Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



**Semester: VIII** 

**Course Code: LLBL 485** 

## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

**End Semester Examination, May 2019** 

**Course: Corporate Tax & Planning** 

**Program: B Com LLB (Hons) Taxation Laws 2017** 

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 03 hrs.

**Instructions : All questions are compulsory** 

S. No	Section A Multiple Choice Questions	Marks	CO
Q1.	The total income tax payable by an individual assessee including	education 2	CO1
	cess on a income of Rs.11,00,000 for assessment year 2019- 20 is	3	
	a. 1,42,500		
	b. 1,46,775		
	c. 2,75,000		
	d. None of these		
Q2.	received from a domestic company is exempt from	rom tax. 2	CO 1
	a. Dividend		
	b. Rent		
	c. Interest		
	d. None of these		
Q3	capital loss can be set off from both long term and	d short term 2	CO 2
	capital gain.		
	a. Long term		
	b. Short term		
	c. Either a or b		
	d. None of these		
Q4	There cannot be loss under the head income from	2	CO 1
	a. Salaries		
	b. Capital Gain		
	c. House Property		
	d. Business or Profession		
Q5	If an assessee is of the age of sixty years or more at any time duri		CO 2
	previous year and does not have income under the head "profits a	nd gains of	
	Business or Profession" then he is not liable to pay		
	a. Income tax		
	b. Advance tax		
	c. Both of above		
	d. None of these		
	SECTION B $(2 \times 10 = 20)$	/	
Q6	Explain the provisions relating to set off and carry forward of los	ses. 10	CO 2
Q7	What do you mean by double taxation. What are the forms in whi	ch relief can 10	CO 3
	be granted to a tax payer.		

SECTION C $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		
The income of an individual from business is Rs.6,00,000 and agricultural	5	CO 3
<u> </u>		
· ·		
•	5	CO 3
Income from other sources Rs.18,000		
Capital Gain		
Short Term Loss Rs.2,000		
Long Term Loss Rs.25,000		
Explain the objectives of Tax Planning.	5	CO 2
What do you mean by tax management. Explain its elements.	5	CO 2
SECTION D $(2 \times 25 = 50 \text{ Marks})$		
An individual assessee has estimated that he will earn a taxable income of	25	CO 3
Rs.10,00,000 during the current financial year 2019 - 2020. The assessing		
officer is also aware of this estimated income and accordingly the assessing		
officer served a notice to assessee demanding advance tax. Is the assessing		
officer justified. Comment as an Tax consultant.		
Also explain the provisions relating to advance payment of tax.		
An individual assessee has earned a gross total income of Rs.10,00,000 from	25	CO 3
all the five heads of income in the financial year 2017 - 2018. He had invested		
	The income of an individual from business is Rs.6,00,000 and agricultural income is Rs.40,000 for the previous year 2017 - 18. Determine his tax liability.  Calculate total income of X for the assessment year 2018 - 19 Income from house property Loss Rs.12,000 Income from other sources Rs.18,000 Capital Gain Short Term Loss Rs.2,000 Long Term Loss Rs.25,000 Explain the objectives of Tax Planning.  What do you mean by tax management. Explain its elements.  SECTION D (2 x 25 = 50 Marks)  An individual assessee has estimated that he will earn a taxable income of Rs.10,00,000 during the current financial year 2019 - 2020. The assessing officer is also aware of this estimated income and accordingly the assessing officer served a notice to assessee demanding advance tax. Is the assessing officer justified. Comment as an Tax consultant.  Also explain the provisions relating to advance payment of tax.	The income of an individual from business is Rs.6,00,000 and agricultural income is Rs.40,000 for the previous year 2017 - 18. Determine his tax liability.  Calculate total income of X for the assessment year 2018 - 19  Income from house property Loss Rs.12,000  Income from other sources Rs.18,000  Capital Gain  Short Term Loss Rs.2,000  Long Term Loss Rs.25,000  Explain the objectives of Tax Planning.  What do you mean by tax management. Explain its elements.  5  SECTION D  (2 x 25 = 50 Marks)  An individual assessee has estimated that he will earn a taxable income of Rs.10,00,000 during the current financial year 2019 - 2020. The assessing officer is also aware of this estimated income and accordingly the assessing officer served a notice to assessee demanding advance tax. Is the assessing officer justified. Comment as an Tax consultant.  Also explain the provisions relating to advance payment of tax.  An individual assessee has earned a gross total income of Rs.10,00,000 from all the five heads of income in the financial year 2017 - 2018. He had invested Rs.2,00,000 in life insurance premium plans and claimed a deduction of the same. Thus, he paid tax on remaining income of Rs.8,00,000 as per the applicable rates. Is the assessee justified. If not, Prepare a correct statement of

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## UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May 2019

**Course: Corporate Tax & Planning** 

Semester: VIII

**Program: B Com LLB (Hons) Taxation Laws 2017** 

**Course Code: LLBL 485** 

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 03 hrs.

**Instructions : All questions are compulsory** 

S. No	Section A Multiple Choice Questions	Marks	CO
Q1.	The total income tax payable by an individual assessee including education cess on a income of Rs.12,00,000 for assessment year 2019- 20 is a. 1,72,500 b. 1,77,675 c. 2,75,000 d. None of these	2	CO 1
Q2.	Dividend received from a domestic company is	2	CO 1
Q3	Short term capital loss can be set off from	2	CO 2
Q4	There can be a loss under the head income from a. Salaries b. Capital Gain c. House Property d. Both b and c	2	CO 1
Q5	If an assessee is of the age of sixty years or less at any time during the previous year and has income under all heads except income from "profits and gains of Business or Profession" then he is liable to pay a. Income tax b. Advance tax c. Both of above d. None of these	2	CO 2
	SECTION B $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		
Q6	What are the objectives of Tax Planning.	10	CO 2
Q7	Explain the meaning of tax management. Also explain its elements.	10	CO 3
	SECTION C $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		
Q8	An assessee is entitled to set off loss from one source against income from other sources or heads. In the light of this statement, explain the provisions relating to set off and carry forward of losses.	10	CO 3

Q9	An assessee cannot pay double tax on same income earned in foreign country	10	CO 2
	as well in domestic country. In the light of this statement explain what are the		
	forms in which relief can be granted to a tax payer from double taxation.		
	SECTION D $(2 \times 25 = 50 \text{ Marks})$		
Q10	Ram an individual assessee has estimated that he will earn a taxable income of	25	CO 3
	Rs.13,00,000 during the current financial year 2019 - 2020. The assessing		
	officer is also aware of this estimated income and accordingly the assessing		
	officer served a notice to assessee demanding advance tax. Is the assessing		
	officer justified. Comment as an Tax consultant.		
	Also explain the provisions relating to advance payment of tax.		
Q11	Mohan an individual assessee has earned a gross total income of Rs.9,00,000	25	CO 3
	from all the five heads of income in the financial year 2017 - 2018. He had		
	invested Rs.2,50,000 in life insurance premium plans and claimed a deduction		
	of the same. Thus, he paid tax on remaining income of Rs.6,50,000 as per the		
	applicable rates. Is the assessee justified. If not, Prepare a correct statement of		
	income and tax payable on it.		