lease for a period of 20 years in respect B.P.C.L. (formerly Burmah shell was governed by Burmah shell Acquisition of undertaking Act, 1976) and not by Transfer of property Act, 1882.BPCL. V.P Kesavan (2004) 9 SCC 772
- iv. Observations of supreme court in the case of termination of petrol pump dealership of Allied motors Pvt Ltd by BPCL arbitrarily.
 Allied motors Ltd Versus BPCL (2012) 2 SCC 1

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES SCHOOL OF BUSINESS END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MAY, 2019

Course: Petroleum Law, Policy Program: BBA OG Course Code: BDSM 122

Time: 03 Hours Max Marks: 100

Attempt all four parts (A,B,C,D)

	Part-A (20 Marks)		
Q.1. Atte	mpt 10 (Furnish requisite information, say "Yes o	or No", fill up the blanks. CO1	
xiii.	What is main object of oil industry developmen	t act, 1974	
xiv.	What do specification of petroleum mean?		
XV.	If sea is polluted by oil which law is brought into force.		
xvi.	What is petroleum class" C"		
xvii.	. Which apparatus is used for testing petroleum?		
xviii.	i. Which law says petroleum is an essential commodity.		
xix.	Marketing of petroleum is governed under		
XX.	Wastes from petroleum exploration are dealt with under rule 1989.		
xxi.	Import of petroleum is covered under rules		
xxii.	HPCL stands for		
xxiii.	What is GAIL. When it was set up, what its main functions		
xxiv.	Uninterrupted supply of petroleum is all parts of the country is to be ensured		
	by		
	Part-B (20 Marks)		
Q.2. Atte	mpt any 4.		
vi.	Steps for refining of petroleum	CO2	
vii.	Functions of petronet. LNG	CO2	
viii.	What is mining lease and mineral oils as per oil fields (Regulation and		
	Development) Act, 1948.	CO2	
ix.	What are safety guidelines for preventing escap	e of petroleum (Rule 9) and	
	restrictions on loading/unloading by night (Rul		
Х.	Bill of lading	CO1	

Part-C (30 Marks) (Any 3)

- v. Objectives of PNGRB Act 2006, what is the constitution of regulatory board, give any 3 functions of the board.
- vi. Bill of lading & letter of credit.

CO2

- vii. Objectives of explosive act 1884, explain various parts of section 6 of the act. CO3
- viii. Model production sharing contract.

CO3

Part-D (30 Marks) (Any 3)

Supreme Court Judgements on petroleum law:

- v. Termination of petrol pumps dealership of allied motars pvt. Ltdby BPCL. Explain observation of supreme court 2012 2scc 1 (allied motars versus BPCL) CO4
- vi. Allotment of retail outlets for petrol pumps by ministry of petroleum was found arbitrary by supreme court of india. Explain (1996) 6scc593(common cause registered society versus union of india) CO4
- vii. Explain as to whether law of natural gas could be promulgated by state of Gujarat (2004) 4scc.489(association of natural gas consuming industries of Gujarat versus ONGC)
- viii. Water is mineral and can be transported through pipelines laid by acquiring land under petroleum and mineral pipelines (acquisition of right of user in land) act 1986 (1997) 2 scc42 ichchapur industrial society ltd. Versus competent authority.

CO4