

# UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, December 2017

Program: M.TECH. NST Subject (Course): NUCLEAR POWER ENGINEERING Course Code : NSAT 8005 No. of page/s: 02 Semester – III Max. Marks : 100 Duration : 3 Hrs

## <u>SECTION – A (4 x 5M)</u>

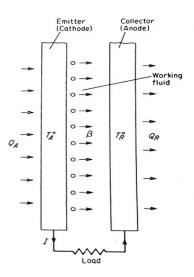
- Q.1 Explain categorization of nuclear power plants according to: (a) Purpose (b) Enrichment level
- Q.2 Draw and explain structure of Pressurized Heavy Water Reactor (PHWR).
- Q.3 Match the following: A. KK-1 & 2 1. PHWR B. MAPS 2. FBR C. PFBR 3. PWR
- Q.4 Draw a flowchart describing the complete atomic regulatory framework of India.

### **SECTION – B (4 x 10M)**

Q.5 (a) For the map below, name the nuclear sites and give specifications of each site.



(b) Identify the type of energy converter as shown below and discuss.



- Q.6 Under direct capital costs, elucidate the following: (i) Structures and site facilities (ii) Reactor Equipment
- Q.7 Explain chemical shim control and write the formula for Boron worth (W<sub>B</sub>).
- Q.8 Explain the following: (a) Doppler effect (b) Sodium loss reactivity

### <u>SECTION - C (2 x 2M)</u>

Q.9 For an open system, chalk down the necessary derivations according to following First law equation:

 $PE_1 + KE_1 + IE_1 + FE_1 + \Delta Q = PE_2 + KE_2 + IE_2 + FE_2 + \Delta W_{sf}$ where subscripts 1 & 2 denotes input and output respectively.

Q.10 For the following set of equations, discuss the modifications done for safety calculations by taking reactor power density into account.

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = \frac{\rho - \bar{\beta}}{\Lambda} n + \sum_{i=1}^{6} \lambda_i C_i$$
$$\frac{dC_i}{dt} = \frac{\bar{\beta}_i}{\Lambda} n - \lambda_i C_i \quad (i = 1 \text{ to } 6)$$

where n = neutron density ( $n/\text{cm}^3$ ),

 $C_i$  = delayed neutron precursor concentration for the *i*th group (precursors/cm<sup>3</sup>),  $\rho = (k-1)/k = \delta k/k$  = reactivity,

 $\overline{\beta}$  = effective delayed neutron fraction,

 $\overline{\beta_i}$  = effective delayed neutron fraction for the *i*th group,

- $\Lambda$  = neutron generation time (s),
- $\lambda_i$  = decay constant for the *i*th delayed neutron group (s<sup>-1</sup>).



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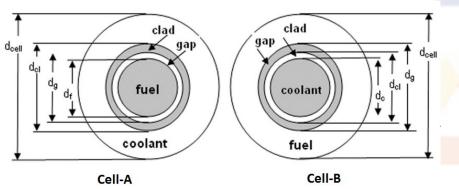
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## <u>SECTION – A (4 x 5M)</u>

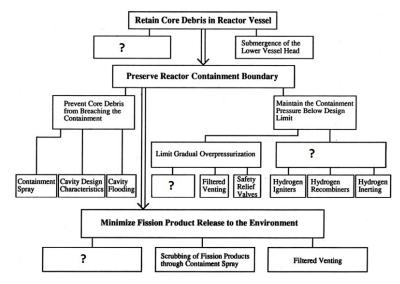
- Q.1 Draw and explain structure of a Boiling Water Reactor (BWR).
- Q.2 Highlight the importance of GDWP (Gravity Driven water pool) in Advanced Heavy Water Reactor (AHWR).
- Q.3 Discuss categorization of nuclear power plants according to:
  (a) Neutron Energy
  (b) Moderator
- Q.4 Discuss principle PWR design challenges : reduction in capital, O & M cost, and spent fuel inventory.

### **SECTION – B (4 x 10M)**

- Q.5 Regarding India's 3 stage nuclear program, discuss the various considerations made for stage-1, stage-2 & stage-3 respectively.
- Q.6 For the equivalent annulus representation as shown below, name and discuss the cell-A, cell-B.



Q.7 Identify '?' in below flowchart and discuss.

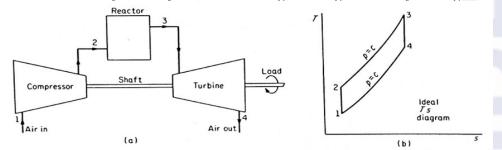


## Prevent Fission Product Release to the Environment

Q.8 Explain (a) HTGR (b) GCR

### <u>SECTION – C (2 x 2M)</u>

Q.9 Discuss the thermodynamic cycle with following T-S diagram and cycle diagram.



Q.10 
$$PE_1 + KE_1 + IE_1 + FE_1 + \Delta Q = PE_2 + KE_2 + IE_2 + FE_2 + \Delta W_{sf}$$
  
where subscripts 1 & 2 denotes input and output respectively.

For an open system with First law equation above, analyze following systems.

- (a) Steam generator
- (b) Gas/steam turbine
- (c) Water/incompressible fluid pump
- (d) Nozzle